NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXVIII. No. 22738. Registered at the C.P.O. SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1938 (Postage: China and Japan 1½ cents; abroad 15 cents.) TEN CENTS

東京帝國大學法學部研究室

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Swedish citizen KARL EMIL ESKIL KARLSSON, bachelor, missionary, born on March 15, 1906 in the parish of Tystberga, County of Södermanland, Kingdom of Sweden, now residing at Wuchai, Shansi, China, and the Swedish citizen EMMA ELISABET ANDERSSON, spinster, missionary, born on November 3, 1901 in the parish of Balinge, County of Södermanland, Kingdom of Sweden, now residing at Wuchai, Shansi, China, intend to contract marriage, and that any just cause why they should not be joined in matrimony, must be declared before the undersigned not later than June 28, 1938.

ERIK KRONVALL,
Acting Consul General.

Shanghai, in the Royal Swedish Consulate General, May 31, 1938.

15027

NOTIFICATION No. 4957

HONGKEW MARKET

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that former occupants of Hongkew Market who wish to return and resume business should, within a month from this date, register at the Branch Health Office at the corner of Tsepoo and North Fokien Roads.

By Order.

T. W. GUBB,
Acting Secretary.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, May 31, 1938. 15030

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

Periodical Investment Deposits

Deposits carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be received at the Loans and Banking Office, Finance Department, Room 257, Administration Building, 209 Kiangse Road on the following days:—

Wednesday,	June 1
Friday,	June 3
Saturday,	June 4

Fixed Deposits

The Bank is open for the receipt of Fixed Deposits for six and twelve months carrying interest at the rate of 5 per cent. and 6 per cent. per annum respectively under the terms of Municipal Notification No. 4911 each day on which the Council's offices are open for public business.

Further information may be obtained from the Treasurer and Controller, Administration Building. 14969

IMPORTANT NOTICE

TO CONSIGNEES OF CARGO LANDED AT HONGKONG EX MS. "SHANTUNG" AND MS. "DELHI" IN AUGUST, 1937:

The transfer of the remaining cargo ex the above vessels commenced on May 30, 1938 and will now be stored at the Kowloon Godown Co.'s rented godown.

Storage will be charged at this Company's tariff rate from date of entry.

THE EKMAN FOREIGN AGENCIES LTD.,
Agents,
THE SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

15028

THE NEW ENGINEERING AND SHIPBUILDING WORKS, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

PREFERENCE SHARES

Preference Shareholders are reminded that the last date for sending in their application for conversion of Preference Shares into Ordinary Shares, in accordance with the Circular dated April 14, is June 15, 1938.

THE NEW ENGINEERING & SHIPBUILDING WORKS, LTD.,
ARNHOLD & COMPANY, LTD.,
Secretaries & General Managers.

14996

SHANGHAI STOCK EXCHANGE

This Exchange will be closed for the transaction of business on Thursday, June 2, 1938.

E. H. PARROTT,
Secretary.

Shanghai, May 31, 1938. 15025

ADDRESSES

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Gibbings
Passage 81, 19 Route Kaufmann
Telephone 70333

SHANGHAI SHOE MANUFACTURING COMPANY
(Karl Loewenstein)

formerly 21 Boone Road, respectively 127 Seymour Road, has removed to

972 AVENUE FOCH CORNER WEI-HAI-WEI ROAD

Terminal No. 14 bus. Telephone 30396

-7029

Mme. B. P. GRINGUT

desires to extend thanks to her many friends and patients for their kind wishes and presents given on the 35th Anniversary of her dental practice.

-7054

ANNOUNCEMENT

We have pleasure in announcing the appointment of Mr. N. Greenberg as Assistant Manager of our Company.

RELIANCE MOTORS,
FED. INC. U.S.A.

Shanghai, June 1, 1938. 15034

NOTICE

The Partnership of Messrs. Hekking and Clouth having been dissolved as of June 1, 1938, the firms name has now been changed to

"CLOUTH & CO.,"
Insurance Office

with Mr. Walter R. Clouth as General Manager.

The full responsibility for all Policies issued under the name of "Hekking & Clouth" has been taken over by Messrs. Clouth & Co., who will also be responsible for the settlement of pending claims.

The Office address and telephone numbers remain as heretofore:

169 Yuen Ming Yuen Road,
Ground Floor,
Telephones 14442 and 12706

for CLOUTH & CO.,
INSURANCE OFFICE,
WALTER R. CLOUTH,
General Manager.

Shanghai, June 1, 1938. -7028

HUNGJAO GOLF CLUB

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

The Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Hungjao Golf Club will be held at the Country Club (by courtesy of the Committee thereof) on Friday, June 3, 1938, at 6 p.m. Members desirous of bringing forward a Resolution on any special matter should send same to the Secretary at least seven days before the Meeting

AND

NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN that the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the Hungjao Golf Club called for Friday, June 3, 1938, at 6.30 p.m. is hereby cancelled

AND

NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the Hungjao Golf Club will be held at the Clubhouse on Saturday, June 18, 1938, at 6 p.m. when the Resolution posted in the Clubhouse and posted to the Members will be proposed as a Special Resolution.

By Order of The Committee,
K. M. CUMMING,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Shanghai, June 1, 1938. 14998

HUNGJAO AREA ASSOCIATION

INOCULATION

On and after June 7, 1938, no person will be allowed to enter the Hungjao Area unless he can produce a certificate stating that he has been inoculated against cholera. The Public Health Office in Hankow Road, between Shantung Road and Shanse Road, is prepared to supply the necessary certificate.

K. M. CUMMING,
Secretary and Treasurer.

15038

THE AUTO PALACE CO., LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

DIRECTORS' REPORT
and
STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS
for the
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1937.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the eighth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held in the offices of Messrs. Wheelock & Co., 2-3 French Bund, Shanghai, on Thursday, June 9, 1938 at 11.45 a.m. to receive and consider the Directors' Report, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet, and to transact the ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from June 2 to June 9, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

F. X. GUTIERREZ,
Secretary.

Shanghai June 1, 1938. 15036

COMPAGNIA ITALIANA DI NAVIGAZIONE S.A.I.

(Chinese Italian Navigation Co. Ltd.)

THE PUBLIC IS HERE INFORMED that at the General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company of January 24, 1938, the following resolutions have been adopted:—

a:—The shares registered under the name of the late Mr. F. Ferrero are transferred into the name of Dr. Cav. G. Costantini;

b:—The Art. 9 of the Articles of Association is modified as follows: Cav. G. F. Righini represents the Company and he signs on behalf of the Board of Directors;

c:—The fiscal year 1937 shall be closed the 30th June 1938.

The above resolutions have been duly approved by the R. Italian Consular Court on February 28, 1938.

"THERE IS A FAIRLY STEADY

output of imaginative literature every year," says a famous publisher. He is probably thinking of seedsmen's catalogues. Baggage insurance may be prosaic but it is a necessity to travellers.

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Afternoon and Sports dresses ..... from $15

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15031

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Tiffin at the Pavillion

It's much cooler there than downtown. You can have that 40 winks in one of our deck chairs. (Jimmy's Food.)

THE PAVILLION

(opposite Jessfield Park)

-7050

A Very Present Help

in time of trouble is the back page of this journal. If you want something (or want to get rid of it) advertise in the Classified Advertisement Columns. They are read by many thousands daily.

TOMATOES

Clean—Safe—Ripe

THE BRITISH FLOWER SHOP
Sassoon House Nanking Road

15032

I. S. S.

As from June 1, 1938, our office hours will be:

from 8 a.m. to 1 p.m.

14997

Dr. A. TARLE

has resumed his practice at Hamilton House, Room 320. Telephone 13417.

Consultations: 4.30-6 p.m.,
Saturdays: 11-12 noon

-7003

SUMMER SPECIAL, 5

Ham and Cheese Toastwich
Vegetable Salad, Pie or Cake
Chocolate Malted Milk

$1.10

JIMMY'S, 133 Nanking Road

-7043

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. T. A. Tremewan, having resigned from our employment, is no longer authorised to negotiate business, sign letters or negotiate documents on our behalf.

JOHN I. THORNYCROFT & CO., LIMITED.

14990

NORGE for REFRIGERATION

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (China), LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
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15008

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EFFICIENT ADMINISTRATION

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Trustee Department 26 The Bund

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Mercantile & Transportation Co.

FED. INC., U.S.A.

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20 Canton Road
Telephone 17935, 17940

Garage:
Lane 21, 126 Szechuen Road
Telephone 12812

15019

EWO BREWERY CO.

Owing to the increased cost of imported raw materials, our price for Bottled Beers, Lager, Munich, and Pilsner will be increased by

One Dollar ($1.00) per case

and on Draught Beer, all three brands, by three (3) cents per litre, to take effect as from June 1, 1938.

Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., *Managers,*
EWO BREWERY CO.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We take pleasure in announcing that Mrs. K. PERRY is now associated with us.

BRUCE S. JENKINS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
113 Kiukiang Road, Telephone 17272

14984

TAILORING

When on home leave place your orders with Mr. J. Woods, tailor and breeches maker, 34 Duke Street (opposite the Royal Academy, Piccadilly), who specialises in the most modern and distinctive garments, as produced in Savile Row. Mr. Woods was formerly in business in Shanghai and Hankow, so is well acquainted with the requirements of conditions and climate in China.

Pasteurized Grade "A"

MILK

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381 Great Western Road
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15003

FRANCHINE TRADING CO.

Established 1930

Wine and Spirit Merchants

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All our wines remain without increase

MURRAY'S "OLD BLENDED" SCOTCH WHISKY
per 12 qts. $52

MURRAY'S "OLD BLENDED" SCOTCH WHISKY
In bulk, Imperial Gallon $23

FRENCH BRANDY V.O. RESERVE
per 12 qts. $48

FRENCH BRANDY V.O. RESERVE
In bulk, Imperial Gallon $22

Price-List and Samples on Application

-7007

Coming Events

JUNE

2 Theosophical Society Open mtg., 75 Jessfield Road, public invited, 6
2 Z. Bitner's Gala Performance "Katja The Dancer," Lt. Op., Lyc., 8.30
3 S.S.P.C.A. Bridge/Mahjongg, A.W.C., 3
3 Rummage Sale, Limbless Fund, U.C. Hall
3 Russian Women's League Ball at Arcadia, 8.30
4 Flag Day, Missions to Seamen
4 A.W.C. Garden Party, 4.30
4 "Katja The Dancer," Lt. Op., Lyc., 8.30
5 "Katja The Dancer," Lt. Op., Lyc., 8.30
10 Y.W.C.A., 30th Anniversary Tea, 4.30
11 Halutzim Ball, S'hai Race Club, 9

Charge for items $1 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

SEXUOLOGICAL CLINIC

Dir. Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
Debility, Gland Disorders, Neurasthenia.
HAMILTON HOUSE, Suite 226
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379

14994

GALVANISED AND BLACK

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14967

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Moderate terms

SAM LAZARO BROS.
232 Nanking Road

15007

EWO GIN

Distilled in England

OBTAINABLE AT ALL COMPRADORE STORES

15004

SHANGHAI FOREIGN EXCHANGE BANKERS ASSOCIATION

DRAGON BOAT FESTIVAL

The Member Banks of the above Association will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on Thursday, June 2, 1938, on account of the above.

14979

ST. FRANCIS SCHOOL

CHEFOO

A Seaside Boarding School for Girls

Conducted by the Franciscan Missionaries of Mary.

School situated in high healthy grounds with gardens, leading to the sea beach. Full facilities for sea bathing and games under careful supervision of the Sisters.

For further information apply to

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The economy car that brings modern performance to the lowest-price field

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EXPORT MAN, with executive ability, thorough knowledge banking/insurance/general office routine, seeks appointment. A1 references. Address Box 3232, N.C.D.N. -7049

OPENING Sale, United Pharmacy, Druggists and Toilet Articles. 321 Szechuen Road, Telephone 19136. -7036

LOST Pair of shell-rimmed spectacles on Tuesday, May 31, between 17 Canton Road and the Bund and Avenue Edward VII. Finder please telephone 14741.

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 14

Maintain Your Reputation

By serving a good brand of whiskey to your guests.

Your choice should be

HARVEY'S WHISKY

At all Compradores and

Lane, Crawford & Co. (Prov.), Ltd.
90 NANKING ROAD—Tel. 11934
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15002

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British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (China), LTD.

878 Bubbling Well Road
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15005

SUMMER SPECIALS, 4

Ham Toastwich
Vegetable Salad, Pie or Cake
Chocolate Malted Milk

$1

JIMMY'S, 11 Rue Montauban

-6990

MEN'S LINEN SUITS
Made to order **from $10**
PALMBEACH SUITS **from $28**

Cut and fitting guaranteed
AUGAN'S TAILOR
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-6989

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EXPOSITION
du Commerce, de l'Industrie, de l'Artisanat et des Beaux-Arts
du 29 octobre au
20 novembre 1938
a HANOI (Tonkin)

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"The Imperial City of Hue"
"The world-famous Ruins of Angkor"

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14136

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"FIVE MONTHS OF WAR"

A complete narrative history of the war from August last.

333 illustrations, including some of Sapajou's best cartoons, price $4.50

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North-China Daily News Office

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Boys and girls accepted as boarders or day pupils for the whole of this time or for a shorter period.

Two hours' work daily: Games, Riding, Swimming

Prospectus on Application B. G. INGE, *Headmaster*

14755

RE-OPENING ANNOUNCEMENT

The Modern Science Library of Japan announces its re-opening as from June 1, 1938, and cordially welcomes the public.

WEST END ESTATES BUILDING
149 Szechuen Road, Shanghai

14995

UNION BREWERY, LTD.

Owing to the increased cost of imported raw materials, our prices for Bottled Beer, Pilsener Light, U.B. Dark and Amber Ale will be increased by

$1.00 (Dollar One) per case

and Draught Beer, U.B. Light and Dark by $0.03 (Three Cents) per litre, to take effect on June 1, 1938.

UNION BREWERY LIMITED

15039

Summer Sale at Elite Art Studio

5 Central Road and 147 Nanking Road

from June 1, up to June 15

DISCOUNT OF 20% ON ALL ARTICLES IN STOCK

SPECIAL PRICES FOR ORDERS

Antiques, laquer screens and cabinets, blackwood furniture. Lamps, Lampshades, brocades, rugs, etc, etc.

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In factory area inside Settlement

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15023

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

T.S.S. "PATROCLUS" 2/6/38

This vessel, having been unavoidably delayed by fog, will be unable to sail until

9 a.m. on Thursday, June 2, 1938

Embarkation Tender is as follows:—
s.l. "SCOT 1" departs from Customs Jetty on

Thursday, June 2, 8 a.m.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Agents

For Those who Ply the Eastern Seas

Between Singapore and Yokohama, the CHINA COASTERS TIDE BOOK is a *vade mecum* of information on all aspects of tides, harbour regulations, astronomical and other data relating to those waters. Published at the popular price of $5, the China Coasters Tide Book and Nautical Pocket Manual for the current year should be in the pocket of every ship's officer.

On sale at the office of the publishers, the North-China Daily News. 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and at all booksellers.

Directory of Missions for 1938

In the Order of Missions under the various Protestant Stations in each Province, with an Alphabetical List of Mission Workers.

68 pp. price $1.50; postage 15 cts.

On Sale at the Offices of the
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
17 The Bund, Shanghai

MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

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The Land Regulations
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Fire Insurance Rules and Rates
Foreign and Local Weights and Measures
Data on Local Materials

On Sale at the
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, SHANGHAI
And All Booksellers

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Refugee Problem:
Industrial Co-operatives Advocated

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In today's leader on "Hongkong's Plight" you comment on the 750,000 refugees already in Hongkong and on the dangers of epidemics there adding that: "It seems a brutal suggestion to make, but it is to be hoped that the authorities will speedily close the frontiers and prevent the further influx of refugees."

Your suggestion is not so brutal as it is timely and intelligent. Every day refugees from Canton, Amoy, Swatow and other coastal cities are flocking into Hongkong, according to your dispatch from Reuter. First it was Shanghai, then the deluging of Kulgansu at Amoy, and now the population is migrating to Hongkong.

Now let us ask a few questions? Who are these people? Why don't they go in the opposite direction? What do they gain by sitting idle in Hongkong and Shanghai instead of going into the interior and sharing the fortunes of war with their own countrymen?

The answers are indicated by these facts: Most of these so-called refugees flock to the treaty-ports not for refuge at all but for comfort. In Shanghai there are about 1,000,000 "refugees" in the International Settlement and French Concession but only some 80,000 have applied for relief in the Settlement and about the same number in the Concession. This means that most of these "refugees" have the means to support themselves. Why then do they not move into the interior where living costs are one-tenth of the wartime prices of Hongkong and Shanghai where even we foreigners have difficulty paying our bills—and which are just as safe from bombing and much safer from epidemics?

If you will look into the matter you will find that many of the "refugee" families living in one-room accommodation in Shanghai are not poor but comparatively rich. Many of these so-called "refugees" who have rushed into the treatyports are among the wealthiest class of people in China. And they have simply squeezed out the poor tenants into the streets or refugee camps—the latter being unable to pay the terrific increase in rents due to the arrival of the more prosperous. It is a fact that poor people cannot live in the treaty-ports today—they go home to their villages, or remain in Japanese areas and brave the dangers of war. Only those with funds to support themselves not for weeks but for months can afford to hide in the foreign concessions.

The result of the concentration of rich refugees is that every theatre, movie-house, roller-skating rink, restaurant, night-club and other place of amusement is so jammed that it looks like an arena for struggling sardines. An article in yesterday's "Evening Post and Mercury" entitled "Theatre Lights Aglow" points out that the Great World Amusement Resort "is today drawing crowds three times bigger than it did prior to the war."

Again and again the Chinese Government has asked these rich Chinese to come into the interior and help rehabilitate their native country in its period of trouble. But no. The simple life does not appeal to them. They prefer to ride in motor cars through the streets of Shanghai.

These rich immigrants—not refugees—are causing the greatest hardship to the legitimate residents of Shanghai and Hongkong, and are driving out the hard-working people who have built these cities brick by brick, and who should have the shelter of their hospitality in times of trouble.

It is not cruelty to prevent these rich immigrants from migrating to the treaty ports in droves. It is kindness both to them and to the citizens of these cities. It is kindness to them because if they had to go back to their ancestral homes and defend the land of their forefathers, they might recover a little self-respect and do something constructive, instead of being cowardly parasites on foreign protection and becoming degenerate from soft city life. Why it is kindness to the resident-citizens is clear.

All of these immigrants with money can take care of themselves anywhere. The persons one need worry about from the humanitarian viewpoint are the true refugee elements of the population who have had jobs or farms and want to work, but who have been thrown out of employment by the war. These people have mostly gone into the interior already. About 350,000 have left Shanghai and been repatriated in the Kiangsu-Chekiang areas. And none of such productive people need to exist on charity. Employment can be found for them by merely providing loans for building up new small industries. In order to utilize the productive power of such people, the Ministry of Industries of the Hankow Government has already drawn up a plan for establishing agricultural and industrial co-operatives in the interior.

This plan for co-operatives should have the full co-operation of the authorities of Shanghai and Hongkong as a method of productive relief, which will permanently solve the legitimate refugee problem of interior China and the treaty-ports, too. Any relief funds available should be put into these constructive co-operatives immediately, so that not only the refugees may earn their living, but at the same time produce the essentials of life so that others may benefit from labours.

The merchants and businessmen of Shanghai and Hongkong, as well as the League of Nations and all relief organizations should support this plan for industrial co-operatives, because it is the only way to revive the market for their goods in the interior. It will revive village economic life and raise the purchasing power of the people, so that trade and commerce will flourish again. Where there is no production, there is only sterility, and the temporary wartime prosperity of Shanghai and Hongkong cannot last unless both industrial and agricultural production is revived in the interior so that people have something to exchange for what they buy. And co-operative production is the only possibility of solving the huge refugee problem of China. The phenomenal development of co-operatives in England, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Finland and other such countries grew out of the disruption caused by the World War, when normal functioning of the economic organisms of these countries was impossible, so new forms of production had to be created. The British Co-operative Movement created the greatest single trading unit in the country, just as such a movement would in China which desperately needs to purchase supplies and machinery from abroad.

FOR-RELIEF-NOT-SUFFOCATION.

Shanghai, May 31.

Volunteer Medals:
1927—1932 Service

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Would you kindly allow me a little of your valuable space to enquire why medals have been issued to all and sundry who took part in the 1937 Settlement defence, while the services of those who took part in the 1927, and 1932 troubles are practically ignored.

The Volunteers, and voluntary helpers, were mobilized for a much longer period during both previous troubles, and the risks taken were equally hazardous.

Would it not have been much fairer if the Council had issued a general service medal, with bars for each of the above mentioned mobilizations, at least it would have shown that there was appreciation for services rendered.

It is not yet too late for something to be done. So let us have the opinion of some of your other readers, and perhaps a few remarks by the Editor of your esteemed paper.

VOLUNTEER.

Shanghai, May 31.

Spitting on Trams:
Another View

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Recently your Correspondence Column has given great prominence to the old controversy about spitting and smoking in public places. I write this not to add zeal to it but with the hope of stopping it.

In all fairness, I wish to say that in public places, spitting is a nuisance and so is smoking. Refined people, whether Chinese or foreigner, abhor spitting in public and also detest smoking. So people with self-respect refrain from committing either.

But if one must smoke in public, whether by choice or habit, so long as the authority concerned is loose with him, he can enjoy himself, paying no heed to other's feeling, but why brag about. One cannot uphold one offence by branding another.

G. Y. W.

Shanghai, May 31.

Motoring Manners:
Lapses by Parents

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—The horrible example of motoring rudeness that has been set us recently by the drivers of a certain nation who use our streets without even a number plate, let alone a licence, has evidently corrupted the good manners of other people.

I refer particularly to people who take their children to the Cathedral Girls' School who leave their cars parked and locked directly opposite the entrance at 8.40 in the morning, thus impeding the flow of traffic to a serious extent, specially when cars are arriving from both directions bringing pupils to the school.

Of course, the people who pull in on the wrong side of the road rather than allow their darlings to walk across the road under the care of the police, don't help matters either.

But, as the times are topsy-turvy in any case, why worry—the police on duty at the school are quite indifferent. Representatives of the F.M.C. and the S.M.C. are usually both there, but on my protesting, simply shrug their shoulders and say "lady driver."

FATHER OF MANY.

Shanghai, May 31.

Gouache:
Artists Reason for Use

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—With reference to the article "Exhibition of Paintings" appearing in your issue of Sunday 29, reviewing some of my studies on display at Alliance Française. 11 Route Vallon, I am extremely sorry to have been unable to explain personally to E.G.A. the reasons of my choice of *Gouache* and I hope that you will allow me to do so in this column. *Gouache*, used in many of my studies, is very popular at l'Ecole des Beaux Arts of Paris, from which I have graduated after having completed its architectural section.

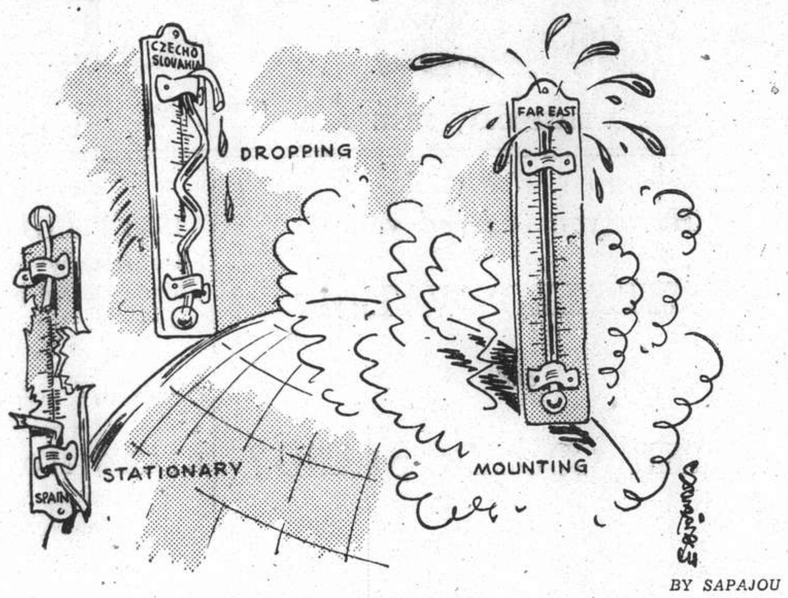
My choice of *Gouache* and that of my colleagues of l'Ecole des Beaux Arts was mainly determined by the advantages which this material offers.

Though ground in water, *Gouache* possesses the principal qualities of oil colours, that is thickness, permitting superposition, it is extremely quick-drying and saves a great deal of time when making rapid studies out of doors.

For these reasons and other minor advantages which it is difficult to enumerate here without wasting more valuable space, *Gouache* is a medium widely used by artists when working (hastily or in the open).

C. KLUGE.

Shanghai, May 30.



BY SAPAJOU

World Temperatures

MARKET PRICES

The following prices are the maximum for best cut or grade obtainable in Central and Western Markets on May 31 1938. Prices are quoted per lb. in Shanghai dollar-cents unless otherwise stated.

BUTCHER'S MEAT

Beef	35-60	Pork	25-45
Veal	60-1.30	Mutton	25-60

FISH

Mackerel	25	Frog legs	55
Lobster	70	Shrimps	45
Prawns ea.	8	Carp	40
Conger Eel	20	Mandarin	50
White bait	25	Salmon	40
Yellow fish	10	Cod	25-30
Soles	25	Pomfret	20-25
Cuttle Fish	12	Samli	70

POULTRY, GAME AND EGGS

Pigeon	40	Fowl	66
Duck ea.	70-1.30	Spring Chicken	76
Rabbits lb.	50	Snipe	25
Duck eggs	40-48	Turkey	50
Teal	35	Woodcock ea.	50
Egg doz,	40-65	Quail	40
Wild Pigeon	20		

VEGETABLES

Asparagus	70	Leeks, bunch	8
B'boo shoots	20	Cauliflower	40
Beans, French	25	Rhubarb	30
Beetroot	20	Young Carrots	6
Big marrow	16	Lettuce	30
Cucumber	15	Onions Amer.	20
Celery bunch	8	Green Peas	15
Cabbage	5	Onions, spr.	8
Carrots bunch	8	Parsnips	8
Chilies	25	Potatoes,	6
Egg-plant	20	Potatoes, Sweet	8
Green Artichokes each	12	Potatoes, new	15
		Red Cabbages ea	30
Endive, each	20	Spinach	8
Garlic	15	Tomatoes	30
Ginger	15	Turnips	8
Green Pepper	30	Fresh beans	25
Horse radish	12		

FRUIT

Mango	20	Bananas	10
Plums	10	U. S. Oranges	1.20
Grape Fruit ea.	25	Chestnuts	20
Lemon ea.	20	Chinese pears	20
Pumelo	28	Strawberries	35
Oranges	15-20		

GRAIN AND FLOUR

Aus. Flour 49lb.	6.75	Chi. Flour 50lb.	4.25
U.S.	8.00	Rice 220lb.	$15.80

MILK

Grade 'A' T.T.	33-38 cents per pint.
Grade 'A'	25-40 cents per pint.
Grade 'B'	20-25 cents per pint.

FODDER

Bran	114lb 2.80	Barley	114lb. 5.80

FUEL

Best Anthracite (metric tons)	42
No. 1 House Coal	32
No. 1 Kitchen Coal	30
Firewood 15 medium Bundles	$1.00
Charcoal (per 55 lb. Basket)	1.50

Peiping to be Divided Into Districts
Scheme Mooted But May be Postponed for Summer

Peiping, May 31.

The local Chinese municipal authorities are now studying measures for dividing Peiping into different quarters, such as residential, commercial, industrial, amusement and parks.

Chinese reports state that plans are expected to be carried out sometime after the summer and for the time being the municipal authorities will devote their whole attention to improving the hutungs and streets.

The authorities are urging all persons who rebuild their houses to put back the frontages to facilitate street widening.

It is reported that the Japanese police have given their assistance in urging Japanese residents in Peiping to comply with the regulations concerning the rebuilding of houses.—Reuter.

SHORT WAVE RADIO

Today's Broadcasts

Daventry, England.—Trans. 1, from *13.00 to 15.15 o'clock*, 16.86 metres, 19.76m.; 19.82m.; 25.53m.; 31.55m. Trans. 2, *18.45 to 21.55*, 13.93m.; 13.97m.; 16.86m.; 19.82m.; Trans. 3, *22.00 to 1.00*, 13.93m.; 13.97m.; 16.86m.; 19.82m.; 25.53m.

Via Hongkong.—31.49m.

Berlin, Germany.—*13.05 to 24.00*, 31.28m.; 17.74m.; 16.89m.; 31.45m.; 19.63m.

Rome, Italy.—*19.00 to 21.30 and 23.00 to 00.20*, 25.4m.

Australia—Lyndhurst, Mon.-Sat. *10.35 to 21.30*, Sun., *16.00 to 20.30*, 31.34m.
Sydney, Sun., *14.00 to 16.00; 18.00 to 22.00*; Mon., *22.00 to 24.00*; 31.28m.
Melbourne, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 22.00*, 31.50m.
Perth, Mon.-Sat., *17.00 to 19.00*, 31.28m.

Paris, France.—*15.00 to 18.00*, 25.24m. *18.00 to 24.00*, 13.86m.; *00.15 to 7.00*, 25.34m.; *7.15 to 14.00*, 26.60m.

Hilversum, Holland.—Irreg., but generally: Daily, *08.00 to 10.00, 21.25 to 23.30*; Sun., *20.25 to 23.30, 03.00 to 04.00*, 16.88m.; 19.71m.; 31.28m.

Manila, P.I.—*6.30 to 9.00 and 19.00 to 23.00*, 25.38m.; 31.35m. Sunday, *18.00 to 24.00*.

Tokyo, Japan.—*13.00 to 14.30, 21.00 to 22.30*, 25.42m.; 19.79m.

Lisbon, Portugal.—*6.00 to 8.00*, 30.13m.

13.00 "The Gang Smasher," 9 (D), Varied (B)
13.20 "Empire Exchange" (D)
13.30 News, varied (T)
13.35 Cesar Franck's music, 5 (D)
14.15 "For Sailors" (D)
14.30 "Let's Go to the Theatre" (D)
14.50 News (D)
16.30 "At Home and Abroad," 31.34m. (A)
17.00 Melbourne prog., 31.50m.; Perth prog., 31.28m. (A)
17.15 News, 31.34m. (A)
17.30 News in German (B)
18.00 A play, 31.34m. (A), Puccini's "The Clock" (B)
18.45 "Palace of Varieties" (D)
19.00 News (P), Light music (B), Varied (R), (2T)
19.10 Instrumental ensemble, 31.34m. (A)
19.45 Mozart's chamber music, 7 (D)
20.00 Concert (P), News (B)
20.65 "As you like it." variety, 31.34m. (A)
20.15 Play: "Murder in the Silo" (D)
20.30 News (D), in French (P)
20.40 New Coventry Hippodrome Orchestra (D)
21.00 News in German (B), Varied (T), Talk (P)
21.15 A gramophone chat (B)
21.25 News (D)
21.30 Symphonic concert (P)
21.50 Commentary: The Derby (D)
22.00 News (B)
22.15 BBC Empire Orchestra (D)
22.30 Stroll through new and old operettas (B)
23.15 "Take Your Choise" (D)
23.45 Press review (B)
24.00 News (D), (B)
00.20 Gramophone records (D)
00.40 "World Affairs" (D)
05.35 BBC Orchestra (D)
06.00 Special news, 31.48m. (USA), Varied (L)
06.15 "Empire Gazette" (D)
06.30 Varied (M)
06.45 "World Affairs" (D)

THE Chairman of the Kweichow Provincial Government, Mr. Wu Ting-chang, arrived in Tingfang district from Kyeiyang on Monday to inspect the peace preservation corps and local militia there, says a dispatch to the "Standard." Mr. Wu returned to Kweiyang in the afternoon.

Sixty Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF JUNE 1, 1878

Our readers will learn with pleasure that the want we drew attention to a short time ago, of a public English School, is likely to be soon removed, and that, owing to the energy of the Very Rev. Dean Butcher and the Trustees of Trinity Church, steps have already been taken for the establishment of a firstclass English school in connection with the Cathedral. No more satisfactory plan, we think, could have been adopted, and we trust that we shall soon see a thoroughly good foundation school in Shanghai, and that the liberality of the public will permit of its being placed on a permanent basis as an adjunct to the Cathedral. The Trustees, we are informed, have already written Home, seeking the services of a graduate in holy orders as headmaster, and as this will enable the services in the Cathedral to be conducted in better order, and will provide a resident clergyman in cases of emergency, we are glad that it has been found practicable to take the preliminary steps. As we stated in our article, there is no reason why the school should not be self-supporting if once fairly started, and due consideration on the part of the Trustees has in great measure borne out our view. There are, of courte, contingencies of a residence and a school building to be provided for, but as the Trustees are already in possession of a site, we trust that in a few years suitable and permanent accommodation will be found. Shanghai has hitherto behaved so liberally in Church matters, that we feel sure the new project which so intimately concerns the future of the place, will not be permitted to fail for want of adequate countenance and support.

Mr. Sun Fo on Way Back to China

Paris, May 30.

Mr. Sun Fo, President of China's Legislative Yuan, is coming here from Moscow, where he is staying at present, before sailing for China from Marseilles, informed quarters confirmed today. However, there is no question of his attempting negotiations for a loan, the same circles assert, since it is understood he has not sounded out anyone on this particular subject.—Havas.

THE local Post Office announces that a new air mail service between Chungking and Kiating (in Szechwan) with Luchow and Suifu (Ipin) as ports of call has been instituted by the China National Aviation Corporation since May 20. It maintains one round trip on every Monday and Friday.

Watch The Fruit Your Children Eat.

Fresh fruit is good for children, but it is very important that care should be exercised in choosing the fruit, for the delicate internal organs of little children are easily upset when it is under-ripe, over-ripe or damaged.

If, by chance, your child is upset by something which she has eaten, the safest plan is to administer a dose of Baby's Own Tablets. Their mild laxative action cleanses the stomach and bowels, removes the cause of the child's sickness, and she is quickly made well again.

As a specific for indigestion, colic, diarrhoea, vomiting, constipation, 'wind,' colds and croup, feverishness, teething troubles and worms there is no remedy more rapidly or surely effective than Baby's Own Tablets. Sold by chemists everywhere,

Baby's Own Tablets.

The Ideal Health Corrective For The Young.

Here is a Soap which has long been in demand, a Soap that has powerful germicidal properties and yet can be used daily as a face and bath soap.

TI-TREEOIL TOILET SOAP
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"For Health & Beauty"
CHARLES A MENIER MANUFACTURING CO LTD

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TI-TREE OIL SOAP

will prevent or cure common Skin Eruptions, Prickly Heat, Hongkong Foot, etc. Use it for cuts, abrasions or sores.

Pleasantly destroys body odours.

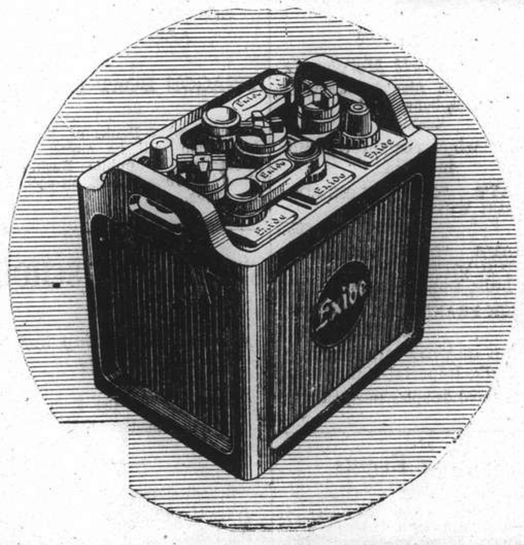
Gives youthfulness and softness to the skin.

TI-TREE is the Soap of a thousand uses and the price is only 60 cts.

Obtainable at all Pharmacies

Sub-agents: **WATSON'S**

for LONG LIFE **Exide**



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HAI-ALAI

TO-DAY at 7 p.m.

VISIT
DALAT — Annam (French Indo-China)
The finest and most astonishing mountain resort of the Far-East
Golf, Tennis, Bathing and Rowing on the lake.
Plenty of excursions, Hunting, Big game.
"LANGBIAN-PALACE" and "HOTEL DU PARC"
Luxurious 1st class. 120 rooms, all with bath and w.c.
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88 MUSEUM ROAD, SHANGHAI

In Main Salesroom—Now On View
To-day, Wednesday, June 1, 1938, at 9.30 a.m.

Upholstered double spring couches and arm chairs, day beds, stair carpets, curtains, table and ceiling fans, E.P. ware, cutlery, books, magazines, English and Russian Encyclopedia, desks, desk chairs, bookcases, **Royal typewriter,** billiard balls and cues, lathe-turning chisels, lip stick holders, hall stands, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, silver ware cabinets, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, bedsteads, flower stands, teapoys, folding tables, ice chests, cupboards, organ, iron safe, geyser, etc., etc.

In Cargo Salesroom—Now On View
To-day, Wednesday, June 1, 1938, at 2.30 p.m.

General Merchandise, Wines and Sundries

Comprising:—

Enamelled iron bath tubs, wash basins, cooking stoves, fire doors, low down tanks, geysers, curtain rods, door contact switches for lifts, belt fasteners, bronze finish desk, No. A-2 Log and tree machine with assembling tools, gentlemen's bicycles with "Torpedo", hubs, "Globe" brand three-square files, radio parts of Philip's and G.E.C. tubes, loudspeaker, chassis, gang condenser, transformer and other parts, glass beads, rubber heels, tracing paper, drawing ink, "Swan" Red and Blue pencils, silver plated pencils and leads, fountain pens, needles, pipe cleaners, shoe laces, ribbons, silk fringes, zippers, sanitary silk and cotton belts, umbrella handles, Levy's Lemon Juice, Neda fruit cubes, Cherry Brandy, Black Friar Port, Moscatel, Gradeberg's assorted sweet wine, Cotton and artificial silk piece goods, piquet ladies hats, toilet scent powder, rouge, Extrait de Henné, platform, scales, etc.

Due to existing conditions we have to request all purchasers to pay cash in full on the fall of the hammer.

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At No. 22 and 24 Route Gaston Kahn

To-day, Wednesday, June 1, 1938, commencing at 2.30 p.m.

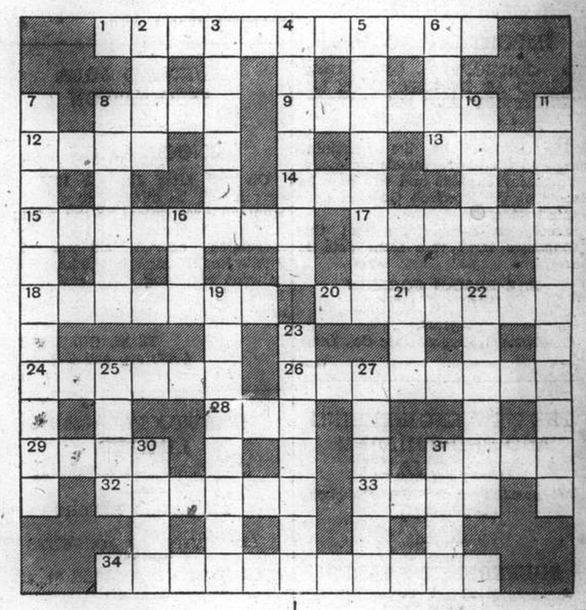
A Large Quantity of Italian and French Vermouth, White Wine, White Vinegar, Empty Wooden Barrels, Iron Drums, Large Copper Distillers and Cylinders, Iron Wine Press, Iron Pipes, etc.

NOW ON VIEW

HUGH MARTIN, *MANAGING DIRECTOR*

LONDON CROSS WORD No. 1530

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



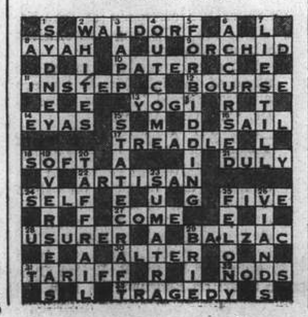
ACROSS

1 Novel place for cricket (three words)
8 No this makes 8 down
9 A light headed Frenchman?
12 See 6 down
13 151 in this make the deterioration
14 "When he speaks, the ——, a charter'd libertine, is still" ("Henry V.")
15 Even the guest who takes pot luck doesn't expect this cold dish
17 Alarm
18 Condense
20 Famous essayist
24 Australian agriculturalist?
26 The landlord's income perhaps
28 Swift wrote a tale of one
29 Unfeeling but not necessarily cruel
31 "The wine of life is drawn and the mere —— is left this vault to brag of" ("Macbeth")
32 Card game, not free from a display of temper
33 British actor
34 Except in times of depressions this science is doubtless looking up?

DOWN

2 The sign of the times?
3 This English King can never have been entirely young
4 Should one have credited this English novelist with a wild expression?
5 As divided in various kinds
6 "As proper men as ever —— 12 across neat's leather" ("Julius Caesar")
7 Prominent mixture of gin and stout
8 A good card perhaps at 18 across table
10 This comes from all quarters of the compass
11 "Gin-salesmen" (anag.)
16 He takes a century to become dressed
19 In the West Country she would seem large as well as impolite
21 A little mark of some value abroad
22 She's untidy but apparently affectionate
23 Judge
25 Pickwick character more in evidence in foul weather
27 Metal for money?
30 What the angler hungers for?
31 This author wrote in England but was long in Scotland

SOLUTION OF LONDON PUZZLE No. 1529



Leaving China?

Whether going on home leave or retiring, your personal or your business interests in China and especially in Shanghai, will continue.

Letters will be uncertain; news in home papers will be scanty. The cheapest and most effective link will be the weekly copy of the "North-China Herald" containing all the China news of the "North-China Daily News" and costing, including postage *(via Siberia)*, $2.50 a month.

Send your name and address to the Circulation Department, North-China Herald, 17 The Bund. Tel. 11055

Kaifeng Bombed by Japanese Daily

American Mission Property Struck But Not Damaged; Cholera Precautions

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Kaifeng, May 17.

On May 12, 26 Japanese planes appeared over the city and dropped 134 missiles. As a result, 155 houses were destroyed, eight innocent people were killed and 26 injured. On the same afternoon, sixteen Japanese planes visited again and dropped 79 bombs. According to an investigation, 615 houses were set on fire, 55 people were killed and 141 injured.

Since then, the Japanese planes have kept on bombing Keifeng without cessation. The airraid siren used to be sounded four or five times daily. On May 16, two bombs were dropped at the northeastern corner of the American Free Methodist Mission compound, but no damage was done.

From now on, when enemy planes appear the air-raid signal will be given by striking bells at the main crossroads, if the electric siren is interrupted. For this reason, all churches as well as Buddhist temples are instructed not to strike the bells at any time when they have meetings in order to avoid misunderstanding.

Despite the rapid development of the tense situation in eastern Honan, people here remain quiet, without showing much hurry and confusion. Owing to frequent airraids and severe bombings by Japanese planes, Government offices as well as the shops in the city suspend work in the day time, and resume operations after 5 p.m.

According to a statement, made by the local Police Bureau, the population in the city numbered 253,000 during March and 244,000 during April, but recently considerable number left for safety zones.

Gen. Wang Che-min, former garrison commander of Kaifeng was transfered to serve at the front, and Gen. Tang Chun teh has been appointed to succeed him. General Tang assumed his new office on May 11. In the course of his speech, General Tang encouraged all officers of the garrison headquarters to take strict watch over the activities of the traitors and robbers.

The Provincial Government has recently adopted two resolutions:

To issue $10,000,000 provincial bonds to improve the currency so as to develop rural areas.'

To allot $20,000 to relieve the famine and war victims, in eastern honan.

Gen. Chen Chien, Governor of the province, stated, at the weekly memorial service, that Honan province has mobilized 500,000 adults to join the army, and raised at least $13,000,000 for the war.

Measures to Prevent Cholera Spread

In order to prevent the spread of cholera here during the summer, the Provincial Government has allotted $200 and instructed the Police Bureau to purchase dead flies. It is just learned that a cleanliness movement will be held, when all government organs will assist in cleaning streets. At the same time, an investigation will also be made of restaurants, bath-houses, theatres, barber shops and public amusement places.

One-fourth of the area inside the city is covered with ponds, the water of which smells badly, fish float on the surface and young trees wither. This is because the Government authorities are too busy carrying on military work, and find no time to siphon fresh water from the Yellow River through the Lipien Dam to replace the foul water.

Medical Supplies Sorely Needed

Medical supplies are badly needed here for wounded soldiers brought back from the front and hospitals at the rear are far from perfect. Visiting the hospitals, one would often hear the cry: "The flies are thick on my face and I cannot go to sleep." Various circles here are trying to do their best to help the wounded. Gen. Wang Che-min, Garrison Commander of the city, Mr. Fang Che, Civil Commissioner of the province and many other high officials visit the hospitals from time to time. Even the prostitutes organize themselves as comforting corps and visit the wounded in hospitals, bringing fruit, eggs, and biscuits. They help them to change clothes and wash their faces, singing war songs to cheer them.

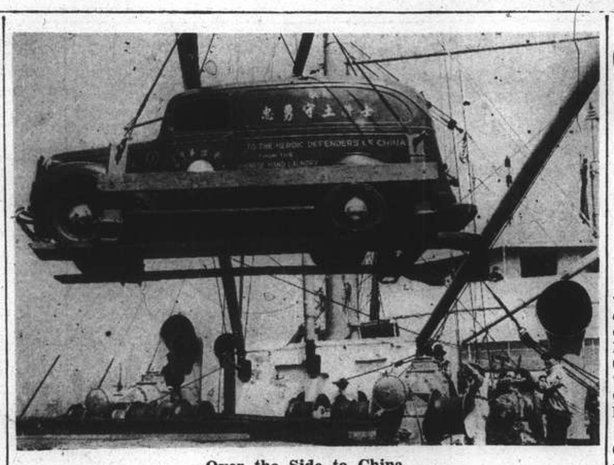
With the interrupted communications, daily papers cannot be obtained from outports. At the beginning of the month, the Provincial Government issued a circular order, instructing all government organs, schools and newspaper offices to use local papers made in Honan, for printing purposes. In this province, there are 25 hsien where paper is made.

According to arrivals, the young wheat, north of the River, is healthy and a good spring harvest is expected. In Fengchiu, north of the Yellow River, as no chickens and cattle are left for them to eat, the Japanese begin to kill the dogs. When meeting Chinese, according to report, they used to draw a circle, on the ground, in which they write the word "die." It means that they penetrated too far into the interior of China and cannot return to their homes. The Provincial Famine Relief Association recently allotted $40,000 to relieve the famine victims along the north bank of the Yellow River.

Red Spears in Northern Honan

Various organizations Red Spear Societies, such as Green Spear Society, Heavenly Gate Society, Yellow Sand Society, Real Militarist Society, Old Gold Society and Justice Corps are active in Northern Honan. Several years ago, when bandits were rampant, the farmers started these organizations for self-defence. After unification of the nation these organizations gradually subsided. Up to recent months, the Japanese have penetrated into the interior of the province and the bandits are active. These groups were organized in order to protect their homes.

THE commission for the cashing of wei wah cheques has soared to new heights owing to the approach of the Dragon Boat Festival, before which all accounts are settled, says a message to the "Sin Wen Pao." In some instances, it is reported, commissions as high as $50 have been charged for every $1,000.



Over the Side to China

One of four ambulances worth $10,000, contributed by New York's 1,500 Chinese laundrymen, is swung over the side of the freighter Greystoke Castle for shipment to China. With the ambulances went a $15,000 consignment of drugs and supplies for civilian relief sent by the American Bureau for Medical Aid to China.

Tsingtao Under Japanese

Life for People Fairly Normal But No Shipping Facilities; Usual Summer Season Anticipated

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Tsingtao, May 21.

Tsingtao's life blood, her export trade, is at present in a coagulated condition, brought on as a result of the Sino-Japanese conflict. The military authorities have not been helpful and have enforced various restrictions and this with the foisting of the new currency on the general public has made all exports from Tsingtao more or less impossible, and at a time when exchange is all in favour.

The use of the wharves by foreign shipping is still prohibited, the excuse being that present military requirements, with transports arriving and leaving daily, do not permit of others using the wharves, inasmuch as additional shipping would be in the way; in spite of these excuses, Japanese merchant ships to and from Japan and the D.K.K. line ships running to and from Dairen and Shanghai are permitted the use of the wharves regularly.

Passenger Restrictions

Passengers on vessels touching here, unless their destination is Tsingtao, are not permitted to land, nor are residents permitted to board vessels without special permits from the Japanese authorities.

Foreign merchant vessels anchor in the outer harbour and Messrs. Jardine and Butterfield's which have kept up a regular service to Tsingtao, anchor their ships near what is known as the U.S. Navy Pier in the inner harbour or Back Bay, taking on or discharging passengers and cargo by sampans to and from the beach landing there, under the surveillance of the Japanese authorities.

Due to there being no inducement in the shape of export from Tsingtao now, very little ocean shipping touches port. The extremely convenient pier running out into the outer harbour could easily handle what little cargo and passenger service there is going, but the naval authorities for no really sound reasons have put their "verboten" on this also and rather grudgingly permit its use by the men of the one or two foreign men-of-war usually anchored in the harbour.

Tsinan Train Service

The railway to Tsinan is functioning, but mainly for military purposes. A service of one train to Tsinan and one from Tsinan per day is being maintained and, during the past two months or so, the line has been cut on two or three occasions by Chinese irregulars, thus disrupting the daily schedule. Due to military requirements, very little cargo and/or passengers are being carried. Foreigners desiring to travel to or from Tsinan must present themselves at the Japanese Consulate for interrogation and if in the unlikely event that a permit is granted, it is passed on to the military authorities for their O.K. and, if granted, the permit is presented at the railway ticket office before the ticket is issued. Chinese desiring to use the railway must be guaranteed by some responsible party.

Shortage of Rolling Stock

Due also to the shortage of rolling stock—practically all of which has been brought here from the S.M.R. from Dairen—very little export produce is coming into Tsingtao. And other reason for this is that farmers in the interior are afraid to accept the new Federal currency in payment for their produce, as guerillas, led in some cases by students, preach and threaten dire results for those assisting the Japanese by acceptance of these notes which are being more or less forcefully put into circulation in this province. The Peiping authorities intend to circulate 300,000,000 dollars worth of these notes in Shantung.

Tobacco which forms a big item of export from Tsingtao, is now being purchased locally and due to the approach of the wet season, farmers are bringing in their produce by every available means, railway conveyance being unobtainable. Formerly, buyers used to send men to Ershilipu and Fangtsze, where the tobacco is grown, to make purchases.

Japanese buyers, who two months ago, purchased about 2,000,000 lb. in the interior, are finding it very difficult to bring it to Tsingtao. Four of their buyers a short while back were killed at Fangtsze and it is not safe for them where their own military protection is not available. Old currency is being paid by buyers for all their requirements.

Transport by Truck

On account of the shortage of railway transport, trucking companies are doing well. At present, an American company operating about seven trucks, goes as far as Weihsien, which is about halfway to Tsinan. A Chinese company is operating three trucks and a Japanese concern with about 50 trucks runs a service to Kaomi, about 60 miles from Tsingtao, "North-China Daily News" does not go further due to the danger from Chinese irregulars. The advent of the rainy season soon, will cause a discontinuance of this motor trucking service. The charge for a single trip per truck is from $200 to $250 and the three chief articles carried to these interior districts have been kerosene and Japanese sugar and matches.

Shanghai and outport newspapers have been conspicuous by their absence as they have been held up, apparently by local censors, and the few that have managed to evade them have been very welcome. Lately the rigour of the censors or whatever it has been that has caused the non-appearance of outport newspapers, has been less severe it seems and the "North-China Daily News" has again been making a very welcome appearance. The "Evening Post" is "no more" as far as Tsingtao is concerned and whether we shall see it later on, nobody knows.

Radios are subject to severe interference from a new naval wireless station erected at Iltis Huk, just behind the Iltis Hydro Hotel and it is not often that one gets an uninterrupted programme. "The Tsingtao Times" appears to have roused the ire of the local authorities also and besides being boycotted by Japanese firms, has had its delivery service interfered with and the delivery boys warned against such service.

A Japanese concern has taken over the former Chinese bus company and an excellent and clean service of new and fine large buses is now serving the community.

Market Much Cleaner

The large market behind the Post Office has put on a cleaner appearance and numerous new Japanese teashops restaurants and hotels have sprung up throughout the city to cater to the increased Japanese civilian population, the fighting services and the large number of tourists who are expected from Japan this summer.

The Chinese population is now over the 350,000 mark and everything appears normal as far as their daily lives are concerned. The streets again are full of traffic and shops are open again. The Peace Maintenance Committee under Mr. Chao Chi is doing good work and its civic activities appear to be in the right direction and for the good of the public and these efforts do not seem to be subject to interference from the military.

Former wealthy Chinese merchants who evacuated are still away and it does not look as though they will be returning until more stable conditions exist and military interference definitely removed.

Foreigners not Bothered

Foreigners are subject to no restrictions and there is no reason why Tsingtao should not be as popular this summer as it has been in the past. Prices for foodstuffs are naturally higher than formerly but compare well with Shanghai. Coal is still over $40 per ton. Taken all in all, the cost of living here is cheaper than in Shanghai. The public and essential services function properly and there is no shortage of anything, except perhaps coal.

There are not many troops quartered in the city and those that one does meet in the streets are civil and do not go out of their way to embarrass one. Troops arriving here, leave for the front almost as quickly as they come and as for the wounded in hospitals, one does not see very much of them.

Regarding Tsinanfu, conditions there are pretty much the same as they are in Tsingtao and foreign residents there declare they suffer no inconveniences.

At Chefoo curfew is at 10 p.m. and business conditions there are better than at Tsingtao. The small Japanese garrison of about three to 400 troops is not having an easy time, as Chinese guerillas have been subjecting them to their harassing attentions at odd intervals.

Chungking Rotary Charter Night

Large List of Notables as Guests of Honour; Odd Shipping Accident

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Chungking, May 17.

The Chungking Rotary Club held a very successful Charter Night recently. The guests of honour list included Gen. Ku Chu-tung, Gen. Ho Kou-kuang, Mr. Chen Chien, Lieut.-Gen. Li Ken-ku, Maj.-Gen. Wang Tze-chun, Mr. E. W. P. Mills, H. M. Consul-General, and M. T. Medard, French Consul-General.

Bishop Ralph Ward came from Chengtu to present the charter and arrived so late after an all-day drive that he felt constrained to explain that he had three flat tyres. When he next proceeded to introduce three Rotarians from Chengtu, there was an uproar about the three flat tyres.

Mr. Gordon Jones made a hit with a skit song on the idiosyncrasies of the various members and also composed the Chungking Rotary Club Song which went with a good swing.

Tremendous Patriotism

Huge student parade denounced the infamous Twenty-One Demands on the anniversary. The occasion revealed the tremendous enthusiasm that there is for Chiang Kai-shek in this province and to stir up enthusiasm for the war of resistance.

The Central Government is taking a leaf out of the propaganda books of the 8th Route Army and is organizing Citizens Associations all over the province. All the officials, educators and street heads of towns and villages must organize such groups, explain the plans and purposes of the Government and try to interest the farmers in co-operatives.

Mr. Kung Teh-cheng, a direct descendant of Confucius is stirring Szechuanese audiences with vivid descriptions of the barbarities of the Japanese soldiery at Chufu, the birthplace of the Sage and urging the youth to join in a great crusade to recover the "holy land" even as Richard the Lion Hearted led the struggle to rescue Jerusalem from the Saracens.

The grimness of the war is being brought home to the people here by the arrival of 500 destitute war orphans who will be taken care of by local organizations.

The big C.N.A.C. flying-boat Changsha has been repaired and will soon be on the run again after having been damaged and sunk by the recent hurricane.

The Chungking Club held a reception for Rear-Admiral Holt who made a brief visit to port recently.

There has been a shake-up in the Szechuenese Government recently. Most of the "old gang" have important places reserved for them. But the condition on which the Central Government has given way in the matter of appointing the Chairman is that the large army must proceed at once to the front. It will probably be divided between Hankow and Sian.

With the increasing confidence of the Chinese in their ability to defend Hankow, the more important members of the executive branch of the Government are steadily moving back, so that while it is the nominal capital, Chungking is steadily becoming less important politically. The steamship companies are taking every precaution to preserve the vessels that are still this side of the booms, and there are plenty to serve the needs of this port.

Machinery Goes to River Bottom

While moving a 12-ton dye belonging to one of the down-river arsenals which is being taken to the interior, a Chinese steamship had an accident, the huge piece slipping from its chains and crashing through two lighters loaded with massive cases of machinery and sending the whole lot to the bottom of the river. Local divers were secured and "believe it or not" they can stay down from three to four minutes without any kit or breathing apparatus. They have managed to get chains round most of the lost boxes and they have been successfully raised from about 25 feet of water.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Spooner of the West China University passed through port this week on their way home on furlough. The community has recently welcomed back from furlough Dr. and Mrs. Stuart Allen of the Canadian Mission Hospital and the Rev. and Mrs. Howard Veals. Mrs. F. K. Partridge has flown up from Hongkong to join her husband who is representative for the I.C.I. and Mr. L. Rikoff has arrived to represent the Dupont Corp.

The late Maharajah of Patiala was not the man to do without anything he wanted if money could buy it. When he was in England some years ago he fancied a good-looking retriever. The owner did not want to part with the dog, but succumbed to temptation when it took the form of £1,000. The new maharajah, who is 25, has been married since 1932. A good shot and cricketer, he was one of the Indian XI. against Lord Tennyson's visiting team last year.

CHINA'S SKIES FOR JUNE

1.—Venus in conjunction with Moon, 0 a.m. V. 5° N.
6.—Neptune in conjunction with Moon, 1.06 a.m. N. 6° 27' N.
10.—Neptune in quadrature with Sun, 6 a.m.
19.—Jupiter in conjunction with Moon, 11.05 a.m. J. 6° 34' S.
20.—Mercury in Perihelion, 10 p.m.
22.—Sun enters the sign Cancer, 10.04 a.m. Solstice.
22.—Jupiter at a stationary point, 1 p.m.
22.—Saturn in conjunction with Moon, 10.36 p.m. S. 5° 59' S.
23.—Mercury in superior conjunction with Sun, 5 a.m.
24.—Uranus in conjunction with Moon, 10.29 p.m. U. 1° 18' S.
28.—Mercury in conjunction with Moon, 5.08 p.m. M. 5° 29' N.
28.—Mars in conjunction with Moon, 7.30 p.m. M. 4° 52' N.
29.—Mercury and Mars in conjunction, 4 p.m. M. 0° 45' N.
30.—Venus in conjunction with Moon, 9.39 p.m. V. 7° 13' N.

Constellations at 9 p.m.

In the North, Ursa Major is past the meridian between Polaris and the zenith; Draco and Cepheus are east. In the east, Cygnus and Aquila are rising. Lyna and Ophiucus are well up. Hercules approaches the meridian, Bootes is in the zenith.

Along the Ecliptic, Sagittarius is rising, Scorpius well up, Libra on the meridian, Virgo past, Leo midway, Cancer next, and Gemini just setting. In the southwest is Hydra. The Milky Way runs along the whole eastern sky in two streams. The Zodiacal Light may be well observed in the Westnorthwestern sky.

Phases of the Moon

5.—First Quarter	6.32 p.m.
13.—Full Moon	7.47 a.m.
21.—Last Quarter	9.52 a.m.
28.—New Moon	5.10 a.m.
15.—Moon in Apogee	2.00 a.m.
28.—Moon in Perigee	9.00 a.m.

RISING AND SETTING OF THE MOON

Day	Rises	Souths	Sets
1.—	7.35 a.m.	2.39 p.m.	9.38 p.m.
6.—	0.56 p.m.	6.59 p.m.	0.21 a.m.
10.—	4.43 p.m.	10.07 p.m.	2.47 a.m.
15.—	8.41 p.m.	1.21 a.m.	6.42 a.m.
20.—	11.33 p.m.	5.03 a.m.	11.12 a.m.
25.—	2.12 a.m.	9.13 a.m.	4.19 p.m.
30.—	7.21 a.m.	2.20 p.m.	9.01 p.m.

RISING AND SETTING OF THE SUN

Day	Rises	Equat. of time	Sets
5.—	4.57	subtr. 2 min. 54 sec.	6.59
12.—	4.57	subtr. 0 min. 47 sec.	7.01
19.—	4.58	Add 0 min. 39 sec.	7.04
27.—	5.00	Add 2 min. 23 sec.	7.06

Aspects of Principal Planets

Mercury being in superior conjunction on the 23rd rises an hour before the Sun at the beginning of the month and sets later three quarters of an hour at the end. In neither case is it likely to be visible to the unaided eye. Rises on 1st at 3.51 a.m.; on 16th at 4.23 a.m.; sets on 30th at 7.47 p.m.

Venus will be seen in the Westnorthwest after sunset. It moves from Gemini into Cancer. On the 16th it will be at its greatest distance at the northern side of the Ecliptic. Magnitude —3.4. Sets on the 1st at 9.12 p.m on the 16th at 9.53 p.m.; on the 30th at 9.24 p.m.

Mars, now in the constellation Gemini, lingers in the evening sky, but will not be conspicuous in the twilight. Sets nearly northwest on 1st at 8.12 p.m. on the 16th at 7.56 p.m.

Jupiter rises before midnight and will be low in the southeast. It moves in the constellation Aquarius. Magnitude —2.0 to —2.2. Being stationary, it moves retrograde. Rises on the 1st at 0.03 a.m.; on the 16th at 11.08 p.m.

Saturn rises an hour or two after midnight in the constellation Pisces. It will be seen between east and Eastsoutheast. Rises on the 1st at 2.13 a.m.; on the 16th at 1.17 a.m.

Uranus rises now an hour or two before dawn in the constellation Aries on 2d at 3.54 a.m.; on 16th at 2.38 a.m.

Neptune sets about midnight: on 2d at 1.09 a.m.; on 16th at 11.53 p.m.

Summer Solstice

At the time of the summer solstice the sun is at its furthest northern declination; it ascends the highest it is ever seen above the horizon and rises and sets farthest north of the east and west points. It seems now to stand still in its northern and southern course, and hence the name solstice.

The days in the north temperate zone are longer than the nights. It is our summer and the 21st or 22d (in China this year) is the longest day of the year. In the south temperate zone it is winter and the shortest day of the year. The parallel of 66½° north latitude—the Arctic Circle—marks the limit of continual day and it is noon there of the long six-months north polar day. The Antarctic Circle now marks the limit of continual night, and at the south pole it is midnight of the long six-months polar night.

THE Municipal Council gave notice yesterday that former occupants of Hongkew Market who wish to return and resume business should, within a month from this date, register at the Branch Health Office at the corner of Tsepoo and North Fokien Roads.

British Rubber Stocks

London, May 30.

The stocks of rubber in the United Kingdom on May 28 were placed at 86,523 tons, showing an increase of 1,770 tons over the previous week, while deliveries during the week ended May 28 totalled 1,127 tons, showing a recession of 279 tons compared with last week.

The stock of rubber in London was given as 57,303 tons, representing an increase of 1,228 tons, while the Liverpool stock, with a total of 29,220 tons, showed a gain of 542 tons.

Deliveries in London during the week ended May 28 totalled 752 tons against 855 tons during the previous week. Liverpool deliveries were placed at 375 tons, compared with

---

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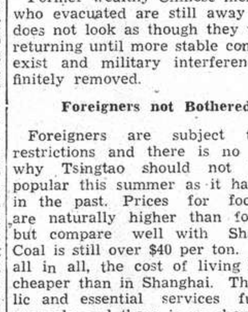

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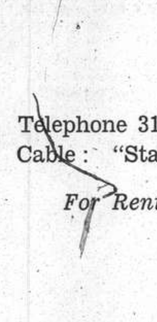

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Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals. Correspondents are requested to typewrite on one side of the paper only. Letters to the Editor should be brief and to the point.

Messrs. Crane-Debenham Limited, 69 Fleet Street, London, E.C.4, have been appointed special English representatives for the transaction of all business relating to advertisements for the "North-China Daily News" and the "North-China Herald," and have these newspapers on file in their offices.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

DRESS FREEDOM

This is the period of the year when mere man pays careful attention to the mounting thermometer and the stuffiness of daily existence and is pondering on the nature of his summer wardrobe. The question is important, because it involves his bodily and mental comfort during the next few months, which are likely to be no less sticky and uncomfortable than other Shanghai summer months, and the likelihood is that the transition will be quick now that the warning attached to the month of May has outrun its doleful span. If his wife has not already done it for him, there has been an exhaustive exploration and examination of boxes and drawers to see what effects, if any, have been created by age, avoirdupois and a careless disregard of moth balls during the period of storage. Unlike the woman whose fashion whims change almost daily and who would feel a sense of aesthetic ostracism by wearing a relic of last year, the man's wardrobe for summer is generally based on what was left over from the previous summer and so on down the line until complete destruction ends the chain. Therefore, the two gabardine suits of last year, the white flannels from the previous year and the palm beach bought in an ecstasy of extravagance the year before all receive careful consideration, unless the thrifty housewife has used them for cut-downs for the offspring in the interval. On this basis, the male population will venture forth ready to face the coming months with items of clothing dated by the colour of past sunny days and visits to the laundry, toned up with a few new purchases to make good the deficiencies.

That is the preliminary aspect of the man's summer clothing problem, but a far more important aspect is how cool and serviceable will be his kit, and whether there are any possibilities of greater dress freedom tending to lightness and coolness without offending canons of taste laid down by office and social conditions. From India to Shanghai, there are, distinctly different fashions in every country and port for meeting summer inconveniences, and each has its advocates favouring the greater utility. From planter's suits to shorts, from Bombay bowlers to Panama hats, the tremendous variety runs tempered by local preferences but all connected with the solution of the main problem. Shanghai's preferences are well-known and variegated Possibly no city reveals such a catholicism of tastes in this respect for every fashion in men's summer wear is to be seen in daily use. It is a matter of bold individualism combined with common sense, and the revolution for greater dress freedom is finding yearly more recruits and more support And so it should do for there is so much inconsistency. When a few heroes some years ago began wearing shorts there was loud tittering and many unkind remarks levelled at hairy knees and spindle shanks and Boy Scout fashions, chiefly from the fair sex. After all revolutions there are reactions, and by a complete change of the cycle, a glance at any advertisements for women's wear shows how generally has this fashion been adopted by the critics themselves. In fact, the cycle has progressed and even more masculine, not boyish, tendencies are revealed.

This is not an argument for this or any other particular fashion of dress but emphasizes a suggestion for even greater freedom in attire in consonance with proper standards. In many cases, professional business etiquette demands obedience to formal attire and the result is that while whites are worn, clothing is often as heavy if not heavier than darker winter clothing with the only saving grace lying in the psychological effect of the colour. Last year, a form of emancipation was obtained through the hostilities when usually well-dressed Shanghai, reacting to conditions and the atmosphere of military activity with its emphasis on fundamentals and general utility rather than sartorial perfection, let itself go. The result was interesting and revealed unusual imagination. Men never seen before without exhibiting the neat, precise lines of a fashion plate, appeared in much, looser and more comfortable clothes, and many men who had never before been seen in shorts outside a golf course or a tennis court wore this garb about their daily business and enjoyed the freedom it provided. It was not a concession to slovenness: it was a response to conditions which encouraged the change, and there must be many men who regret that the return to more normal conditions also brought a return to more dignified but less comfortable wear. The male dress reform movement has found supporters in many parts of the world, mostly with freakish results. Some of them have been distinctly effeminate with a leaning towards the startling inventions of the Wellsian communities of centuries to come. Even the British Army authorities were inspired to create a new type of uniform for the troops based on sound clothing ideas, lightness and hygiene, but the results did not find general favour. But without dilating on any particular style or fashion, climatic conditions in Shanghai do certainly justify efforts in the direction of dress reform in summer.

Derby Day

Today is Derby Day, the greatest racing festival of the English turf when hundreds of thousands will flock to Epsom to witness the classic initiated by the 12th Earl of Derby in 1779. On that occasion, his Lordship entertained his friends by organising a race over Epsom Downs and his horse Bridget won the race. The next year the Earl inaugurated a race for three-year-olds over a course of one and a half miles and it was won by Sir Charles Banbury's chestnut colt Diomed. Since then, the event has grown in popularity until today it is the most important race in the world, and certainly the premier sporting event in Britain for no other event on the calendar has exercised such a claim on popular imagination. Not only does it crown the racing season and brings out the best on the English turf, but its high sporting traditions have so embedded themselves in the public esteem as a national festival that it is doubtful whether it will ever be superseded. This year, Shanghai is particularly interested because Mr. H. E. Morriss' Pasch, which won the Two Thousand Guineas so easily, is the strong favourite and there is every indication—and this will be supported by the hopes of many Shanghailanders.—that Pasch will be the winner, thereby enabling Mr. Morriss to repeat his Derby success of 1925 when his horse Manna won the classic race. There are auspicious associations between the Derby of 1925 and the Derby of 1938 for Pasch is grandson of Manna on the maternal side, and the strain has proved so successful in subsequent years. Shanghai does not yield to any communities at home in its interest in the Sport of Kings although many thousands of miles separate it from Epsom Downs, and the good wishes and the best of luck will accompany Pasch when the colt faces the starting post this afternoon. Shanghai has enjoyed some unfortunate publicity in the past few months through circumstances not of its own creation, but there will be a measure of pride and gratification if Shanghai justifies itself in another way today.

A Foul Kidnapping

It is to be hoped that the United States authorities will succeed in bringing the murderers of young Peter Levine, whose body has been found months after he was originally declared to be missing, to judgment. From the information available it is believed that he was kidnapped, he having disappeared on his way home from school, and his parents having subsequently received a note demanding the payment of U.S.$60,000 as ransom money. It would seem that the lad's captor or captors having failed to establish contact with his parents must have killed the lad in sheer desperation, and the fact that he was not turned loose is probably because, if freed, he might have been able to give to the police sufficient information to disclose the identity of the guilty. There are fewer chances of an arrest being made in this case than there were in that of the kidnapping of Col. and Mrs. Lindbergh's baby son. There the money actually passed, and it was after years of patient watching for the notes, whose numbers were known, to come back into circulation that it was possible to trace the guilty man and bring him to his richly deserved punishment. No ransom money has passed in this present case so that that possible avenue is closed to the investigators, but it is not unreasonable to hope that sooner or later the authorities may light upon a clue which will enable them to capture the guilty party or parties. If that does eventually occur and they are made to pay the full penalty for this crime, there will be few except incorrigible sentimentalists who will not agree that that is the best thing which could happen. Such creatures are men only in form, and when their evil spirits are quietened in the electric chair a real service is done to the cause of humanity. Nothing but the deepest sympathy will be felt for the parents of the boy in the circumstances of their tragic bereavement, and for the sake of all fathers and mothers in the United States it is to be hoped that the guilty will eventually be brought to book.

Japan's Monopoly Scheme

If further proof were wanted of Japanese designs in China the Reuter report, emanating from Tokyo, regarding grandiose schemes for the development of China, would be sufficient. The list of industries which the Japanese propose to monopolize is so extensive that it is difficult to see what will be left either for private or foreign enterprise. Thus it is stated that the wool industry to which this journal has made various references is now a Japanese monopoly. It will be remembered that at the annual general meeting of the British Chamber of Commerce in Tientsin complaint was made concerning the manner in which British wool purchasers were being hindered by the action of the Japanese authorities in the wool producing areas. The silk industry will be controlled and not allowed to compete with the Japanese product. Flour milling, cement making, cotton mills, chemical plants in the occupied areas are all to be taken over by the Japanese according to this plan, as will also communications, electric power installations, mining, salt and other major enterprises. How all this can be done without damage to the foreign interests which were to have been so scrupulously respected it is more than a little difficult to see, for it is very clear that the so-called open door is to be banged, barred, and bolted. Inland and coastwise navigation is to pass under Japanese control, while it is proposed to establish a tug and lighter business in Shanghai as well as warehousing. In connection with these developments it has not yet been decided whether they shall be carried out by separate companies, or whether a national policy shipping corporation shall take charge of the work. This programme is necessitated by the recognition of the fact that under the peace contemplated by the Japanese there will probably be no question of an indemnity. China would be unable to pay one unless in control of her own industries, and, on the face of it, it is only by the creation of such monopolies that Japan hopes to reap a return for the huge sums of money which she is laying out in China.

NATURE NOTES

I am constrained to refer once more to the beautiful wild flower known to science as *Houttuynia cordata*, discussed in "A Country Diary" of May 21, which appeared in this paper on May 23, for it is now blooming in my garden. By a strange coincidence the author of "A Country Diary" visited my garden on the very morning that he gathered the blossom of this interesting plant. I proudly showed him a white bud nestling amongst the ferns where my plants grow, whereupon he turned back the lapel of his coat and showed me in his button-hole the fully open bloom that he had secured in the country that morning.

The first flower opened in my garden on May 25. On the same day Mr. W. J. Kerr, Superintendent of Parks here in Shanghai, came to see my stonecrops, and I showed him my *Houttuynia* blossom. He informed me that he has a whole bed of this plant, now in full bloom, in the Kiaochow Road Park. He also remarked upon the high medicinal value of this genus of plants, for which it is famous. This, of course, only adds to the interest of the *Houttuynia*, which grows so freely in the country round Shanghai, but appears to be so little known to the general public. To the Chinese who have long been aware of its medicinal properties, it is known as *Ch'i*, 蕺 to the Japanese as *Do-kou-dami*. It contains an essential oil in its heart-shaped leaves called methyl-n-monyl-ketone. The leaves of the plant are used by the Chinese as a cure for all kinds of skin diseases.

This brings us to the subject of the medicinal properties of plants generally, which is far too big to discuss here, except to note that the Chinese know a great deal more about the value of herbs in this respect than they are usually given credit for. Indeed Western Medicine has in the last few years waked up to the fact that it has much to learn from the ancient Chinese Materica Medicas, the most important of which is the Pen Tsao Kang Mu containing no fewer than 868 vegetable drugs. How much this adds to the interest of the study of the wild flowers that grow in China! It gives them a new significance, adding, as it does, a utilitarian aspect to that of their beauty. A large proportion of the so-called weeds that grow in the fields and along the country paths round this city are gathered by the Chinese herbalist to be included in one or other of his many decoctions; and it is surprising how often his remedies are efficacious.—A. DE C. S.

IN PARENTHESIS

In the City
"A MAN is known by the company he floats."

* * *

Definition
A pedestrian crossing is a dash between two dotted lines.

* * *

Conversation Piece
"WE saved our lives by cutting up our boots and eating them."
"Be quiet. You might give the landlady an idea."

* * *

Blow
AN American film star on a visit to Britain said she thought London taxi-drivers were wonderful. London policemen are carrying on just as if nothing had happened.

* * *

Difference
A PALMIST claimed the other day that she had only to look at a person's hand to tell what was going to happen. When we play cards, our partner after seeing our hand always tells us what should have happened.

* * *

Hypothesis
THE word "hypothesis" caused some confusion among a class of pupils recently.
A number of them said it was "a machine for raising water," others that it was "something that happened to a man after death," while a third group declared it to be "the stuff you need to develop snapshots."

* * *

Week's Entertainment
AN Irishman, confessing his sins, admitted that he had avoided paying his rent, that he had been poaching birds on Monday, salmon on Tuesday, had snared a fine hare on Wednesday and on Friday had shot the rent collector.
"Ah, now," said the priest, "don't be after tellin' me your amusements. It's your sins Oi'm wantin' to hear."

* * *

Betrayal
HER mother had brought the little girl to the hairdresser's, and while they waited the child heard what was said by the customers and became thoughtful. "I want to have her hair bobbed," said her mother.
"Yes. What sort of bob would you like?" asked the barber.
"Mummy," said the girl, "could I have a bob each way?"

* * *

Summer Time
DESPITE the reiterated notices in the press as to what happens to the clock when Summer Time comes in there are a great many people who get confused as to whether it is forward or back an hour at this time.
A READER relates that a farmer told him of this point:—
"Spring, forward; fall (autumn), back."

THE WEATHER

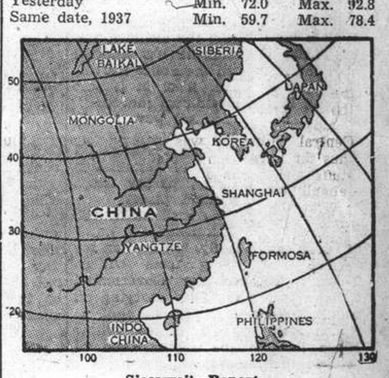
Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai for 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—

Yesterday	Min.	74.0	Max.	94.5
Same date, 1937	Min.	62.5	Max.	77.5

Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—

Yesterday	Min.	72.0	Max.	92.8
Same date, 1937	Min.	59.7	Max.	78.4



Siccawei's Report

State on the morning of the 30th:—Normal to high and steady pressure over China and Japan. South-easterly to south-westerly winds along the China Coast. Cloudy, fine and hot weather in east China.

State on the morning of the 31st:—Fine and hot weather. South-south-easterly breezes. Pressure rather normal and steady.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Overcast to cloudy weather with showers or mist and cyclonic circulation around Shantung, owing to a depression passing eastward. Fine and hot to cloudy with fog banks and easterly to southerly winds over our regions and along the Coast to the south of the Saddles.—Siccawei Observatory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

To the Refugee Water Supply Fund:—

Foreign and Chinese staff, Alex Henderson & Co.	$23.50
Anonymous	$ 4.50
"To use as you please"	G.$2.00
Miss I. Lubeck	$ 5.00
Staff of the New Engineering Work Machine Shop:—	
Kuao Ven-ming	$ .50
Chang Tso-yee	$ 5.00
Lee Foh-sun	$ 2.00
Sung King-yang	$ 2.00
Lee Ka-yuen	$ 2.00
Tah Chang-zai	$ 2.0
Sung Tsu-liang	$ 1.00
Ling Ah-zai	$ 2.00
Wu Soong-nee	$ 1.00
Song Lee-fong	$ 1.00
Ling Zung-sun	$ 2.00
Zee Mo-dee	$ 1.00
Yu Miaw-gen	$ 1.00
Chang Sze-ken	$ 2.00
Ling Chao-ken	$ 1.00
Loo Yung-hong	$ 1.00
Feng Yin-chen	$ 1.00
Yang Yuen-fah	$ 1.00
Chang Ah-ken	$ 1.00
Kaou Tong-yang	$ 1.00
Zee Ah-kong	$ 1.00
Tsze Chuen-sun	$ 1.00
Kou Lai-fah	$ 1.00
Chang Yuen-fong	$ 1.00
Soong Foh-king	$ 1.00
Yu Chen-fah	$ .50
Ho Ah-yung	$ 1.00
Yao Ah-dee	$ 1.00
Fong Chuen-ming	$ 1.00
Feng Mow-ken	$ 1.00
Pu Ah-ziang	$ 1.00
Lo Sun-yuen	$ 1.00
Yeh Ah-ting	$ .40
Liu King-wei	$ .50
Zee Eu-fah	$ 1.00
Lee Tsing-fu	$ .50
Cheng Chao-yuen	$ .50
Chen Yung-tsing	$ .50
Lee Eu-soong	$ 1.00
Woo Ah-ngo	$ 1.00
Ho Ziang-tai	$ 1.00
Nee Eu-foung	$ 1.00
Woo Chen-wei	$ 1.00
Mr. Boris	$ 1.00

New Tariff Cuts Rates On Many Commodities

Goods Required for Rehabilitation to Be Imported Free; No Discrimination in Enforcement of New Schedule

DRASTIC changes in the tariff rates enforced by the Chinese Nationalist Government were announced yesterday by the new governments in Peiping and Nanking. A wide range of commodities required for the economic rehabilitation of the war torn areas in China were placed on the free list.

Similar treatment was accorded by the two new governments to the exports of iron ore, scrap metal and raw cotton. Commodities whose importation will be free of duty included serums and vaccines, agricultural crops seeds, mining tools and machines, wagons, power shovels, excavators and various machine parts.

Also free of duty will be blast furnaces, converters, rolling mills, refining machines as well as various machines, implements and tools required for dressing and metallurgy.

Similarly favourable treatment will be enjoyed by agricultural machinery and parts.

Items of export placed on the free list included iron, pig and kentledge, including re-melted Shansi iron, and scrap metal, including steel. Also on the free list were linseed and cotton seed and raw cotton.

For the devotees of sake, the new tariff rates spelled gloom, for the import duty on rice wine was raised by 20 per cent.

Liquor Duties Lower

They, however, had the consolation of knowing that whiskies, beer and other liquors will pay to the Customs 30 to 40 per cent. less tomorrow than they had paid last week.

Tobacco rates will remain virtually unchanged. Gasoline rates will go down by 20 per cent., while the duty on sugar will be halved.

Rates on grey cotton piece-goods ranged from 10 to 25 per cent. The 100 per cent. duty imposed on rayon yarn by the Nationalist Government was reduced yesterday to 30 to 40 per cent.

The 80 per cent. duty on rayon piecegoods was cut to 35-45 per cent.

The former rates on imported marine products were cut by 30 to 40 per cent. The old duty on China ware was halved, as was the rate on imported cement.

Goods the duty on which was cut included corrugated and plain iron sheets, fresh fish, salt herring, long seaweed, fresh apples, sulphate of ammonia, paper, including newsprint, and fertilizers.

Announced Yesterday Morning

The revision of the tariff was announced by the "Reformed Government" yesterday morning.

Official notification of the revision was conveyed to Sir Frederick Maze, Inspector-General of Customs, by Mr. Chen Chin-tao, Minister of Finance of the new Nanking Government, in the morning.

Smiultaneously, a similar notification was served on the Commissioner, Mr. L. H. Lawford, by Mr. Li Chien-nan, the newly appointed Superintendent of Customs.

The rates coming into effect today, a statement issued by the Government said, are of a temporary nature and are designed to replace the "unreasonable and unsuitable" charges in force until now.

The revision, the statement declared, "is not intended to discriminate between foreign Powers, but is aimed solely at the relief of the people and the economic recovery of the devastated areas, as well as the promotion of trade and industry in general".

Customs North of Creek

Simultaneously with the enforcement of the new tariff schedule, the Customs, with the assistance of the Japanese authorities, will reassert its authority north of the Soochow Creek and in Pootung.

"The Government", the statement emphasized, "intends to prevent, with the co-operation of friendly Powers, the evasion of duties, and to realize to the fullest degree the equitable protection of legitimate trade and the security of customs revenue and the service of obligation".

Emphasizing that the revision is of a temporary character the statement said the Government "will endeavour to bring into being more rational tariff policies as soon as possible".

Until such a fundamental revision is effected, the Government will refrain from making frequent changes in the tariff which would impede the recovery of commerce and industry, the statement added.

Export Duties Little Changed

While export duties will continue in general to be imposed in accordance with the out-going tariff, the rates on some export commodities will be reduced or cancelled.

The revenue surtax collected until yesterday, the statement said, will be replaced by a relief surtax of 5 per cent, the funds to be used for the relief of the distressed areas.

Export and import duties will, according to the statement, continue to be collected from goods shipped to and from Manchoukuo and the Kwantung Leased Territory.

The statement read in part:

"Customs duties comprise a substantial part of the national revenue, and have a close and important relation to commerce and industry.

"In the light of the present state of industry and economy and of the national standard of living in this country, the existing tariff has been deemed in many respects unreasonable and unsuitable, and its revision has naturally been a matter of urgent necessity.

North China Reduction

"In North China, reductions or exemptions of import and export duties upon a limited number of articles were effected by the "Provisional Government" on January 22 as a measure of exigency.

"The necessity of enacting a still more reasonable tariff has, however, lately become apparent in that part of the country, while conformity between the tariffs of North China and Central China was held to be essential.

"The Government, after consultation with the "Provisional Government," has decided to jointly enforce a new tariff as from June 1.

"The salient points of the revision are as follows:

(Continued on page 6)

New Rates Greeted In Japan

Reversion to 1931 Customs Tariff Welcomed as Move Towards Rehabilitation

Tokyo, May 31.

The new customs tariff, promulgated today by the "Provisional" and "Reformed governments" in China will "benefit not only Japan, but other foreign Powers as well", a spokesman of the Foreign Office said this morning.

The official said that he noted with satisfaction the reversion of the new tariff to the schedule enforced on January 1, 1931.

The latter, the statement recalled, was the first statutory tariff promulgated by the Chinese Government after regaining customs autonomy in 1929.

Its rates against Japanese goods were moderate, but tariff revisions effected by the former Nanking Government in 1933 and 1934 provided prohibitive charges against Japanese made merchandize, the statement asserted.

For this reason, it continued, the Japanese Government repeatedly negotiated with the Nationalist Government for the revision of the tariff.

All Will Benefit

Not Japan alone but other Powers as well will welcome the new tariff, which represents a downward revision of the former rates and is free from anti-Japanese features, the statement said.

The spokesman in conclusion congratulated new China on "the solid unification of the customs tariff in North and Central China, thanks to a close co-operation between the two new governments."

Japanese industrial and commercial circles also hailed the new tariff, which, they said, "paid attention to the new circumstances and reduced the former rates by about a half."

Japanese exports to North and Central China, it was pointed out, thus far have been confined to foodstuffs and commodities required for rehabilitation.

With the extension of the area under Japanese military control, however, the exports were expected to show large gains.—Domei.

China Not Considered

London, May 31.

Interviewed by Reute today regarding the revised Cuttoms tariff, business men interested in the Far East expressed the opinion that the Japanese were obviously not considering Chinese interests, since they had reverted to the 1931 rates, which the Chinese Government found it essential for the country's finances to raise.

Concerning the possibility that the new rates might, in some respects, benefit foreign importers, though palpably framed primarily to Japanese advantage, businesse circles emphalized that all depended upon how the tariff was administered and the sincerity of Japanese promises to respect the Open Door.

The "Financial News," in a leading article, enumerates elaborate schemes now being formulated in Japan to monopolize all the chief industries and commercial activities in the occupied parts of China.

The newspaper cites statements by numerous Japanese spokesmen showing that the Japanese interpretation of he Open Door means no more than permission for foreign capital to be invested in Japanese enterprises.

"At the same time," the journal adds, "i is undoniable that Japan is growing weaker economically as well as militarily, and is more dependent on the goodwill of Britain and other western countries."

"The longer the war lasts, the greater will be the chance that a firm stand by Westerners against Japan's treaty violations will yield the desired results."—Reuter.

Commons Query on Customs Revenue

M.P. Asks How Japanese Are Using Funds

London, May 31.

The question of Chinese Customs revenue was raised again in the House of Commons yesterday, when Mr. David Adams, Labour member for the Consett division of Durham, asked whether the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, had any information to show the extent to which Chinese Customs revenue, seized by Japan, was being employed in warfare against China.

Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, replied that he presumed Mr. Adams referred to the Customs revenues in Tientsin.

These, he declared, were now deposited in the Yokohama Specie Bank, but it was impossible to say to what precise use there the sums were being put.—Reuter.

Hawaii Feels 'Quake

Hilo, Hawaii, May 30.

More than 100 minor earthquake tremors in the past two days have resulted in increasing speculation here whether an eruption of Kilauea is imminent.—United Press.

Los Angeles Feels 'Quake

Los Angeles, May 31.

A mild earthquake tremor shook the city at 12.37 o'clock this morning but no immediate reports of damage could be obtained.—United Press.

Conscription in War Time for Britain

Sir Thomas Inskip Informs Commons

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, May 31.

"Some of the latest discoveries of our cleverest scientists in our defence are now coming into use," said Sir Thomas Inskip, Minister for Co-ordination of Defence, in a broadcast last night on Imperial Defence.

"The enemy," he continued, "might expect to encounter some formidable, perhaps unexpected, forms of defence."

Giving assurance that Great Britain's defence plans were "elaborate and widespread," Sir Thomas Inskip added that joint plans had been prepared by the Navy and the Air Force for every emergency and for complete protection of trade.

New types of guns were being prepared and special rapid-firing guns were being made to protect important points against flying raiders, the Defence Minister said.

Referring to the Dominions, he declared that they were giving a great deal of attention to their own defences and "where we are asked to give a helping hand, we want to be ready to respond."

Man-Power For Wartime

The provision of man-power for essential services now and in wartime was the subject of a statement in the House of Commons yesterday by Sir Thomas Inskip.

Speaking on the competing needs of such organizations as the Territorials and the Air-Raid Precautions, Sir Thomas Inskip said that in peacetime there must be no compulsion and the young men of the country need not be shepherded into any particular occupation.

Anyone who was now selected for any emergency services, he continued, joined with the understanding that in wartime he would not escape from any duties that Parliament might impose upon him. In wartime there was certain to be a competent authority to allocate each individual to a suitable position.

The question was then put by Mr. James Chuter Ede, Opposition Labour member for South Shields, whether, although it had not been brought before the House of Commons, there existed a Conscription Act, which put everyone in his appropriate niche.

Sir Thomas Inskip replied: "I said so as plainly as I could."

No Industrial Conscription

Sir Thomas Inskip's statement followed a suggestion put forward by a Member that the various public services asking for recruits were "outbidding each other."

The Minister's statement evoked prompt and strong criticism by Labour members on the grounds that it foreshadowed conscription in the event of war.

Sir Thomas Inskip said he did not know that any plans existed for industrial conscription, but indicated that Mr. Ede was correct in assuming that, on the day an emergency arose, legislative machinery would be all ready for implementing a conscription act.—Reuter.

Gruesome Discovery At Hardoon Estate

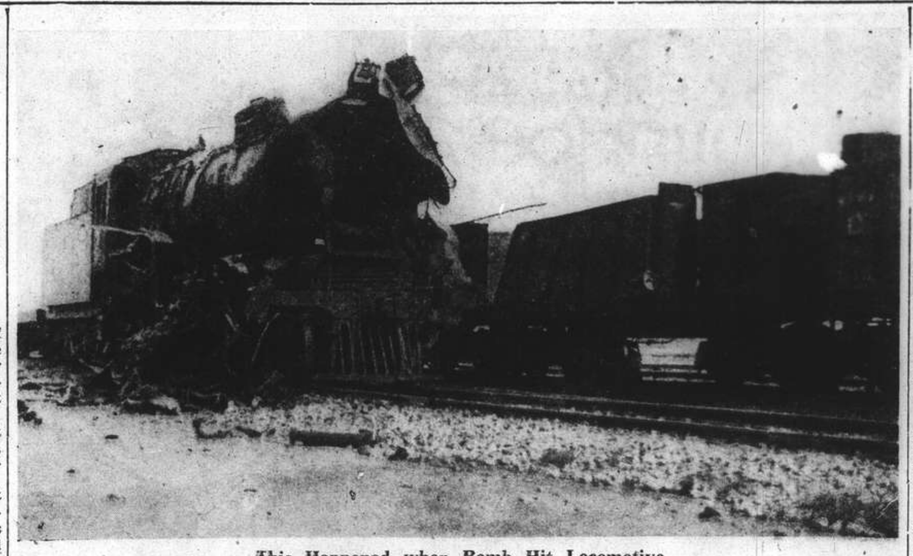
Middle Aged Woman's Body Found in Creek

A gruesome discovery was made yesterday in the midst of the picturesque Hardoon estate situated in Bubbling Well Road, when a coolie noticed a dead body half submerged in one of the creeks.

When extracted it proved to be that of a middle aged Chinese woman, fairly well dressed, with an iron plate about 4 by 2 ft. bound to it by means of wire wound about the legs and trunk.

No marks of violence were in evidence and the cause of death could not be ascertained. It is, however, supposed that the body was placed in the creek several days ago, where the weight of the plate kept it submerged until the process of decomposition forced it to the surface, causing its discovery.

Hardoon Estate is a veritable small colony, with bamboo groves winding creeks, picturesque bridges, summer houses, and a real small village of servants and their relatives who number nearly 200 persons. The property is well guarded by numerous bodyguards and watchmen.



This Happened when Bomb Hit Locomotive

Result of Japanese bombing operations along the Lunghai Railway when a bomb struck a locomotive blowing out the whole front of the engine.

Japanese Troops at Lanfeng In Desperate Position

Chinese Forces Steadily Tighten Hold on Division Caught Near Yellow River; Nipponese Confident

Hankow, May 31.

THE Japanese troops surrounded north-west of Lanfeng are in a desperate position, which is becoming more critical every day, according to Chinese reports received here this afternoon.

The Japanese are stated to be holding out in an area of 21 square miles, running three miles from north to south and seven miles from east to west, with the Chinese forces steadily closing in.

Although Japanese troops occupied Kweiteh on the night of May 28, Chinese dispatches claim that Chinese forces are still holding positions north of the city, in the vicinity of the Kweiteh railway station, which is some miles distant. These forces, it is added, are launching severe counter-attacks in the direction of Kweiteh city.

According to unconfirmed Chinese reports, Chinese mobile units have succeeded in entering the town of Hofei, in Central Anhwei, where they are said to be engaging the Japanese garrison in street fighting.

Huge fires are reported to be raging in the town, which, before its occupation by the Japanese, was considered, from the strategic point of view, one of the most important points held by the Chinese in Anhwei.

After they had arrived at designated positions, the Chinese forces are reported to have launched a general offensive on Hofei at three o'clock on the morning of May 29, the main body attacking from the north-west, and a smaller force from the south-east.

Tashushan Scaled

Making fierce bayonet charges, the Chinese are said to have reached the top of Tashushan, a strategically important hill west of Hofei, the same night.

An official communiqué, issued here today, announces the reoccupation of Mengcheng, about 45 miles north-west of Pengpu.

The Japanese forces who had previously struck out from Mengcheng stated to be heading for Luyi, about 12 miles west of Pohsien, in an attempt to push across country and cut the Peiping-Hankow Railway south of Chengchow.

Fighting of a very severe nature is reported to be in progress both at Pohsien, which is about 40 miles south of Kweiteh, and Kwoyang, midway between Mengcheng and Puhsien and roughly 90 miles south-west of Hsuchowfu.

The Japanese are said to be making determined attempts to capture these two cities. Four thousand Japanese troops equipped with field pieces and tanks are reported to be assaulting Pohsien.—Reuter.

Hankow Attack Prepared

Deployed along a vast semi-circular front, stretching from Wuhu, in the south, to Lanfeng, in the north, Japanese troops were yesterday reported to be awaiting orders to start a drive on Hankow.

The shortest distance between this arc and the seat of the Nationalist Government was estimated at 320 klms.

Consolidating their line of attack, Japanese columns on Sunday and Monday occupied a series of strongholds on the Lunghai Railway and on a strategically important highway stretching north-westward from Mengcheng.

On the extreme right wings of the Japanese line, a column which occupied Kweiteh on Sunday was yesterday rapidly nearing the Lanfeng area, where another Japanese force was locked in a deadly combat with picked units of the Chinese army.

Reports received here on Monday claimed that the Chinese troops had begun a general withdrawal from the Lanfeng area the previous night.

From Lanfeng the Japanese line yesterday ran through Pohsien, Kwoyang, Mengcheng, Hofei and Wuhu.

Attacks on Lanfeng

In an effort to extend the arc westward, Japanese columns were reported to be battering Chinese lines in the vicinity of Lanfeng, regarded by the Japanese military authorities as the "gateway to Kaifeng."

Hostilities were said to be especially bitter in the narrow strip of territory between the Yellow River and the Lunghai Railway.

Chinese troops massed west of Lanfeng, in an effort to block the Japanese drive on Kaifeng and Chengchow—two vital points in the new Chinese defence line—were said to include 20 divisions of Gen. Chiang Kai-shek's troops, under his trusted lieutenant, Gen. Hu Chung-wan.

The central part of the arc remained immobile yesterday, as powerful Japanese units were reported standing by at Mengcheng and another undisclosed Japanese base.

Big Advance in Month

The position of the arc, Japanese military observers pointed out, represented a striking advance from the positions held by the combatants a month ago.

Since that time, Chinese defence works north-east of Hsuchow and around the city itself have been levelled with the ground, while the greater part of the Chengchow-Haichow section of the Lunghai Railway has been occupied by Japanese troops.

As a sequel to the fall of Hsuchow, Japanese forces have also occupied the entire length of the Tsinpu Railway.

Luyi Attacked

Pursuing Chinese troops retreating westward from Pohsien, the Numata detachment attacked Luyi, 24 kilometres west of Pohsien in Honan province, yesterday morning, according to a dispatch from the front.

A message from Shihchiachwang claimed that Chinese troops which had counter-attacked Japanese positions several times in the past few days in an attempt to recapture Lanfeng were retreating in the direction of Kaifeng along the Lunghai Railway yesterday.

The Chinese were said to have abandoned their attacks after Japanese troops advancing rapidly westward threatened them from the rear.

Additional reports on the occupation of Pohsien, 50 kilometres south of Kweiteh and about 45 kilometres north-west of Kowyang, disclosed that the walled town was taken by the Akashida and Kurisu detachments on Monday afternoon, 24 hours after the capture of the east gate.

For a time Chinese troops offered stiff resistance to the Japanese forces attacking the town wall, which is two metres thick and six metres high.

Japanese Estimate of Chinese Casualties

Near Quarter of Million In Hsuchowfu Area

Tokyo, May 31.

Chinese casualties in the Hsuchowfu sector up to May 24 are estimated at about 240,000, "including 103,000 corpses left on the battlefield," in a communiqué issued today by Imperial Headquarters.

The huge amount of material captured, the statement adds, included 96 heavy guns, 270 heavy and 832 light machine guns, 17,400 rifles, 86 locomotives, 2,031 railway coaches and freight wagons, eight armoured trains, 14 tanks and armoured cars, over 9,000,000 cartridges and 44,500 shells.

The number of prisoners is not mentioned.—Reuter.

Cholera Outbreak In Wuhan District

Hankow, May 31.

Four cases of cholera have been reported in the Wuhan area. One case is reported from Wuchang, where the patient is succumbing to the disease after 24 hours. Three cases are reported from Hankow, the patients being a mother and her two children. The Chinese authorities, in co-operation with the League of Nations epidemic unit, and also the Red Cross Society, are making every effort to stamp out the epidemic.—Reuter.

Anti-Cholera Pass Compulsory

No One Not Inoculated to Be Allowed in Japanese-Occupied Areas

Moving to forestall the spread of cholera, now assuming epidemic proportions in the International Settlement South of Soochow Creek, Japanese military authorities yesterday announced that individual certificates of inoculation against the disease would be required of all those entering the areas now under the occupation of the Japanese Army.

An urgent notification to this effect was sent Mr. N. Aall, Senior Consul, by Mr. Shinrokuro Hidaka, Japanese Consul-General in Shanghai.

Seven days' grace will be given Japanese and third party nationals, as well as Chinese chauffeurs employed and accompanied by members of the Consular and Diplomatic Services. The latter will be exempt from the requirement.

Applies to Hungjao, Nantao, Pootung

The rule will apply to the Hungjao area, as well as to Nantao and Pootung. Similar regulations were being studied by the Japanese naval authorities for enforcement in Hongkew, Yangtszepoo and Chapei, a naval spokesman said.

The difficulty of enforcing the rule at the bridges leading north of Soochow Creek, without causing traffic confusion, he said, was one of the main causes for the delay in the enforcement of a similar ruling.

The consular notification read in part:

1. No one except those provided with an inoculation certificate against cholera shall be permitted to enter the abovementioned areas (western parts of the Shanghai area including the Hungjao district, Nantao, and Pootung) on and after May 31.

The Days of Grace

2. The same, however, shall become effective on and after June 7 with Japanese and the nationals of third Powers as well as the Chinese chauffeurs employed and accompanied by those mentioned below.

3. Those who are in the diplomatic and consular services, as well as their families, are requested to carry with them, when entering the abovementioned areas, identity papers issued by the Japanese Consul-General which will be sent to them as soon as they are ready, instead of the said inoculation certificate.

All Japanese residents of areas north of Soochow Creek, including most of their Chinese employees, had been inoculated, an Embassy spokesman said. Mr. Masayuki Tani, Minister-at-large, he added, had also been inoculated.

Local Finance to be Discussed in Hankow

No Formal Conference of Bankers Being Called

Hankow, May 31.

Only questions relating to local finance will be discussed at the Bankers' Conference which opens here tomorrow.

The Ministry of Finance has instructed all managers of the Central Bank, the Bank of China, the Bank of Communications, and also the managers of provincial banks, to come to Hankow for the conference.

It is understood that the conference has been called for the purpose of devising ways and means of effectively carrying out the recent regulations promulgated by the Ministry of Finance for strengthening and stabilizing the financial situation in all parts of China. It is emphasized that there will be no formal conference.

The various managers have been instructed to come here to exchange views with the Ministry of Finance, in the form of conversations, so that the ministry may be better informed regarding local financial conditions, and also the financial needs of each particular district.

It is understood that the banks will be urged to extend small loans to local merchants, to lessen the losses suffered by small business establishments as a result of the war.—Reuter.

Aggressor Nations of World Denounced In U.S. Memorial Day Address

Senator David Walsh Attacks Japan for China War; Expanded Navy to Defend American Possessions

Washington, May 30.

Senator David I. Walsh, Democrat of Massachusetts, delivered a slashing attack on aggressor nations, including Japan, in a speech made over the graves of America's Great War dead at Arlington Cemetery here today as the nation observed Memorial Day.

He warned aggressor nations that the United States was building a Navy of adequate strength to protect her territory and possessions against any other World Power or combination of Powers.

Democracy at Low Ebb

Senator Walsh decried the failure of the Great War to "make the world safe for democracy." He said democracy had never been at such a low ebb and in such peril throughout the world as at the present time.

Disregard of pledges and commitments is widely prevalent among certain aggressor Powers, he said. These nations have turned to pouncing upon weak nations while rejecting previous promises assumed to have been made in good faith, he declared.

Senator Walsh pointed out China and Ethiopia as victims of aggressor nations no longer fulfilling previous pledges.

"Japan's campaign in China," he said, "is predicated on the supposition—which events may prove erroneous—that China is no match for the Japanese military machine."

Commenting of Ex-Emperor Haile Selassie's recent futile appeal to the League of Nations for restoration of his authority in Ethiopia, Senator Walsh said the League "failed to save dying Ethiopia, although the League was established to protect the rights of small nations."

No New U.S. Policy

Senator Walsh said the United States was not initiating a new foreign policy to meet the threat of aggressor nations. Proposed increases in the strength of the American Navy, he said, were not in contemplation of any open or secret alliance for offence or defence against any nation or group of nations.

"Indeed, we are proceeding with just the opposite theory," he said. "We contemplate a Navy of such size that it may single-handed afford us adequate defence against any Power or combination of Powers."—United Press.

Many Holiday Accidents

New York, May 31.

Two hundred people were killed yesterday as death took its annual Memorial Day toll. Of this total, 140 deaths occurred as a result of motor accidents. On the same day last year the toll was 356 killed, or about fifty per cent., over that of this year.—Havas.

Planes Again Bomb Canton

Little Damage Done in Latest Raid; Japanese Deny Charges of Indiscriminate Attacks

Canton, May 31.

CANTON'S hopes of a respite from yesterday's air-raids were shattered this morning by the sounding of the alarm at 9.05. Soon afterwards, five Japanese aeroplanes appeared over the city and began to drop their bombs. The objectives of the raiders were not certain, but the sound of the explosions came from the direction of Honam, a thickly populated district.

Little damage resulted from this morning's raid, a number of bombs falling in the river, and some in open spaces near Saichuen Waterworks.

No casualties have been reported up to now, and there were no further air raids during the afternoon. —Reuter.

Indiscriminate Bombing Denied

Emphatically refuting the allegation that the Japanese air raids on Canton were "indiscriminate," a Japanese naval spokesman here yesterday morning declared that attacks were directed solely against Chinese military establishments and centres of anti-Japanese activities.

"Japan's policy of discriminating between military objectives and civilian zones remains unchanged and strictly observed", he asserted.

"That civilians should suffer is naturally regrettable, but it must be remembered that as early as last August the Japanese naval authorities had warned against staying near Chinese air bases and military and strategic establishments.

"If our warning has gone unheeded, there is nothing we can do".

Anti-Aircraft Fire Casualties

The spokesman pointed out that the heavy anti-aircraft fire during the Japanese raids on Canton had probably caused numerous casualties.

In the course of Monday's raid, he claimed, hits were scored on the buildings of the Canton Municipality, the Provincial Government, the Garrison Headquarters and the Bureau of Finance.

The buildings of the Kwangtung Government were said to have been set on fire.

A battery of anti-aircraft guns east of Sitsun, in a suburb of Canton, was silenced by direct hits, the spokesman claimed.

More than 40 hits were also scored by the raiders on the power plant, a cement factory, and a sulphuric acid plant at Saichuen, another suburb. All of these structures were said to have been wrecked.

An arsenal in the north-eastern part of the city was reported to be ablaze.

Japanese naval aircraft also continued their operations in the Lunghai Railway area, bombing and strafing Chinese troops in the vicinity of Haichow.

Eight aerodromes in Chekiang, Fukien and Kiangsi were also raided on Monday—some of the airfields twice during the day. No Chinese planes were seen at these airfields, situated in Foochow, Pucheng, Kiennow, Lishui, Chuhsien, Yushan, Chuki and Ningpo.

Japanese Diplomatic Posts Reshuffled

London and Washington Envoys Said Recalled

Tokyo, May 31.

The new Japanese Foreign Minister, Gen. Kazushige Ugaki, intends to make important alterations in the personnel of the Foreign Ministry and in diplomatic posts abroad, according to political circles here yesterday.

The principal change planned is that of the Japanese Ambassador in London, the position at present being occupied by Mr. Shigeru Yoshida. Further details have not yet been given by the Japanese Foreign Ministry.—Trans-Ocean.

London Envoy Recalled

London, May 31.

According to the "Daily Telegraph," the Japanese Ambassador in Washington, Mr. N. Saito, will succeed Mr. S. Yoshida, Japanese Ambassador in London, whose recall has been announced.

Mr. K. Horinouchi, Japanese Under-Minister for Foreign Affairs, has been named for the Washington post, according to the same source.—Trans-Ocean.

Tokyo, May 31.

All parliamentary vice-ministers and councillors, including Mr. Tadao Matsumoto, Parliamentary Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs, and Mr. Seisho Haruna, Parliamentary Councillor for Foreign Affairs, will remain in office, according to a decision reached at a conference of the newly appointed ministers, and Mr. Akira Kazami, Chief Secretary of the Cabinet, this morning.—Reuter.

Air Battle Fought Over Hankow

Populace Watch Fourteen Japanese Planes Brought Down by Defenders

Hankow, May 31.

A desperate air battle, the first to be staged over Hankow since the terrific combat between Chinese and Japanese 'planes just over a month ago, took place this morning, in the course of which, according to independent reports, fourteen out of 34 Japanese 'planes were shot down by Chinese aircraft.

Chinese Aviation Headquarters announced that fifteen Japanese 'planes were shot down, twelve at Hankow, and three at Hukow, about ten miles east of Kiukiang.

Aviation Headquarters gave the number of 'planes taking part in the engagement as 54 Japanese, and 60 Chinese.

Just as the Japanese 'planes drew near to the north-western suburbs of the city, according to Chinese reports, Chinese aircraft, which were patrolling high above the city waiting for the raiders, swooped down like hawks on the Japanese formation.

A furious aerial engagement followed at a high altitude, the reports stated, three groups of Chinese and Japanese aircraft taking part in the life and death struggle staged against a background of clear blue sky.

The opposing 'planes circled round and round each other, their wings occasionally flashing in the brilliant sunlight, each machine plainly visible to the hundreds breathlessly watching the engagement from below.

Two Smoking Wrecks

Early in the battle, two columns of dense, black smoke could be seen rising from the ground some distance from the city. They were believed to come from the wrecks of aeroplanes which crashed during the engagement.

One pilot came down in his parachute, which floated slowly towards the earth, and two Chinese 'planes landed at the Hankow aerodrome during the fight, either because their pilots were wounded, or because their machines were disabled by Japanese machine-gun bullets.

Gradually the Japanese aircraft drew further and further away, while the Chinese 'planes were seen returning to their bases, suadron after squadron roaring back over the city, many still cruising above Hankow on the look out for further Japanese raiding 'planes, and the remainder landing at the Hankow aerodrome.

A desperate engagement took place over the north-western suburbs when Chinese aircraft intercepted the Japanese 'planes. The air raid alarm was sounded at 11.30 a.m., when the Japanese 'planes could be seen flying straight for Hankow.

The recent terrific bombings of Canton, Hsuchowfu, Chengchow and Kaifeng, in which the residential areas were among those to suffer, also had their effect in producing an electrical atmosphere among the Hankow populace.

Bombers Intercepted

Japanese pursuit 'planes speeding towards Hankow ahead of the bombing aircraft, Chinese reports declare, were challenged by Chinese pursuit 'planes east of Hankow. The Japanese bombers, it is stated, immediately turned back without attempting to bomb their objectives here.

Simultaneously, Chinese pursuit 'planes were taking off from another aerodrome, the reports continue, and these intercepted the Japanese bombers at Kiukiang, bringing down three of them.

While Chinese official figures give the number of Japanese 'planes participating in the raid as 36 pursuit 'planes and 18 heavy bombers, information from independent sources indicates that the Japanese raiding squadron comprised 26 pursuit 'planes and eight bombers.

According to Chinese official reports, one Chinese machine was damaged, but it is reliably learned that two Chinese machines crashed, one of the pilots landing safely by his parachute.

According to a Japanese Communique last night, twenty Chinese planes were shot down, while one Japanese plane failed to return to its base.—Reuter.

British Ship Sunk, Sailor Hurt in Raid On Valencia; Frenchman Killed

Strong Representation Made to Burgos Over Bombing And Sinking of ss. Thorpe Hall, Commons Told

Madrid, May 31.

A British ship of 3,995 tons, the name of which is given as the Penthames, was sunk today in bombing raids on Valencia by Nationalist planes. A Spanish ship was also sunk during the attack.

Three British sailors have been badly injured in an air-raid on Valencia, and one of them is not expected to survive. A French sailor was killed when the French steamer Djem was set afire by bombs.—Reuter.

French Ship Still Afire

Valencia, May 31.

The French vessel, Eldjem, set afire in a Nationalist air raid, is still blazing fiercely and has had to be towed out of the harbour. The 35-men crew are all safe.

Nationalist planes staged three raids over this city last night. They bombed the Cabanal and El Grau districts causing considerable damage. —Havas.

British Representations

London, May 31.

The subject of the bombing of the British cargo steamer, Thorpe Hall, on May 25, while she was anchored a mile and a half off the entrance to Valencia, was dwelt upon in the House of Commons yesterday.

Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs said that from the reports he had received he understood that the vessel had been attacked by an aeroplane, which dropped two bombs. One missile struck the steamer, which sank half an hour later.

From the fact that the ship had been lying well away from the harbour, and had been reconnoitred by a similar aeroplane on the previous evening, Mr. Butler continued, the British Government considered that she was the victim of deliberate attack.

Sir Robert Hodgson, the British agent at Burgos, had been instructed to bring the incident to the notice of the Burgos authorities and to request that strong disciplinary action be taken against the crew of the offending aircraft. Sir Robert Hodgson had further been instructed to impress upon the Burgos authorities the serious view taken by the British Government of the repetition of deliberate attacks on British shipping, and to request that instructions be given that such attacks should cease.

The British Government, Mr. Butler concluded, reserved the right to claim full compensation for the loss and damage to persons and property resulting from this attack on the Thorpe Hall.—Reuter.

Czech-Sudeten Parleys Making Progress in Strict Secrecy

Tension Very Much Eased; Many Men Called to Colours Permitted to Return Home

Prague, May 31.

DELICATE negotiations are proceeding with great secrecy between the Czech Government and the Sudeten Germans. It transpires that the Premier, Dr. Milan Hodza, saw Sudeter representatives on Sunday, although it was a holiday. This is believed to indicate that the negotiations are progressing well.

Another sign that the atmosphere has improved is the fact that, in a number of cases, men called to the colours in certain areas who have urgent personal business to attend to have been permitted to return home.—Reuter.

Prague, May 31.

The Chief of the Political Section of the Czechoslovakian Foreign Office, Dr. B. Pavlu, informed the German Minister in Prague, Dr. Ernst Eisenlohr, that an enquiry regarding his complaint that Czech war planes had crossed the German frontier had been made. The enquiry, he said, showed that certain flying officers had actually flown over German territory and they had already been severely punished.—Reuter.

Troop Withdrawal Expected

London, May 30.

The order with which the Czech municipal elections yesterday were carried out in the Sudeten districts and the resumption of parleys between the Premier Dr. Milan Hodza, and Herr Konrad Henlein, leader of Sudeten German Party, will induce Prague to cancel in whole or in part at least, the military measures taken along the Reich's border, diplomats here assert today. If this were done, the last obstacle in the way of the Government-Sudeten Party conversations would be removed, and the nationalities question could be thoroughly discussed.

Latest reports from Prague indicate that the Czech Government's proposals and Herr Henlein's demands can be easily reconciled. In fact, they say the issue of the Hodza-Henlein parleys really depend upon Berlin's influence.

Berlin Requirements

The main difficulties may arise mainly from the fact that while Prague is willing to grant the Sudetens local autonomy, meaning administrative freedom by districts, Germany wants a single administration to rule over the whole Sudeten territory. This would mean the creation of an uninterrupted strip of land controlled by the Sudetens, and running along the German and Austrian frontiers. Prague would retain sovereignty over these regions only in national matters.

Diplomats here conclude that such an administration would facilitate at a later date the return of all German minorities to the Reich.—Havas.

Sudeten Communique

Prague, May 30.

Sudeten groups should be granted full financial freedom, inciuding liberty to choose their own currency. Czechoslovakia's foreign policy must not lead to any ethnical group being opposed to the whole nation. This demand is interpreted as a criticism levelled at Prague's alliances with France and Soviet Russia. The Sudetens should be granted full administrative autonomy, including their own police and justice.

Such are the three main points stressed in a long communique issued today by the Sudeten Party summing up their drastic demands voiced at the Karlovy Vary (Carlsbad) Congress of April 23. This official despatch is styled a "clarification" of the speech made at the Congress by Deputy Kundt. The address was kept secret until today.

American Slovaks Arrive

A delegation of American Slovaks arrived here last night, and were welcomed by Government representatives and high personalities. A number of Sokol legionaries were at the station, as well as an enormous crowd.

In a statement to a Havas correspondent M. Hlenko, leader of the delegation, declared that the group did not come to Prague with the idea of imposing anything upon the Czech Government, but was merely authorized to advise that negotiations be held between the Czech Government and Slovaks.

"We must know what the Government's view is on the Pittsburgh entente," he added. "We hope that Dr. Hodza fully understands the entente and that the Czech Government will grant the Slovaks what they are entitled to in accordance with the entente. We want the Slovaks to have their own administration for local affairs."—Havas.

Bombings Dismay British Public

Commons Statement on Slaughter of Canton Civilians Sought

London, May 31.

Mr. Arthur Henderson, Labour member for the Kingswinford division of Staffordshire, will ask the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, for a statement in the House of Commons, on Wednesday, on the air bombing of civilians in Canton.

The League of Nations Union is holding a conference on the subject.

News of the raids is prominently featured in all newspapers here.

The "Manchester Guardian," declaring that the raiders made no effort to find their military objective, stresses the alleged fact that they dropped bombs on the crowded living quarters of the city. They made their purpose plain, the newspaper asserts, by machine-gunning rescuers.

There was a time, the "Guardian" continues, when such "outrages" would have awakened the world to instant protest, "but war, which tends always to brutalize combatants, now appears to have dulled the conscience of onlookers with its repeated horrors.

"Japan, which in the full pride of her first successes took little notice of a protesting world, is no longer so self-confident. The final victory has receded and the Japanese armies face a vast hostile continent, with constant menace from the north. International opinion, if expressed with sufficient resolution, might stay Japan's continued assaults on civilian life."

"Frightfulness of Frustration"

Additional reports of "ruthlessness" on the part of the Japanese in the destruction of Chinese fishing boats all along the coast are in no wise calculated to improve public feeling towards Japan.

The "Daily Mail" states that news of raids by Japanese war planes on Canton during the past three days, in which 2,800 people are said to have been killed and wounded, "both sickens and offends people in this country, stirring pity and resentment in equal measure."

The "News-Chronicle" states that the "Japanese are wreaking their full fury on the defenceless city of Canton. Having suffered serious setbacks during their campaign, they are now venting all the frightfulness of frustration." The time will come for renewing and redoubling former protests. If the Japanese realize that they are mobilizing world opinion against them, they may begin to doubt whether the game is worth the candle."

"The Times," in a special despatch from Canton, states that perhaps 70 per cent. of the bombings had some conceivable relevance to the military and industrial activities of the city.

"The rest," the journal states, "are either completely malignant, or wildly maladroit."

Mr. Chamberlain's Statement

Public dismay at the news from Spain and the Far East of heavy civilian casualties as the result of bombing from the air was reflected in the questions addressed in the House of Commons yesterday to the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain.

What steps had been taken, Mr. Chamberlain was asked, to give effect to the unanimous resolution, passed in the House of Commons on February 2, declaring that the growing aerial bombardment of defenceless civilians should be expressed in an international agreement to co-operate in its prohibition.

The Government reply stated that the question was being most carefully studied by the departments concerned, with a view to overcoming the many technical and legal difficulties involved. It had not, however, reached the form in which it could advantageously be submitted to other Governments.

"At the same time," Mr. Chamberlain declared, "the British Government has not failed to make clear its views about the bombardment of civilian populations, and it has approached the French Government and the Vatican."

World Pact Desired

Answering supplementary questions, the Prime Minister said that what was desired was an international agreement.

There was no use, he continued, in putting before the other Governments crude or unprepared proposals in a matter which gave rise to very great difficulties.

The Government was seeking to get a proposition into a form in which it would have a chance of acceptance by other Governments. When it had succeeded it would be in a position to invite other Governments to consider the proposal.—Reuter.

Reichsmark Quotations

Berlin, May 30.

The following were today's Reichsmark quotations: New York 40.49, Amsterdam 72.795 to 72.825, London 12.3325.

Paris quoted sterling at 178.05 to 178.15 and the U.S. dollar at 35.925 to 35.94.—Trans-Ocean.

THE Military Affairs Commission on Monday gave a tea reception to the War Aid Corps formed by various circles in Kweichow who recently arrived in Hankow, says a dispatch to the "Life Daily News." During the reception, the Minister of War, General Ho Ying-chin, addressed the group on some aspects of war aid work.

King Zog of Albania Marries Magyar Girl

View of the ceremony at Tirania, Albania, when King Zog of Albania was married to Countess Geraldine Apponyi, daughter of a Hungarian Count and an American mother, the former Gladys Stewart of New York. On the left is Count Ciano, Italian Foreign Minister, with King Zog and his bride.

New Tariff Cuts Rates on Many Commodities

(Continued from page 5)

"1. Import duties shall be imposed in accordance with the import tariff newly legislated and promulgated.

"The new tariff adopts the metric system, and is based in general upon the tariff enacted on December 29, 19th year of the Republic of China.

"Since it was deemed just and proper, however, the decision was reached also to apply in Central China the same rate of reduction or exemption of duties upon some articles particularly needed for the relief and rehabilitation as reduced or exempted in North China by the notification of the "Provisional Government" issued on January 20.

"2. Export duties shall be imposed in accordance with the existing tariff. However, some of the important export goods, the duties upon which were reduced or exempted by the "Provisional Government" to promote their export for the sake of the industrial recovery of the devastated areas, shall be dealt with under the same revised tariff as in North China, with the same end in view.

"3. Interport duties, as revised on October I of last year, shall remain effective. The Maritime Customs in North China, which had not adopted this revised tariff, have decided to enforce the same.

"4. The Revenue Surtax hitherto collected shall be abolished, and a Relief Surtax shall be imposed in its stead, in order to afford the relief in the distressed areas.

Other Regulations Effective

"Other existing regulations and rules concerning the Maritime Customs shall remain effective unless otherwise ordered, and the Maritime Customs shall function in conformity with such regulations and rules.

"As stated above, the revision is not intended to discriminate between foreign Powers, but is aimed solely at the relief of the people and the economic recovery of the devastated areas, as well as the promotion of trade and industry in general.

"Accordingly, the new import duties are based upon the tariff enacted in 19th year of the Republic of China which was comparatively just and equitable, applying, at the same time, the rate revised in North China upon a small number of articles particularly needed for relief and rehabilitation.

"The above-mentioned measures regarding export and inter-port duties have been decided for the time being, and studies in the matter will further be continued in the future.

Revision Temporary

"The revision is therefore a temporary one, and the Government will endeavour to bring into being more rational tariff policies as soon as possible. Until a fundamental revision is effected, the Government desires to refrain from frequent revisions of the tariff, which would impede the recovery of commerce and industry.

"The function of the Shanghai Maritime Customs in the Settlement north of the Soochow Creek and in Pootung has been almost suspended since the outbreak of hostilities.

"The Government, with the assistance of the Japanese authorities, will restore the function of the Maritime Customs in the above areas with the enforcement of this revision, and will secure the customs revenue.

"The Government intends to prevent, with the co-operation of friendly Powers, the evasion of duties, and to realize to the fullest degree the equitable protection of legitimate trade and the security of customs revenue and the service of obligations."

Peiping Hunanese to Be Repatriated

Many War Refugees in the North China Capital

Peiping, May 31.

The Hunan Residents Guild in Peiping is making arrangements for sending stranded Hunanese refugees in Peiping to their native places, state Chinese reports.

A number of Hunanese residents in Peiping have lost their positions as a result of the present hostilities. According to the plan devised by the guild anyone who wants to return to his home province will be given a subsidy of $22.

The estimated train and steamer fares from here to Changsha is $37 and anyone wishing to avail of the subsidy must provide $15 himself.

Chinese reports state that so far 400 Hunanese have registered and that they will leave Tientsin for Hongkong by steamer and then go to Changsha by train.—Reuter.

Japan's Trade Figures

Tokyo, May 31.

Japan's foreign trade in the past ten days resulted in an adverse balance of Y.14,086,000. Imports for the period totalled Y.100,831,000 while exports were valued at Y.86,745,000.—Domei.

THE Legislative Yuan, at a meeting held on Monday approved the regulations governing the National Defence Bonds and the Gold Loans recently issued by the Government, states a message to the "Standard,"

Vienna Jews Panic Over Rumours

Vienna, May 30.

Vienna Jews were thrown into panic tonight by fast spreading rumours that Nazi authorities had arrested thousands of Jews in a wholesale round-up in retaliation for anti-German activity among emigres in New York.

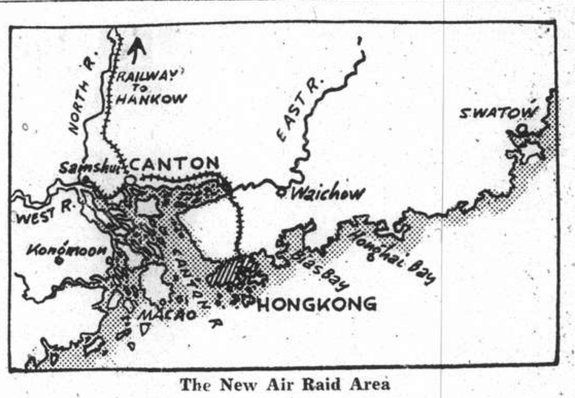
A United Press correspondent, learned that a new batch of Jews, variously estimated at between a few hundred and 3,000, had been arrested in the Vienna area as part of a new Nazi campaign of "cross examination."—United Press.

OBITUARY

Capt. George Yardley

San Francisco, May 31.

Capt. George Yardley, who was master of the Dollar Line's ship President Hoover which went aground off the coast of Formosa and was abandoned, died tonight in Marine Hospital here at the age of 58. His death was attributed to complications arising from exposure and strain from the harrowing events of his last two trips to the Orient in which the ship was bombed by Chinese Army planes off Shanghai and later beached and deserted off Formosa.—United Press.



The New Air Raid Area

Visitors to North China To Carry $500

New Regulation Made for Callers at Tientsin

Peiping, May 31.

The Tientsin Customs Superintendent's office has secured the approval of the "Provisional Government" in imposing restrictions on the amount of money that each traveller may carry and has notified the Chamber of Commerce of this.

Each traveller is allowed to carry $500 either in Federal Reserve Bank notes or notes issued by other banks and anyone who wishes to carry more than the stipulated sum is required to be covered with a government "huchao." The applies to travellers entering and leaving North China.

Government organizations and banks that wish to transport money from one place to another must apply for a "huchao" with formal letters, whereas for individuals who apply for such "huchao" substantial shop guarantees are required.—Reuter.

British Exports to Japan Decline

No Change in Imports From Japan

London, May 31.

United Kingdom exports to Japan for the first three months of this year had fallen by over 50 per cent. compared with the corresponding period last year, declared Mr. Oliver Stanley, President of the Board of Trade, in the House of Commons today.

During the same period, he added, British imports from Japan had shown no decline. As at present advised, Mr. Stanley said, he saw no useful action to induce Japanese importers to buy more British goods.—Reuter.

Gen. Ugaki Receives Diplomatic Corps

Tokyo, May 31.

Thirty-two foreign envoys stationed here were this afternoon individually received by Gen. Kazushige Ugaki, the newly appointed Foreign Minister. The distinguished group was headed by Baron de Bassompierre, Belgian Ambassador and Doyen of the Diplomatic Corps.—Domei.

Eucharistic Congress

Budapest, May 30.

The next Eucharistic Congress will be held in Nice in 1940, it was announced here today. The Congress here has now concluded.—Havas.

FUNERAL

Mrs. Sarah Carmelita Vianna

In the presence of relatives and many mourners, funeral services were conducted yesterday afternoon at the Bubbling Well Cemetery for the late Mrs. Sarah Carmelita Vianna. In the morning a Requiem Mass was celebrated at the Church of Christ the King on Rue Bourgeat by Father Sansoucy, who also officiated at the graveside. The deceased comes from a very old and well known family in Shanghai and has been a resident of this city for the past thirty-four years. She died last Sunday afternoon at the Pauiun Hospital after a long illness at the age of forty-eight years. She is survived by her husband, Mr. Vicente Viriato Vianna, three daughters, Serena, Stella and Mercia, and four sons, Manuel, Henrique, Fernando, and Victor. Among those sending flowers were:—

Henrique, Mercia, Fernando and Victor; Serena, Carlos and family; Joe, Betty, Elsie, Willie, Maria and Francoise; Martha and Francis; Freda and Tony; Hilda and Georgie; Winifred; Adolpho, Maria a filhos; Bahon and family; Daisy and Ito; Aunt Carmen Maria d'Assis and family; Members of the Traffic Audit Department, Eastern Extension Telegraph Co., Ltd.; Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Almedia and Family; J. C. Britto; Misses Campbell and Teresa Wiser; Mr. and Mrs. G. Collaco; Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Calibo and family; E. J. Child and family; Mr. and Mrs. P. A. da Costa; P. A. Meira da Costa; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Corbin; Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Endaya and family; Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Guterres and family; Mr. and Mrs. George Gomes and family; Mr. and Mrs. Lowburn and family; Mr. and Mrs. G. Norman; Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Macain and family; Mrs. A. C. Oliveira and Son; P. Palma and family; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Rozario; T. Rangel; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. R. Souza and family; Antero A. G. da Silva and Amanda; Mr. and Mrs. Sangaland and family; Mrs. Simmons and family; E. Tuescua; Naceng and Wun Tzai, Amah and Wun Yung; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Tokyo War Vice-Minister in Changchun

Changchun, May 31.

Lieut.-Gen. Hideki Tojo, the newly appointed Vice-Minister of War and former Chief of Staff of the Kwantung Army, arrived here from Tokyo last night and immediately began a conference with Gen. Kenkichi Uyeda, Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Ambassador to Manchoukuo.—Domei.

Pope Observes Birthday

Castel Gandolfo, May 31.

Pope Pius observed his 81st birthday anniversary today in the quiet sanctum of his summer palace where he received congratulations from prelates throughout the world.—United Press.

Lloyd Triestino Ship Arriving

Passengers Coming to Customs Jetty at 9 a.m Liner Needs Repair

A radio message received yesterday afternoon from the Conte Rosso states that she is arriving at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side, today at 6 a.m. and her passengers will be conveyed to the Customs Jetty by tenders Scot 1 and Caroline Moller, landing at about 9 a.m.

The liner struck a rock near the Fisherman Island on Sunday at about 9 p.m. while drifting in a thick fog about 60 miles off Woosung pilot station. She got off the rock without any outside assistance but could not proceed owing to fog and absence of accoustic signals from the Steep Island, Gutslaff and North Saddle stations.

When the fog slightly cleared she weighed anchor at 11.15 a.m. yesterday and steamed at reduced speed to the Woosung pilot station, where she arrived at 4.15 p.m. Contrary to previous announcements, she is now entering this port to discharge, and will then sail for Hongkong to enter dry dock for repairs. She will not take any passengers, mail or cargo from Shanghai.

Conte Rosso was built in 1922 at Glasgow, has twin screws driven by two steam turbines which develop the speed of 21 knots.

Two More Kidnappings Reported in U.S.

Girl in California and Boy in Florida Taken

Santa Cruz, Cal., May 30.

Police today guarded all roads leading from Santa Cruz, fearing that four-year-old Betty Ray Harboard, missing daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ray Harboard, residents of Watsonville, had been kidnapped.—United Press.

Florida Kidnapping

Princeton, Fla., May 30.

James B. Cash, 5½-year-old son of the owner of a chain of petrol stations, was kidnapped Saturday evening from his home while his mother was absent aiding the father to count receipts at the general store, it was revealed here today.

Both parents and Federal investigators declined to disclose any details but confirmed the fact of the abduction. It was reported that the Cashs found two notes demanding U.S.$10,000 ransom and are now attempting to establish contact with the kidnappers. Federal agents are not interferring in efforts to recover the child, fearing the kidnappers might become frightened and murder the boy.—United Press.

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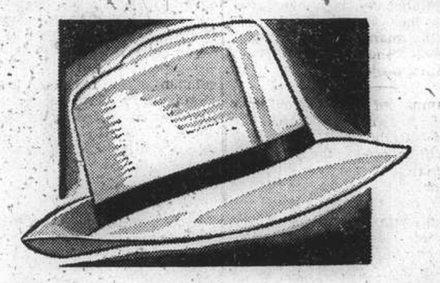

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Shanghai, June 1, 1938 PURCHASING AGENT, SHANGHAI POWER CO.

FROM DAY TO DAY

THE King and Queen returned to London on Monday afternoon from Sandringham.

THE Duke and Duchess of Windsor have left Versailles en route to Cape Antibes. They were accompanied to the station by several friends who gave them a cheerful send off.

THE local Head Post Office announces that C.O.D. parcels and C.O.D. registered letters services between China and foreign countries will be temporarily suspended from June 1.

MR. R. T. Peyton-Griffin, Editor of the "North-China Daily News," will be absent from the office for a few days. He has entered the General Hospital where he has undergone a minor operation.

MISS Louise Dyer, the daughter of Rev. and Mrs. E. R. Dyer, American Church Mission, 99-D Jessfield Road, Shanghai, has been awarded a medal for academic excellence at Stuart Hall, Staunton, Virginia, U.S.A., where she is a student.

SIR Percy Noble, Commander in Chief of the British Fleet in China Waters, sailed in the H.M.S. Falmouth for Amoy, yesterday at 8.15 a.m. H.M.S. Adventure which was due from Hongkong yesterday, is delayed by fog off Woosung and is now expected this morning.

WATER communications between the International Settlement and Nantao, which have been suspended for some time, will be resumed today states a report to the "Sin Wen Pao." Three shipping firms, the Ting Dah, Teh Hui and the Shanghai Transport Company will put vessels on the reopened line.

THE National Aeronautical Commission will hold a memorial service for the late air pilots Chen Hwaiming, Yang Sheng-hsien and Sunchang at the Chamber of Commerce in Hankow on June 5, states a dispatch to the "Hwa Mei Chen Pao." The three airmen were recently killed in action over Kweiteh and Wuhan cities.

THE General War Aid Association formed by overseas Chinese has sent delegates to Hongkong to "comfort" refugees, who recently evacuated Amoy for the Colony, says a message to the "Life Daily News." These delegates have co-operated with prominent Fukien residents in Hongkong to form a relief committee, which is expected shortly to appeal for donations from Chinese communities abroad.

MR. Huang Kuo-hsun, a member of the National Relief Commission, arrived in Nanchang on May 29 to inspect relief work among war refugees in Kiangsi province on behalf of the Commission, says a message to the "Standard." Following his arrival in Nanchang, it is reported, Mr. Huang has held consultations with the Chairman of the Provincial Government, General Hsiung Shih-hui, on relief projects.

TEN camps of the ancient man dating back to the late palaeolitic period (15—20 thousand years ago) have been discovered in the Novgorod-Seversk district, Chernigov region (in the Ukraine). Over 30,000 flint and bone tools and the remains of the workshops where they had been manufactured have been found. Among other finds were bones of the animals of the glacial period—a mammoth, rhinoceros, polar rodents, polar fox and others.

A STRICT search of travellers in Tientsin is being enforced by Japanese gendarmes there, says a message to the "Hwa Mei Chen Pao." Even officials of the "Provisional Government," who arrive in Tientsin or leave the city for Peiping on business, are not immune to these activities and must submit themselves to examination by the gendarmes. The Peiping regime, it is learnt, has ordered the Police Bureaux in Peiping and Tientsin to issue special passes for easy identification.

A REMARKABLE clock, said to be an excellent timekeeper, is on display at the International Handicraft Exhibition in Berlin. The clock is made entirely of plexiglas, a synthetic unbreakable chemical glass perfectly transparent and colourless although the raw materials from which it is made are coal and lime. This piece of exquisite workmanship is being shown for the first time. One can see right through the clock from side to side and watch all its mechanism working.

CHANG Yu-ching, a former civic leader in Chapei who recently broke out into the limelight by becoming the head of the Japanese-sponsored Huang-Tao Society and Hsin-Ya Association, has been appointed the Director of the Police Bureau of the Shanghai-Woosung Municipal Office in Pootung, states a report to the "Morning Leader." Chang is succeeding Chu Yu-cheng, who resigned shortly after the abortive attempt on the life of the Mayor, Mr. Soo Hsi-wen, by an unidentified assassin in Pootung on April 15.

THE Duke and Duchess of Windsor at noon on Monday inaugurated the "Rue de Windsor" in Versailles in the presence of M. Henri Haye, Senator and Mayor of Versailles, and numerous personalities. The Duke and Duchess removed a veil which covered the enamel plate bearing the name of the road, which is situated near the Chateau de la Maye where the distinguished couple remained for several months. Senator Haye made a short address, while the Duke, speaking in English, thanked the Versailles municipality for the honour bestowed.

THE Executive Yuan has allotted a sum of $10,000 for the compensation and relief of victims of recent Japanese bombings in Canton, says a dispatch to the "Standard." The funds are reported to have been remitted to the Kwangtung Provincial Government by the Ministry of Finance. Meanwhile, according to another report, the General Supervisor of French mission hospitals in China has dispatched a large medical staff to Canton to help in caring for the recent bombings by Japanese 'planes. The Chairman of the Kwangtung Provincial Government, General Wu Te-chen, has thanked this officer on behalf of the Cantonese people.

Heavy Fog Delays Arriving Vessels

Conte Rosso Arrives in Port Today at 6 a.m.; Patroclus This Morning

Heavy fog outside Woosung has delayed numerous arriving vessels, among which are Conte Rosso, H.M.S. Adventure, ss. Patroclus, Dairen Maru and a number of coastal vessels.

According to the local agency of the Lloyd Triestino, their liner Conte Rosso arrives from Trieste and way ports today at 6 a.m. at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side; her passengers reaching the Customs Jetty at about 9 a.m. It is stated that the ship will discharge in this port and then proceed to Hongkong for repairs, without taking aboard any passengers, cargo, or mail from Shanghai.

Arriving from Kobe, the M.M Aramis is due on Monday and should leave for Marseilles by way of Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti, Suez and Port Said, on the following day.

The R. M. S. Carthage arrives from Japan on Sunday and sails homewards on June 7, calling at Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said, Malta, Marseilles, Casablanca, Gibraltar and London.

Dairen Maru Delayed

Delayed by fog at Fairway buoy since 10 a.m. yesterday, the Blue Funnel ss. Patroclus is now due at buoys 15-16 today at 6.30 a.m.; her passengers arriving at Customs Jetty at 9 a.m. She sails tomorrow at about 9 a.m. for Marseilles, London, Rotterdam and Glasgow. The passenger tender leaves the Customs Jetty at 8 a.m. The same company's ss. Agapenor is to make this port arriving from Liverpool on June 4.

Having completed repairs in Hongkong dock, the American-Oriental mv. Lossiebank leaves that port and is expected to arrive on about June 3, at Jardine's Pootung Wharf.

The Marchen Maersk sails tomorrow from buoys 12-13 for Kobe, Nagoya, Yokohama, Los Angeles, Panama and New York. Berthing at buoys 15-16 on June 4 at about noon, the Hamburg Amerika Line mv. Ramses should make port this Saturday. She leaves on the following day for Genoa, Marseilles, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.

Dairen Maru Delayed

Local offices of the D.K.K. state that their ss. Dairen Maru is delayed by fog at Tsingtao and is now due tomorrow about noon. She is to sail for Tsingtao and Dairen on the following day at 11 a.m.

M.M. cargo steamer Yalou arrives from Europe and way ports tomorrow at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side. Lloyd Triestino mv. Arabia is due at Jardine's Pootung Wharf tomorrow morning, arriving from Europe via Iloilo and Hongkong with about 2,000 tons of general cargo.

Jardine Matheson & Co's ss. Chaksang sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf today at 10 a.m. for Hongkong and Canton. The same company's ss. Leesang leaves the Peking Road Jetty today at 4 p.m. for Swatow, Hongkong and Haiphong. The B. & S. ss. Taiyuan sails from the French Bund today at 1 p.m. for Swatow, Hongkong and Canton.

Passengers

Among those who left yesterday in the Empress of Asia for Hongkong and Manila, were:

Mr. and Mrs. J. and Miss A. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Stoddart, Dr. P. Berteli, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Chandler, Mr. H. A. Magnuson, Mr. F. A. Norton, Mr. A. W. L. Robinson, Mr. E. R. Girard, Mr. and Mrs. V. D. H. Bidwell, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Bladon, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Borisolebsky, Mr. C. G. Williams, Dr. and Mrs. E. A. Aylward and Misses M. P. and M. Aylward, Mrs. G. W. Bowler, Mrs. C. Encarnacao, Master Wanger, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Wilson, Lieut. W. P. McGirr, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. King, Capt. E. Appleyard, Mr. K. A. Parekh, Rev. E. J. McCarthy, Rev. M. Donoherm, Mr. F. Tidbury, Mrs. R. H. Mathews, Mr. E. H. Edols, Mr. J. A. T. Calvin, Mr. Geo. Tribe, Mr. M. Mayber, Mr. P. and Master J. Robinson, Mr. U. Esmail, Mr. V. V. Needa, Mr. L. Evien and Mr. G. Aquitana.

Mr. W. H. Plant, Mrs. Carlson and two children, and Miss Greiner sail today for Hongkong in the ss. Taiyuan.

Dangers to Britain's Trade Emphasized

Raised Tariffs Suggested As Solution

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, May 31.

The dangers to British trade of subsidized foreign imports were dwelt on by a deputation from the Tariff Policy Committee of the House of Commons, when it was received in the House last evening by Sir John Simon, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Mr. Oliver Stanley, President of the Board of Trade.

Mr. Thomas Levy, Chairman of the Committee and leader of the deputation, spoke.

There was a huge volume of imports, he said, at prices with which British industrialists could not compete. This, he declared, was causing serious recession in trade and was increasing unemployment. As an instance, among other things, Mr. Levy cited the large increase in exports of German motorcars to South Africa and India.

Other speakers suggested raising tariffs to counter-act foreign subsidies, and Sir John Simon and Mr. Stanley promised to give their representations full consideration.—Reuter.

Mr. Levy, reports Havas, specified that 2,680 German cars had been imported into South Africa in 1937 compared to 82 in 1934, while in India the figure for the corresponding period had risen from 123 to 2,213.

Four Youths Sentenced

For stealing three $5 bills from a hire car station, three foreign youths and a Cantonese were given eight and six months' imprisonment by the First Special District Court yesterday. They were Guate Pashenko, aged 16, and Wong Yin, aged 21, receiving eight months each; John Dimitrieff, aged 16, and Basil Grishenko, aged 18, receiving six months each. The sentence against the latter was suspended. The boys stole the money from the Silver Taxi station at 358 Avenue Haig while selecting four $1 notes for their $5-bill change. They later spent the money in a cabaret.

King and Queen Attend a Wedding

Their Majesties King George and Queen Elizabeth, with Princesses Margaret Rose and Elizabeth, leaving Westminster Cathedral after the wedding of the Queen's niece to Viscount Anson.

Nurse Awarded $4,200 in Breach Of Promise Action

Judge Criticizes Behaviour of Defendant; Letters Quoted by Counsel for Plaintiff

"MY general impression is that his behaviour was unfair" said Judge Sir Allan Mossop when delivering judgment in H. M. Supreme Court yesterday against Albert George Bernard Carnell, a member of the Shanghai Municipal Fire Brigade, in an action for breach of promise brought by Miss Kathleen Hogen of Chislehurst, Kent.

Plaintiff, who was represented by Mr. J. R. Jones, claimed $8,700 general and special damages, and judgment was delivered for $4,200 and costs (taxed). Mr. K. E. Newman represented defendant.

Outlining the case for Miss Hogen, Mr. Jones stated that while Carnell was in the Army in England he met plaintiff in 1926, and in September of that year, two days before he sailed for India with his regiment, they became engaged. Since that time he had never seen his client, but many letters had passed between them.

From India, defendant came to Shanghai in 1929, and he left the army and joined the service of the S.M.C.

Up to that time the two parties had been corresponding regularly, and this correspondence continued up to the summer of 1931 when the defendant wrote to the plaintiff breaking off the engagement. Five months later he wrote again to plaintiff asking her to take him back, and letters continued between them.

Correspondence Ceases

In 1933, however, the correspondence ceased, but in 1934 he wrote affectionately again. In these letters he mentioned the fact that they could get married in England in 1935, but in early September, 1934, he became engaged to a lady who was now his wife, and in January 1935 he was married in Shanghai. After being his fiancée for eight years, Miss Hogen was cast aside.

In addition to this she had made preparations for getting married by buying a trousseau and furniture, and had had her home decorated. She had also lent defendant £10, which she claimed with the special damages.

Letters written by defendant to plaintiff were produced in court and passages from them were read. In some of these letters defendant mentioned the fact that he and plaintiff could be married in Shanghai, but on July 21, 1931, he wrote stating that he would be unable to get married for three years. A month later the engagement was broken.

The next letter asked the girl to take him back, and defendant stated that he could get permission to get married any time after February 1933. One of the passages read, "In less than a year I will be calling you my wife".

Changed Again

Defendant then stated in his letter that if plaintiff wanted to come to Shanghai he would have to pay her passage from England. His attitude, however, changed again and he next stated that he wished to get married in England and to bring plaintiff to Shanghai as his wife.

There was no correspondence for 1933, but in 1934, he stated that he still loved Miss Hogen and in one letter said, "We must marry and settle down". Shortly afterwards he announced his engagement in Shanghai. Plaintiff then wrote a "heart-breaking" letter to Carnell stating that her life and been wasted, her heart broken, and her health ruined.

Mr. Newman, in his submission for the defendant, stated that he admitted breach of promise, but he wished to question the special costs which consisted of £150 for a trousseau, £15 for decorating premises, and £10 lent to defendant.

Effects "Not Wasted"

In his opinion the clothes and linen which the girl had bought had been used and not wasted, and there was no proof that plaintiff had decorated her home. The £10 which she alleged she had lent defendant did not concern the court in this case, as it did not have a bearing on the promise of marriage.

The damages had been assessed rather highly, for the girl was still of marriageable age, and in his estimation she had not suffered a great loss through not marrying the defendant, as she occupied a good position as a nurse in England, her total wages per week being about £3.10s.

Delivering judgment, the Judge said that the special damages would not be allowed, but as he was certain that at all times Miss Hogen wished to marry defendant, and as defendant had admitted breach of promise, he would give judgment in her favour.

Police Drive Against "Vice Dens"

Operators of Girl Guides Establishments Jailed

Thirty-four men and women, rounded up by detectives of Louza Station, were either jailed or fined by the First Special District Court yesterday on charges of conducting girl guides establishments.

The arrests were made between 8 and 11.30 p.m. on Monday. More arrests are expected as the police continue their drive against "vice dens".

Of the 34 persons, twelve were named conductors of the establishments, while the 22 others were girls employed by them.

Yang Kwei Fei was the first girl guides bureau visited by the police. Five men and one woman operators of the place together with seven girls were arrested. They were each granted a $15 bail.

Other arrests were made in different rooms in the Oriental Hotel in the Sincere building in Nanking Road. Two men and five girls were arrested in Room 318 occupied by conductors of one of these joints. The men were sentenced to ten days' imprisonment each, while the girls were each given a $5 bail.

The poice party next raided Room 334, where one man and two girls were arrested on same charges of operating unlicensed singsong houses and entertaining guests without licences. The man was given ten days' jail while the girls were fined. The police further raided Rooms 322, 324 and 431.

The heaviest sentence was passed on Tsang Tseu-dee, a conductor of one of the places raided by the police. He claimed Japanese citizenship, but when a Japanese constable was called to Court, he said he was a Chinese. The Judge sentenced him to two weeks' imprisonment instead of ten days as given to other accused appearing in the same court on similar charges.

Conference of New Govt. Ends

$700,000 For Relief Work; Rehabilitation of Yangtze Discussed

Carrying with them $700,000 for relief work, regional administrative officials of the Reformed Government yesterday left Shanghai for their posts in the Japanese occupied area in Central China. The funds, the Shanghai "Nippo" reported yesterday, formed a part of $2,000,000, whose appropriation for relief was decided at a three-day conference of regional administrators closed on Tuesday.

Discussed at the conference were the ways and means of effecting a rehabilitation of the lower Yangtze valley, revival of sericulture and the mining industry and the determination of the damage done to the area. Decided at the conference was the replacement of Peace Preservation Commissions by hsien administrations.

Mr. Liang Hung-chih, Chairman of the Reformed Government's Executive Yuan, presided over the gathering, which included representatives of 45 peace preservation commissions. Also present at the conference were Mr. Chen Chun, Minister of the Interior; Major-Gen. Kumakichi Harada and Rear-Admiral Naokuni Nomura, respectively chiefs of the Japanese Military and Naval Special Sections.

Special Service Sections

In his address at the inaugural meeting at the former Civic Centre on Monday, Major-Gen. Harada asked the Chinese officials to assist in bringing lasting peace in the Orient based upon Sino-Japanese co-operation. He also requested the assembled officials to co-operate closely with the Pacification and Special Service Sections of the Japanese Army.

"In view of the improved conditions in various local administrative areas," he said, "the Army authorities have decided to create special service section offices in Shanghai, Nanking, and Nantungchow. Pacification quads will be incorporated into these organs so as to extend closer assistance to the Reformed Government in carrying out its policies."

Two Tibetans Further Remanded

One Confesses Theft of Quantity of Jewels

Following the finding of a Chinese who speaks Tibetan, the case against two Tibetans, suspected to have stolen a quantity of valuables belonging to the late Panchan Lama, "Living Buddha" of Tibet, were resumed in the First Special District Court yesterday.

According to the police prosecution, the two accused, Lobsang and Danzin, had confessed to the theft of the jewels. They wanted to return to Tibet but lacked money. After discussions with one named Ma Lai-ting in Peiping in early February, they decided to leave Peiping with the valuables. They had also stolen some gold bars which were sold in Peiping.

Through an interpreter, Lobsang told the Court that after the death of the Panchan Lama, his companion and he himself were maltreated by the lamas who became administrators of the Panchan Lama's estate. He then decided to leave Peiping with the jewels. His companion, Danzin, did not take any part in the theft.

Appearing with the two Tibetans were two watchmen charged with having extorted $1,000 from them. The two men denied the charges, saying the money had been given them by the Tibetans for their "services".

The case was adjourned until next week. Meanwhile, word was being awaited by the Settlement authorities from Peiping.

Maestro Paci Now on Road to Recovery

Major Operation on the Liver Successful

His many friends in particular and Shanghai music-lovers in general will be glad to learn that Maestro Mario Paci, conductor of the Shanghai Municipal Orchestra, is resting comfortably in the Country Hospital after undergoing a very serious operation on the liver. He is now permitted to have visitors, he told the "North-China Daily News" yesterday, and will be happy to see again his friends.

Maestro Paci was not at his accustomed post with the Orchestra during the last few concerts of the season due to his illness, which compelled him to enter hospital on May 7. After a period of observation, and following the advice of his physician, Dr. P. Muto Nardone, supported in consultation by Drs. E. Gauntlett and I. Rosenveig, he underwent a major operation on the liver on May 19.

The operation was successfully performed by Dr. Nardone but Maestro Paci's condition was such that for the next ten days he was not permitted to have any visitors. At the same time, he asked his friends not to give to anyone any news which might have been read in Europe by his wife and daughter before he would be able to inform them himself. This he has now been able to do, for during the last couple of days he felt himself "on the sure way of recovery."

HELPERS are wanted in the morning and afternoon of June 2 and morning of June 3 for the Rummage Sale in the Union Church Hall, the proceeds of which are for the Limbless Fund.

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Three sirens of swing in search of Social Security!
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Japanese Announce Rules for Cargo Removal from C.M.S.N. Co.

Period for Applications Begins Today, Ends July 15; Chinese Goods Included in New Scheme

A NEW set of regulations regarding the removal of cargo owned by Japanese, foreign and Chinese which has been stored at the wharves and godowns of the China Merchants Steam Navigation Company, Central and Lower Wharves, has been issued by the Japanese Navy. A limit for applications beginning today and ending on July 15 has been fixed. After the latter date cargo for which no applications have been received will be disposed of at the discretion of the Japanese Navy.

A scale of charges for removal fees and transportation has been fixed by the Japanese Navy. It is also emphasized that the Japanese Navy takes no responsibility for damage to cargo or loss sustained prior to the inventory made after the Japanese occupation of the wharves and godowns. The Japanese statement and the methods of procedure follow:—

Japanese Statement

The Imperial Japanese Navy, having decided to allow the goods, belonging to either Japanese or foreign nationals, stored in the Central and Lower Wharves of the former China Merchants Steam Navigation Co. to be removed from those wharves, made the Cargo Removal Committee, specially organized for the above purpose, accept applications during the period from March 1 to March 31 and enforce the removal of goods since then.

The Imperial Japanese Navy has now further decided to make the said Committee to accept, as from June 1, new applications and enforce the removal of goods owned not only by Japanese and foreigners but Chinese citizens as well, should the goods owned by Chinese be found as permissible as a result of investigations.

This being the case, those persons, who wish to get their goods removed from the above-mentioned wharves, are requested to go through formalities as per the stipulations which follow:—

Disposal Right Reserved

As regards those goods for which no applications have been received by July 15, the closing day for the acceptance of applications, the Imperial Japanese Navy will, at its own discretion, dispose of such goods as absentees' property. It is therefore hoped that applications will be sent in not later than the closing day.

In connection with the losses or damages of the cargoes stored, it must be remembered that both wharves and godowns, having before the Japanese naval occupation been the haunts of Chinese plain-clothes men, refugees and looters, and were also often subjected to Chinese shelling and bombing until the middle of last November, the Japanese naval authorities, having since their occupation checked the cargoes and taken custody of them until today, will not bear responsibility for any loss or damage of cargoes sustained prior to the inventory made after the occupation.

Moreover, in view of the damage suffered to the wharves and godowns from the causes mentioned, exposing cargoes in many instances to the destructive influences of the elements, the Japanese naval authorities furthermore will not assume any responsibility for any loss or damage arising therefrom.

Procedure

1. Application for permits for the removal of cargo. (a) Nationals of third Powers are required to submit their applications to their respective Consulates and after having obtained a certificate of their legal ownership, are to apply to the Branch Office of the Committee, established at the Osaka Shosen Kaisha, N.K.K. Bld., 20 Canton Road.

(b) All applicants are to fill in the necessary items required in the application form which is formulated by the committee. Applications should be accompanied by the relative original Bill of Lading and Landing Account duly released by the Customs and other documents that are required for the determination of legal ownership. The application forms will be obtainable at the Branch Office of the Committee mentioned in (a).

(c) For all the documents that accompany application, deposit receipts in serial number will be issued by the Branch Office of the Committee.

(d) Nationals of third Powers who are not represented by their respective Consulates in Shanghai are required to submit their applications to the Japanese Consulate-General, after having obtained an endorsement for their legal ownership from associations which the Japanese Consulate-General approves.

Chinese Owned Cargoes

(e) Regarding the cargoes owned by Chinese.—Applications have to be presented to the "Shanghai City Government Office for the certification of the Chinese cargo ownership stored at the Central and Lower Wharves of the former C.M.N. Co." and which is established at Room No. 314 Nisshin Kisen Kaisha Bldg., 20 Canton Road, Shanghai, and upon obtaining certificates for legitimate owners, the applicants are to submit same to the Branch Office mentioned in (a).

(f) Applications will be accepted from June 1 to July 15.

2. Removal Fees* and Transportation Charges.—(a) The Removal Fee charged by the Committee is Y.6 per ton** fractions of tonnage being raised. Application of weight tons or measurement tons will be made according to the nature of the goods. Fees to be charged on high priced goods, bulky ones, long and stout ones and/or heavy ones, where each unit is over one ton in weight, will be fixed on each occasion by the Cargo Removal Committee.

(b) Transportation charges are to be based on the following terms:—

	per ton
For delivery in Hongkew and Yangtszepoo areas in the Settlement	$4.00
For delivery in International Settlement	$5.00

*Since the Committee is obliged under the existing military exigency to employ a number of clerks and labourers of Japanese nationals only, it has been compelled to charge removal fees in order to meet necessary expenses. No storage, however, will be charged. The Committee itself will receive no remuneration whatsoever for its services.

**In the light of experience which the Committee have had during the first period of removal it has been decided to raise the removal fees for the second from Y.4 to Y.6 per ton.

Cargoes in Stock

3. Removal of Cargoes in Stock.—(a) After the Committee ascertains the location of cargo it will send advance notices regarding dates of removal of the cargo and debit notes to the Committee's Branch Office at the Osaka Shosen Kaisha and the latter will deliver the said notices to applicants.

(b) Applicants who received the above notice are to pay to the Shanghai Branch of the Yokohama Specie Bank the amount stated in the debit-notes and are then to submit notes of payment to the Committee's Branch Office at the Japanese Consulate-General.

(c) The Committee, acting on the notes of payment, will undertake the removal of cargo out of warehouses, transportation and delivery thereof on the days previously notified to the applicants.

Those applicants who have been delivered cargo are required to sign the cargo receipt. In case the Committee finds it necessary it will ask the applicants to present themselves or their authorized agents at points on the way designated by the Committee for the purpose of leading the way to the destination of their cargoes.

(d) In case no payment is made when fifteen days have elapsed after the delivery of a demand for payment of all-round expenses regarding the removal of goods, the goods concerned are to be shifted and placed in the godowns of warehouse agents designated by the Cargo Removal Committee. The delivery of the said goods afterwards is to be undertaken after storage and other additional charges have been collected.

Disposal

4. Disposal of Cargoes unclaimed or owners unknown.—Those goods for which no application has been sent in during the period reserved for acceptance of applications and those owners of which are unknown are to be dealt with as the property owned by absentees, after the expiracy of the period during which goods have had to be removed.

5. Closing of the Business of Removal.—The business of removing cargoes stored in the Central and Lower Wharves of the former C.M.S.N. Co., is to be closed after the present second removal period is over.

6. Remarks:—The Committee is not to be held responsible for shortage, loss and/or any damage that may happen in the course of transportation of goods.

Retiring Policeman Honoured

Presentation Made to Sgt. "Bob" Regan

Louza Police Station was yesterday at 5 p.m. the scene of a pleasant ceremony when Sgt. "Bob" Regan, who retired from the police force, was the recipient of a handsome cigarette box at the hands of his colleagues in the station.

Chief Inspector Shellswell, in charge of the station, with whom was associated Chief Detective Inspector Sharman, Inspectors Gash, Williamson and White, and members of the uniformed and detective branches, made the presentation.

Mr. Shellswell pointed out that Sgt. Regan had acquitted himself in a manner in keeping with that of a police officer. During the recent hostilities he had been in thick of it along Soochow Creek.

The cigarette box was mounted with the S.M.P. crest and embossed with several dragons, and was suitably inscribed. A few personal friends who attended, presented him with a silver cigarette case similarly decorated.

Mr. Regan leaves today at 4 p.m. in the ss. Leesang for Hongkong and Canton.

Braille Association Meeting

Good Year Considering War Conditions

The annual general meeting of the Braille Literature Association for China, was held yesterday at 5.15 p.m. at the Missions' Bubbling, room 105, the Rev. W. H. Hudspeth M.A. taking the chair.

The meeting was opened by the president of the association Dr. Tipton and an interesting address was delivered by the Rev. H. H. McMillan D.D., who dealt with the short history of blind societies in the world and the ultimate invention of the Braille system by which the blind can read by touch.

Since the beginning of the year the association lost two of its most valuable workers, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Anderson, who returned home in February. Mrs. Anderson had been the chief worker in producing all the books published by the association.

The secretary's report was then read and was followed by the treasurer's report, according to which the assets for the past year were increased by $506.99. The accounts were adopted unanimously.

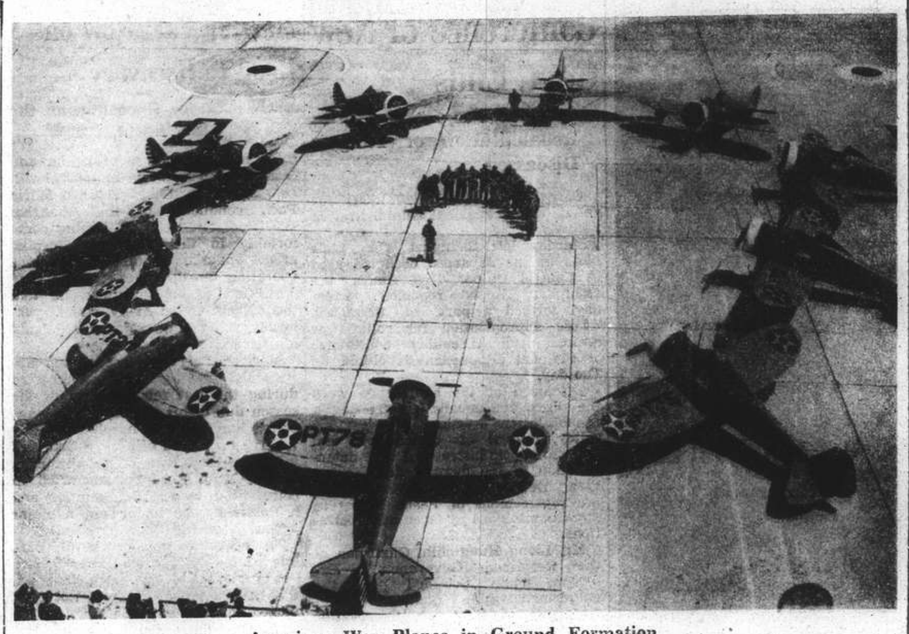
Civil Claim in U.S. Court

Judgment was reserved in the United States Supreme Court yesterday by Judge Milton Helmick when the Colgate-Palmolive-Peet Co. claimed $8,046 with interest and disbursements from the Shanghai Stevedoring Co. in respect of the loss of 13 cases of soap.

It was stated in evidence that the defendants were commissioned to carry the articles from Shanghai to Chinkiang and from there to Chungking. They had failed to do this and the goods had been lost.

Defendants denied the charges and they counter-claimed against plaintiffs to recover costs of the action and attorney's fees.

Evidence was given by Mr. Marcel Moo, manager for the plaintiffs, and by Mr. F. O. Gregory, manager for the defendants.



American War Planes in Ground Formation

An unusual view of the circular formation of ten fast U.S. Army Boeing type monoplanes of the 55th Pursuit Squadron pictured on the apron at Floyd Bennett Field, New York, during recent manœuvres on the north-eastern coast. Captain Morris R. Nelson is in the centre of the circle giving instructions to the pilots.

Hongkew Market Re-opening

The Shanghai Municipal Council has notified all former occupants of Hongkew Market who wish to return and resume business that they should, within a month from yesterday, register themselves at the branch Health Office situated at the corner of Tsepoo and North Fokien Roads.

Hankow Surprised At Raid Report

No Chinese Planes Sent To Japan; Tokyo Tells Course of Fliers

Hankow, May 31.

The Chinese aviation headquarters here received with surprise the report that Chinese planes had flown over Japan during the night.

No Chinese planes, they emphasized, had been sent to Japan last night.—Reuter.

Flight Over Kyushu

Tokyo, May 31.

Two or three Chinese aeroplanes were sighted and heard flying over south-western Japan last night and early this morning, the War Department and the Kyushu Western Defence headquarters announced.

The Chinese planes, however, failed to drop any bombs, all available Japanese reports said.

The planes, presumably enemy aircraft, the Western Defence Headquarters said in a communiqué, first appeared over the south-western coast of Kagoshima Prefecture in the southernmost island of Kyushu at 9.30 p.m. yesterday.

The all-clear signal was given at 1 a.m. today. Shortly after the warning was lifted, however, the planes appeared over Fukuoka Prefecture, Japanese reports said.

In making its first announcement, the War Department said two planes flew over Amakusa Island, west of Kyushu Island, and headed for Kumamoto city, scene of the scattering of propaganda leaflets by Chinese planes on May 20. They hovered over the city suburbs at 10.30 p.m. yesterday, the War Department said.

After the two or three unidentified planes soared over Kagoshima at 9.30 p.m. yesterday they proceeded over Kumamoto through the south-western corner of Amakusa Island, Japanese reports from Kokura, Kyushu Island, said.

Reports from Ike Island said the planes were seen at 11.20 p.m. The planes also flew over Takanabe in the Miyazaki Prefecture, south-eastern coast of Kyushu Island.

Japan Proper Untouched

Since the planes were not sighted nor heard over Yamaguchi, it was believed that Japan proper was safe.

No reports of damage anywhere were available, apparently because the planes failed to drop any bombs, Japanese reports said.

The planes were reported to have disappeared at 1 a.m. today when the general warning to take air raid precautions everywhere was lifted.

Earlier last night the Seoul Defence Headquarters issued a general warning for black-outs, presumably fearing that Korea would be raided.

Chinese planes for the first time flew over Japan in the early hours of May 20 when they hovered over Kyushu and dropped millions of leaflets addressed to the farmers and labourers. The leaflets suggested that the working classes arise against the Japanese militarists.

No anti-aircraft batteries were fired against the Chinese planes on the occasion of the first raid, although several cities shut off all lights for blackouts.—United Press.

"The Keys"—an international business girls club—is holding a picnic supper at Jessfield Park this evening. Supper will be served at 6 p.m.

China Anxious to Keep German Friendship and Trade

Dr. H. H. Kung Expresses Hope That Reich Maintains Reputation for Justice; Recall of Advisers

Hankow, May 31.

THE President of the Executive Yuan, Dr. H. H. Kung, in a lengthy political conversation with the Transocean representative, Mr. H. P. Melchers, expressed the hope that Germany would maintain her reputation as a land of justice and of "equal right for all", and that German-Chinese friendship would continue.

In the course of the conversation, the question of the German military advisers in China was discussed. Dr. Kung said that a misunderstanding had arisen about the position of these men. The German military advisers did not constitute a militry mission, each man having been engaged separately as a private individual. The German Government had had no hand in the formulation of the contract by which they were engaged nor had made any stipulation about the conditions thereof. Moreover, the German military advisers had taken no active part in the present military engagements but functioned merely as instructing officers. They were, therefore, not absolutely indispensable although it was true that they had performed their work excellently.

Turning to the question of deliveries of war material to China, Dr. Kung declared that a possible loss of individual deliveries of ammunition would not hurt China very badly, as the country had sufficient means to buy all material she wanted in the open market.

Economic Relations

Regarding German-Chinese economic relations, Dr. Kung emphasized that these had always been excellent, because China and Germany had supplemented each other ideally. China was an immense country with vast undeveloped territories, while Germany was an industrial country needing raw materials.

The German statesmen, continued Dr. Kung, would bear this in mind, for in economic affairs one should think not only of the present but of the future. Through clearing and other agreements with Germany China had made possible the continuation of the German-Chinese trade and the import of raw materials and had always shown herself to be a true friend of the Reich. In this connection Dr. Kung pointed to the fact that during the Great War China had not occupied Tsingtao.

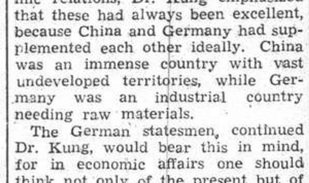
Dr. Kung then spoke at length about his visit to Germany last year from which he had returned with nothing but good recollections, both of his official and his private experiences. Dr. Kung said that everywhere in Germany he had been received cordially and had been treated with the utmost friendliness. He admired Chancellor Hitler and was delighted at having had the opportunity of making the acquaintance of the Fuehrer of the Germans in personal meetings.

Small Incidents Ignored

Dr. Kung said he believed that Herr Hitler incorporated the best tradition of the German nation. Herr Hitler had always upheld the ideal of justice, and he felt certain that Germany would as heretofore continue to fight for these principles. Smaller incidents were always apt to arise, but were easily forgotten like soap bubbles and would not affect the true friendship between China and Germany.

Turning to the conflict with Japan, Dr. Kung remarked that the most important problem for Japan was how many men Japan could put in the field and how great were the Japanese human reserves. Japan had increased her war expenditure to an alarming scale, while her exports had declined. Since her increased production in view of the war had to be maintained and consequently her industry had to continue working at the present rate and output, Japan would find that there were limits to the extent to which she could draw on her industrial workers for recruits.—Trans-Ocean.

Queen Mary attended the Royal Tournament at Olympia on Monday.



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Caliphate Proposal Meets Opposition

Egyptian Intellectuals Hesitate over Many Difficulties Involved

London, May 30.

With information received here today, it is possible to outline the present situation of the plan for a federation of Arab-speaking peoples by the restoration of the Caliphate, with King Farouk of Egypt being given the title of Caliph.

Intellectual circles in Egypt do not favour the plan, although it was submitted by Prince Mohammed Aly, member of the Royal Family. On the other hand, the British Government is said to favour the plan, and is attempting to win all the interested parties over.

The hesitation of the Premier, Mahmoud Pasha, and the intellectual quarters in Egypt is due to their opposition to accept further obligations of a military character regarding Arabia and the Red Sea. Also, they doubt it would be possible to create a sort of pan-Arabic state composed of more or less autonomous parties without resulting in political complications among the interested Arab sheikhs and Kings. Ibn Saud, more particularly, whose kingdom includes Mecca, is likely to object to anyone else but himself being appointed Caliph.

Furthermore, the Egyptian Premier would prefer to wait before definitely expressing himself with regard to the plan, so that two main difficulties can be solved: that the situation in Palestine take a more definite turn, and that there be at least a possibility of the Judeo-Arabian problem being solved.

Another reason for Egypt's hesitation is the possible steps to be taken by France in Syria which could never be kept out of the Federation though probably remaining under French influence and form a sort of buffer state between Turkey and the countries at present under British influence.

Prince Mohammed Aly's plan would therefore be tied to a progressive establishment and the Syrian autonomous regime.—Havas.

Persian Heir to Wed Egyptian Princess

Teheran, May 30.

The Prime Minister, M. Djame, announced in Parliament today that the heir to the throne, Prince Chahpour Mohamed Reza Pahlavi, is engaged to be married to Princess Fowzyl, sister of Egyptian King Farouk.

M. Djame added that he will soon leave for Cairo to complete formalities before the nuptials.—Havas.

Troops Act in Antioch

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Alexandretta, May 31.

Troops and armoured cars occupied Antioch yesterday following a demonstration by armed Turks, in which an Armenian and several Arabs were wounded. A bomb, thrown by an unknown person, killed one woman and demolished a house.—Reuter.

OBITUARY

Rear-Admiral Shoemaker

Vallejo, Cal., May 31.

Rear-Admiral William Rawle Shoemaker, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation from 1924 to 1927, when he retired, has died at the age of 75.

He was Chief of Staff of the Atlantic Fleet from 1910 to 1912, when he became a member of the General Board of the Navy. In 1919 he was appointed commander of Battleship Division 3, of the Pacific Fleet and, the following year, commander of the Pacific Fleet's cruiser force. From 1923 to 1924, he was director of war plans and operations in the Navy Department, following which he became chief of the Bureau of Navigation.—Reuter.

Sir Maurice Hankey New Suez Canal Director

London, May 31.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, has nominated Col. Sir Maurice Hankey, Clerk of the Privy Council, Secretary of the Cabinet and Secretary of the Committee of Imperial Defence, to the appointment of one of the directors, representing the British Government, of the Suez Canal. Sir Maurice Hankey, who will retire from the Civil Service before taking his post, replaces the late Sir John Thomas Davies.—Reuter.

New I.L.O. Director

Geneva, May 30.

The International Labour Office is holding its Board Meeting today. The 24th session of the Labour Conference will take place in three days' time, when Senor Waldemar Falcao, Brazilian Labour Minister and Government delegate, will act as President.

At the Board Meeting today, discussion will centre on the successor to Mr. Harold Butler's position as Director of the I.L.O. Practically all the delegates now favour Mr. John Winant, American, who is at present Under-Director.—Havas.

Chinese Govt. R'ly Loan

London, May 30.

Chinese Government Tientsin-Pukow railways supplementary loan of 1910: The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation give notice that Bonds for £88,800 of the British Issue have been drawn at their London Office, 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C., and in accordance with the terms of the Loan Agreement become due for redemption at par on November 1, 1938. Redemption will, however, be subject to the provisions of the Chinese Government's offer, published in the "Times" on February 25, 1936; and interest will cease to accrue on the Bonds becoming payable, and on provision being made for their payment.—Reuter.

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Italians Visit Manchoukuo

Goodwill Mission Dined and Wined in Harbin; Very Little Demand for Northern Soya Beans

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

The Italian Goodwill Mission despatched by Mussolini to Japan and Manchoukuo, arrived in Harbin on April 28, headed by Special Envoy Marquis Giacomo Paulucci di Carbolo Barone. The mission remained in Harbin for three days, and throughout that time was fêted with great pomp. On the day of its arrival, the city was decorated with flags of the three states, and with welcoming banners proclaiming, "Benvenuto Alla Missione Fascista Italiana." The house of Mr. P. Gibello-Socco, which stands on the Cathedral Square, likewise attracted attention.

Notwithstanding the inclement weather, grass-plots and flowers were planted in the garden three weeks prior to the arrival of the Mission, and these are so far the only spots of greenery the city possesses. Newspapers came out with banner headlines crying "Welcome" in the Italian, and leading articles under titles of "Eviva L'Italia" stressed that Italy was the first great power to recognize Manchoukuo.

When the train bearing the Italian delegation steamed up to the station where the official representatives of the city and the staff of the Italian and German Consulates stood waiting, a band of wind instruments struck up the Italian and Fascist hymns. After the first exchange of greetings champagne was served in the station. The delegation then proceeded to the Station Square where members of various organizations—the Air Defence Society, the Union of Far Eastern Cossacks, and others—and the city's Chinese, Japanese, Russian and Jewish colonies, were formed in ranks. In front of all stood the 27 men comprising the Italian community.

Functions in Mission's Honour

In the evening the Mission had an interview with the local press. On the morning of April 29 a reception was held in the Municipality where a welcoming speech was made by Governor Wei Huang-chang. At noon that same day a display in honour of the guests from Italy was given in the "Palace of Sport," in which up to 20,000 people took part. Marquis Paulucci and other members of the Mission, all in Fascist uniform except two Italian officers in military uniform, inspected the participants, giving the Fascist salute. The square rung with cries of "Banzai," an orchestra played the Fascist hymn, and the festooning flags and pendants of three nations fluttered in the breeze.

In an answering speech, the head of the delegation stated that history has presented the Far East with great tasks to be done. The new state needs a circulation of capital that would bring civilization to vast and so far undeveloped territories.

The delegation also visited the monument erected to the memory of Japanese soldiers who fell in battle near Harbin, laying a wreath of flowers. In the evening an ostentatious dinner took place in the Railway Club, given in honour of the Italians by the Acting Mayor, Mr. Ohseko. According to an epicurean Russian custom, the guests were prior to the actual meal invited to a special zakuska table. Of local consul-generals, only two were present—Signor Maffei, the Italian, and Dr. J. Schultze, the German. Two representatives of the local Russian community likewise attended—Mr. K. V. Rodzayevsky, head of the Emigrants' Committee, and Mr. E. S. Kaufmann, Director of the Zaryia Publishing Co.

Local celebrations were preceded by functions in Seoul, Mukden, and in Changchun where delegation members were received by Emperor Kang Teh and were awarded the Order of the Manchoukuoan Empire. The Italian Ambassador in Manchoukuo is Signor Luigi Cortese.

Anti-Comintern Celebrations

No sooner were the honours to the Italians concluded, than, on May 1, commenced the manifestations of the local Russian population—or, to be more exact, of Russian emigrants; for this was Anti-Comintern Day. The local Emigrants' Committee decided upon this date for two reasons. Firstly, this year marks the 325th anniversary of the end of civil war in Russia and the calling to the throne of the Romanoff Dynasty; and, secondly, May 1 was this year the first Sunday after Russian Easter.

Requiem services in memory of the Tsars and Emperors of the House of Romanoff were held in all Orthodox Churches, as well as services for those Russians who throughout these 325 years gave their life for their country.

After the services' conclusion, processions headed by priests carrying crosses and church banners, streamed out of the churches, meeting concurrently—according to a special plan—at the Cathedral Square. Here the head of the clergy, Archbishop Melety, conducted a prayer in which everyone participated. Then Mr. Rodzayevsky, the head of local emigres, and other personages—including representatives of Japanese authorities—made speeches appropriate to the occasion, these speeches being transmitted by loudspeakers. A film was taken with the aim of later showing it in centres of Russian emigration in other parts of the world.

In Russian schools and associations the following week will be devoted to principal events in the history of Russia, and on May 8 emigrants will gather at a patriotic meeting and concert. The Emigrants' Committee is publishing an album containing the portraits of Russian rulers, from Tsar Mihail Fedorovitch to the heir to the Russian throne murdered in 1918 Grand Duke Alexei Nicolaievitch.

On Anti-Comintern Day delegates visited the Japanese, German and Italian Consulates "to express gratitude on behalf of the White Russians for their anti-Communist crusade."

Soya Bean Buyers Few

Political developments in Europe are having hardly any effect on the local market, but it must be said that an economic animation has not been experienced here for a long time. As it is known, the country's principal export is in the soya bean, and as European prices of beans are constantly lower than in Harbin, buyers are almost non-existent. On the freight market the situation takes an opposite turn. Europe is undergoing a political crisis. Usually when the political situation becomes more acute freight rates rise; but this time a decrease of 15 to 20 per cent. per ton on previous rates are quoted. In spite of this, those who have beans refrain from selling them, while exporters refrain from buying.

This inactivity continued throughout March and April. The absence of a demand for soya beans is likewise partially explained by the existing exchange limitations. Furthermore, export is reacted unfavourably upon by the early spring evidenced throughout the world, which naturally lessens the demand for beancakes and other fodder. The export season in Manchoukuo ordinarily commences in November and lasts for nearly the whole year, abating only towards the end of summer; so that the possibility of the market sailing out of the present dead calm is not excluded. To buy beans locally and sell them in Europe now, however, would mean a loss of 5 or 6 per ton.

May 1 marked the end of the registration of the whole city, including all foreigners whatever their nationality. Police authorities issued the warning that citizens evading the supplying of "necessary particulars" about themselves to parties gathering this data, stood in danger of being refused documents like passports and visas.

Better Beef for Sukiyaki

It is well known that for sukiyaki at its best, good beef is indispensable. As local cattle—specially cattle in the provinces—yield meat that leaves much to be desired, however, the Municipal authorities four months ago started supervised feeding of horned cattle which were to be killed. When it became known that cows had grown stouter by 60 kilograms, a large sukiyaki party was given in the New Harbin Hotel, attended by more than 100 dignitaries. It was revealed that the quality of sukiyaki had unquestionably improved, and the Municipality decided to continue its experiments in improving beef.

The end of April brought extremely cold weather, as an icy cyclone swept on the city from the southwest. This unexpected return of winter made itself specially felt in Hailar, bringing, on April 22, rain which turned into snow; and this snow continued falling all day and all night. The Hingan region was literally snowed under. This wave of "Siberian colds," as one calls them, was all the more surprising because during the first part of April balmy weather prevailed and the first grass of spring began to spring up in the fields.

Dr. Istban Mezey, vice-president of the Japanese-Hungarian Institute in Hungary arrived here recently on a tour of the Far East. A dinner was given in his honour by local officials, among them Mr. Shimomura, representative of the Foreign Office, Governor Wei Huang-chang and Mayor Fing Kwan-ming.

The local Polish community had a gala day recently when a tea party lasting till well after midnight was given to the Polish Consul, Mr. R. Litewski, and his wife, attended by over 200 persons. The Consul was appointed to his post only recently, and welcoming speeches were read by the leaders of the Polish community. In his reply, Mr. Litewski stated that Poles have played a large part in business and culture in North Manchuria, and stressed the similarity of Polish and Japanese political ideology ever since 1904. The party terminated with dancing.

Nickel Not Essential For War Purposes

Very Small Percentage Goes into Armaments

With Canada supplying 86.5 per cent. of the world's consumption of nickel, it is interesting to note that practically 90 per cent. of this metal is today used for commercial purposes and only ten per cent. can be traced to the use, in one form or another, in armaments. The general manager of the Canadian company controlling the production of nickel in the Dominion stated, in his presidential address at Toronto recently, that approximately C.$18,750,000 had been expended in the past twenty years in research, development and publicity to create peace-time uses for nickel. Whereas prior to and during the Great War, the greatest part of the world's nickel production was used in armament, he said, today the converse was true and all but a small part of the world's nickel is absorbed by industry for a multitude of peace-time uses.

Not a War Metal

Nickel is of minor importance in warfare as contrasted with steel, copper, zinc and lead, he said. Not only does but a small fraction of nickel go into war materials, but the percentage that does go into armament represents a negligible percentage of the total of all metals used for such purposes. For example, no nickel whatever, is used in rifle or machine gun barrels or in bayonet steel. Nickel in bullet jackets has been replaced largely by 'gilding metal', a less expensive alloy containing no nickel whatsoever. Nickel is used in large gun forgings, trucks, aeroplanes and in armour for battleships. The alloy steels used for the purposes enumerated contain only from 1 per cent. to 5 per cent. of nickel and the amount of nickel so used is less than 10 per cent. of the world output. Thus nickel is not essentially a war metal, nor is it essential to war, whether gauged by the percentage of nickel which goes into armament or whether gauged by the percentage of armament metal which is represented by nickel.

Nickel is sold in bulk to steel makers and alloy manufacturers throughout the world, who, in turn, sell their nickel-bearing products to numerous fabricators for final distribution to numerous users. Thus the nickel used in armament exclusively cannot be segregated successfully.

Sales of nickel by the Canadian company have increased progressively since 1932, and during the past year reached a total of 207,700,000 pounds. Other countries producing nickel are: New Caledonia, Norway, Germany, Burma, Brazil, Greece and Tasmania. Aside from these active sources of supply, there are potential supplies in Finland and Russia, and known deposits in South Africa, Dutch East Indies, Alaska and Korea.

SIXTEEN Siamese warrant officers and sailors arrived in Moji on Monday in the Arabia Maru en route to Kobe where they will take over a submarine built in Japan to the order of the Bangkok Government. Lieut. Kaditya, a cousin of King Ananda Mahidol, of Siam, leads the group.

After the New Anglo-French Compact

M. Edouard Daladier, French Premier, and M. Bonnet, French Foreign Minister, leaving No. 10 Downing Street after conferring with Mr. Neville Chamberlain, British Prime Minister, on Anglo-French defence matters.

India and China Hostilities

Mr. Edwin Haward, Former Editor of "N.C.D.N." Gives Thoughtful Survey of Issues

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

"India and the Far Eastern Conflict" was the subject of a very thoughtful and interesting lecture given by Mr. Edwin Haward before a distinguished company at the East India Association meeting at Caxton Hall recently.

Incidentally, one of his audience was Mr. Haward's eldest son just back from a training cruise as a naval cadet and shortly to undergo the crucial test of his examination for the Navy.

Since he resigned the editorship of the "North-China Daily News" Mr. Haward has taken charge of the Indian section of "Great Britain and the East." His long former association with India naturally enabled him to see his subject from all points of view.

Indian Sympathy with China

Mr. Haward began with a survey of the many spheres in which India and China have touched each other, from the Buddhist missionaries who brought their religion to China to Major Gerrard who carries the heavy duties of Commissioner of police in Shanghai; from Lord Macartney arguing the case of British trade with the Emperor Chien Lung, to Sir Richard Dane who built up China's Salt Gabelle.

He dwelt on India's sympathy with China in her present struggle with Japan, saying that this sympathy was pronounced, despite the fact that the Japanese success in challenging Russia a generation ago gave a strong fillip to the cause of Indian nationalism. Amiable folk in Great Britain had deluded themselves with the thought that Japan was the stabilizing influence in the Far East against Communism in China and elsewhere. The fact was, of course, that Japan had set up the bogey of Communism to justify the unjustifiable—her progressive encroachment on Chinese soil.

If China were Communistically inclined—the Left Wing in England are profoundly mistaken if they think that that possibility exists—her alleged spiritual mate is extraordinarily unhelpful, Mr. Haward continued. This is a quotation from a long private letter received by air-mail from Hankow and dated March 9:

"The Russians still stand off like any Imperialist. They will only give assistance in the shape of supplies if China can pay for them. Even Italy will do that, and Germany has been doing it all along. Their new Ambassador says sententiously, 'Russia will not fight Japan unless Japan attacks Russian territory or forces.' So the Communists and Imperialists are all in the same boat. Despite that, however, the Japanese still try to make the world believe that they are fighting Communism in China."

India has firmly shown her sense of what Confucius described as the side of right. A curious Indian community in Osaka is frantically supporting Japan in the name of anti-Imperialism. It has received a rebuff from Tagore. Japan's development of the pan-Asian doctrine has lost its attraction, for it is obvious that pan-Nipponism is the proper style. It is charitable to assume that Japan does not understand the new forces current in India. She certainly cannot appreciate the steadfastness which enables Great Britain in her strength to proceed calmly with constitutional progress in India when the rest of the world including the Far East, is torn by the ambitions of war-lordism rampant.

Japanese Competition

Leaving out of account the group of Indian exiles who fish in troubled waters of Japan's pan-Asian adventures in the belief that somehow or other they are serving the cause of revolution, it must be remembered that important Indian interests depend on good relations with Japan, and it is therefore to be hoped that, despite the acute disagreement on the measures now taken by the Japanese in China, those interests will be duly considered.

This word of caution might be uttered: it is a mistake to underrate Japanese technical efficiency. It is equally wrong to imagine that the cheapness of Japanese goods is solely the outcome of the dumping process. The Japanese worker is not sweated or exposed to bad conditions in mill or factory. Rather the reverse. The standard of living is low, but that is because the workers' needs are modest and frugality is supported by a Spartan scale of necessaries.

Of the total imports into India from non-British countries Japan is responsible for one third, and of the total exports from India to countries in the same category Japan takes one fourth. There is obvious cause here for India to value her trade associations with Japan, and it is to be hoped that, as time passes and the asperities of the present malaise yield to remedial treatment, the slovent of commercial intercourse may have full scope.

If India were to view the present crisis aright she might well be filled with greater apprehension for Japan than for China. She might argue that in the effort to establish an Empire on Western lines, Japan has for the time being lost her bearings, has forgotten the unescapable truths which she, like China and India, inherits from the wisdom of the Orient.

The Soul of China

At the moment the developments in Europe have temporarily broken interest in the events in the Far East. Yet before long the struggle there proceeding will again occupy attention. Who can measure the significance which it has for Asia and, indeed, for the world as a whole?

India's own march to self-expression may be profoundly affected. She cannot be blind to the lessons which China's physical weakness has for any people endeavouring to take their proper place in the ranks of civilization. Nor is it inappropriate to end on the Confucian note, for even if China be beaten to her knees the genius of her people is unconquerable—her soul will win through:

"Virtue is more to man than either water or fire. I have seen men die through walking into water or fire, but I have never seen a man die through walking the path of virtue.

"You may rob a three-corps army of its commander-in-chief, but you cannot rob even a common man of his will."

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A Norman Church Is Villageless

Country People Believe Site is Accursed; Manor Has Entirely Vanished

Hartley Mauditt Church, in Hampshire, is one of the few Christian churches in England where no Easter service was held. This quiet gem of Norman and early English architecture is a church with a rector but without a village and with almost no congregation. It has a curious history, and local legend has attracted to it an even more curious reputation, states the "Observer."

The enclosed churchyard is gay with cuckoo pine and shrubs, and the graves are well tended. But the church is kept locked. It used to be open, but depredations of gypsies and tourists made it necessary to close its doors except at service time.

A very small congregation attends West Worldham church nearest to it, and every year Hartley Mauditt has a service on Armistice Day. Sometimes parishioners choose to be married, christened, or buried there, but not often. They prefer West Worldham because the church is heated, says the Rev. John Parmiter, the Rector of Hartley Mauditt and West Worldham.

"Accursed"

That may be, but the fact remains that the dwellers in more than one village near Hartley Mauditt believe that the site is accursed. The great oblong of trees behind the church, they say, is the manor that was destroyed because of the curse. At another place a wide patch of nettles covers the site of an outhouse. The mournful lake, once the manorial fish-pond, has encroached until it covers the sites of the barn and stables.

Here there was a manor held of the Confessor and the Conqueror, flourishing until late in history, and it has vanished exactly "like the baseless fabric of a dream," leaving as its only wrack the Christian church that it would be sacrilege to destroy. These are the facts, and it is a curious enough history. Even more curious is the coincidence that Mauditt is the French for "accursed."

Marriage Quarrel?

But the truth is that the appellation in reality comes from the first Norman lord, Malduith, or Mauduit, later written Maudytt, who held the manor from Norman William. The reputed descent of Mauditt from Maudire is a beautiful piece of folk etymology of the same type as has produced a confusion in the unlettered mind between "sacrilegious" and "religious."

And the rest of the tradition is similarly explained away. After changing hands, the manor was bought in 1614 by Dr. Nicholas Styward, whose heir was created a baronet in 1660. His present-day descendant takes his name from the manor and is Sir Simeon Stuart of Hartley Mauditt. In the hands of this family it remained until the end of the eighteenth century when the then Sir Simeon Stuart sold it to Henry, the last Lord Stawell.

Here, again, legend enters in, and it is difficult to verify. For it is said in the neighbourhood that Lady Stawell wanted to live in the manor, but that her husband disliked the house and pulled it down to settle the question of residence there.

The Stuarts still retained an affection for the church, and many of them are buried in the churchyard. One Lady Stuart's body was brought from Norfolk, their native county, for burial, and was a month on the road.

Every Stone Erased

So all is explained. But as one looks at the grove of trees growing from the clearly defined boundaries where the house cellars used to be one cannot help wondering. Why should every stone be erased, every trace of the building and of the past obliterated? What is the hidden history behind the bare story, and what the truth that made the folk etymology probable?

There is at least one other legend—that the ghost of the Sir Simeon who sold the house (it is not said why he sold it) and who is mentioned in Gilbert White's "Natural History" haunts the ground. Again, why?

Difficulties of Fight Against Influenza

Slow Progress in Analysis Vaccination Experiments

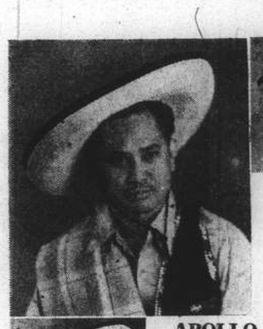
Need for elaborate arrangements to enable analysis to be made during influenza epidemics is emphasised in a report issued by the Medical Research Council. After detailed analysis of a number of cases in the 1936-37 epidemic, together with an account of experiments carried out, it is stated that much further work is required on the more severe cases of epidemic influenza, and particularly cases with lung complications, including all the varieties of pneumonia.

The evidence from this one outbreak is valuable and suggestive, the report continues, but not extensive enough to justify dogmatic statements. Analysis of complicated cases in man will not be easy, for the means available for identification of the virus are clumsy and costly, and it is impossible to keep clinical, bacteriological and pathological staffs in being and fully equipped for the study of an epidemic which is so erratic in its appearance, so capricious in attack and lasts for such a short period in any one locality.

Difficulties of Study

It is also exceedingly difficult to arrange that clinicians, bacteriologists and pathologists shall be set free from routine duties whenever an influenza outbreak occurs and thus allowed to devote all their energies to the study of the epidemic disorder. Yet without some such elaborate arrangement progress in the analysis of complicated cases of influenza in man is bound to be slow.

The possibility or otherwise of successful protective vaccination of man has not been tested properly. Difficulty is caused by the varieties of the influenza virus. Although all the strains have some common factor, and the differences, so far as present information is available, are not so great as is the case with some other viruses, they may be large enough to influence very unfavourably a vaccination experiment.



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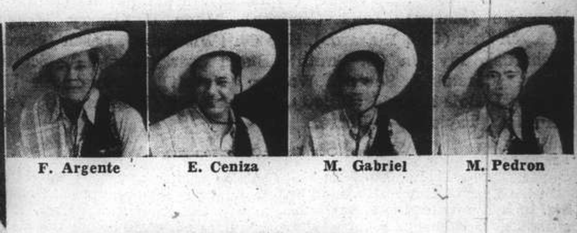

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Today All Eyes Look To Epsom Derby

Mr. Morriss' Pasch Remains Hot Favourite; Weather Prospects Given as Showery With Bright Intervals; What a Lad Scratched

London, May 31.

WHAT A Lad, injured in training yesterday, has scratched from the Derby, which will be run at Epsom tomorrow. The weather prospects are given as showery, with bright intervals, and windy. Scottish Union, one of the fancied candidates, has been allotted the lucky box in which Midday Sun, last year's winner, and Windsor Lad were stabled.

The latest list of probable starters, with their jockeys, is: Licence (Crouch), Pound Foolish (Jones), Caveman (Beary) Golden Sovereign (Weston), Caerloptic (Lane), Faroe (Perryman), Troon (Sammy Wragg), Malabar (Marshall), Chatsworth (Lowrey), Manorite (Maher), Tahir (Smirke), Mirza II (Harry Wragg), Halcyon Gift (Cliff Richards), Slip On (Wrickaby), Pasch (Gordon Richards), Fly On (E. Smith), Bland Star (Sprague), Scottish Union (Carslake), Seventh Wonder (Nevett), Portmarnock (Pat Beasley), Bois Roussel (Elliott), Unbreakable (Stephenson), Valerian III (Taylor). —Reuter.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

London, May 31.

In the Year of Grace 1779, the 12th. Earl of Derby decided to entertain his friends by organizing a race over Epsom Downs on a sweepstake basis. The Earl took immense pride in the stalwart trees on his country estate and, in his honour, the race was named the Epsom Oaks. His horse, Bridget, won the race.

Elated with his initial success, the Earl, in the following year, 1780, inaugurated a race of one and a half miles for three-year-olds. The race was duly run on May 4 over the course that had so favoured the Earl in the previous year, and was won by Sir Charles Banbury's chestnut colt Diomed, who started at 6 to 4 in a field of nine. The race was worth 1,075 guineas.

No name was officially given to this race, but it was familiarly referred to as the "Epsom Derby." The name stuck and the race prospered until today it is universally regarded as the race for the Blue Riband of the world's Turf.

The Derby is probably more discussed than any other sporting event in the world. It provokes both polite drawing-room discussion and heated argument. The champions of a certain horse will, in expounding their reasons why it should win, resort unashamedly to smooth-tongued persuasion, to shrewd polemic, to loud-mouthed heckling or even, we blush to say, when the spoken word does not convince, to fisticuffs.

The greater the uncertainty of the result of a horserace, the more the enjoyment, the greater, the thrill at the finish. That is, perhaps, why the Derby is so very popular. There is rarely any one horse which stands out, obviously superior to all rivals. How could there be, when the pick of the Turf assembles at one meeting! Bahram, the 1935 winner, was a 5-4 favourite, while the second favourite, Hairan, was on offer at 5-1. This was, however, very exceptional.

The Latest Call-over

This year may also prove exceptional. At the last callover, Pasch, Mr. H. E. Morriss winner of the Two Thousand Guineas, was an easy favourite at 2-1. The nearest challenger in the betting was Scottish Union, owned by Mr. James V. Rank, who finished second to Pasch in the Two Thousand Guineas. His last odds were 19-2.

At one stage of the betting, almost immediately after the victory of Pasch in the Two Thousand Guineas, the three most favoured horses were the three Ps—Pasch, Portmarnock and Pound Foolish. It will be curious if they gain the first three places.

The long period of drought this year has meant extremely hard going on every track in the country. The result has been that we have seen much less than usual of Derby probables. Owners and trainers have not been willing to risk damaging their horses on the iron surfaces.

This also means, of course, that a change to more yielding conditions by the time of the race would alter chances a great deal. Of the favourites, the chances of Portmarnock and Pound Foolish would improve at the expense of Pasch and Golden Sovereign, who do not find the firm going such a setback.

The Record of Pasch

Pasch, a brown colt, by Blandford out of Pasca, has only run in two races, winning them both comfortably. As a two-year-old, Pasch did not run at all. This says much for the belief by some racing authorities that a horse ultimately races better if it is kept off the course until it is three years old.

The Coventry Stakes, run over the mile-long Jubilee Course at Kempton, was Pasch's first race. The favourite was Unbreakable, at 2-1, but Pasch, at 7-2, was ridden into the lead two furlongs out by Gordon Richards and went on to win easily.

Pasch started favourite at 5-2 for his second race, the Two Thousand Guineas. Again ridden by Gordon Richards, who is also riding him in the Derby, Pasch led almost throughout to beat Scottish Union, Mirza II, Portmarnock, Unbreakable and Pound Foolish.

As both the Guineas and the Coventry Stakes are mile-long races, Pasch's ability to manage the additional half-mile at Epsom must be taken on trust, but his breeding should ensure that he has the necessary stamina.

He is trained at Beckhampton by Fred Darling, who has trained four Derby winners since the war. His opinion carries enormous weight and he thinks Pasch is quite good enough to win the classic. Moreover, if the rain does not come before the race in sufficient quantity to soften the surface considerably, the firm going will suit Pasch more, perhaps, than any other horse in the race. He is light-actioned and rebounds almost capriciously from the bone-dry track.

The only adverse criticizm that has been passed against Pasch is that, being still somewhat green,' he is inclined to wander. It was obvious, however, in both his races, that when this did happen, he responded very readily to the magic hands of Gordon Richards.

The champion jockey, incidentally, is very confident that there is nothing to beat Pasch. After the Guineas, Gordon Richards declared:

"He could have carried another 7 lb. and still have won. He was so full of dash and energy that I allowed him to stride along for a while. All the time he was looking around him like a novice. He still ran distinctly green, and that is why I never ceased riding him. He was an easy winner, and I really cannot see what can beat him in the Derby."

It is reported that Pasch is by no means the favourite at Marlborough, Wiltshire, where he is trained in Fred Darling's Beckhampton stables. "He's too much talked of," is the local opinion.

Fred Darling, on the other hand, is quite confident. He has put Pasch in the box which accommodated Coronach and Manna, both Derby winners, while they were in training at Beckhampton. "No horse gets that box unless he deserves it," said Fred Darling.

Golden Sovereign

One of the favourites, Sir Abe Bailey's brown colt, Golden Sovereign, by Monarch out of Fleche d'Or II, did not run this year until the Newmarket Stakes, but his fine victory in that race sent his Derby prospects soaring. Whereas the odds against him on May 5 were 100-6, after his Newmarket success, they shortened.

After passing the Bushes in the Newmarket Stakes, Golden Sovereign swept easily past Greenwich and Malabar, both Derby entrants, who took second and third place respectively.

Last year, as a two-year-old, Golden Sovereign ran six times, gaining two wins, two seconds and two thirds. Tommy Weston rode him to victory in the Maiden Plate at Kempton Park and the Gimcrack Stakes at York, in the latter beating Tahir and True Mate. He was third to Portmarnock and Mirza II in the Champagne Stakes, Doncaster.

Harry Cottrill, his trainer, was jubilant at Golden Sovereign's success at Newmarket and cabled the news at once to Sir Abe Bailey who, having had both legs amputated within a year, is now back in England for the Derby.

Portmarnock

Portmarnock, Sir Humphrey de Trafford's brown colt, by Fairway out of Derk's Double, who is trained by Boyd-Rochfort, has had only one race this year.

He finished fourth in the Two Thousand Guineas, with P. Beasley up, after starting as second favourite at 4-1. He was always conspicuous, but weakened on the ascent and was beaten by Pasch, Scottish Union and Mirza II. Portmarnock is thought highly of by those who have watched him at exercise at Newmarket.

As a two-year-old, he had four races, winning three and finishing unplaced in the fourth. He won the with J. Sirett up, the National Redfern Plate at Kempton Park, Breeders' Produce Stakes at Sandown Park and the Champagne Stakes at Doncaster, ridden by P. Beasley on both occasions. At Sandown Park, he beat Tahir, and at Doncaster, he beat Mirza II and Golden Sovereign.

Scottish Union

By Cameronian out of Trustful, Mr. James V. Rank's Scottish Union, brown colt, ran very well throughout in the Two Thousand Guineas, with E. Carslake up, and beat all but Pasch.

Last year, he had three races. Gordon Richards rode him to victory in the Rous Memorial Stakes at Goodwood and the Middle Park Stakes at Newmarket, in the latter beating Mirza II and Unbreakable. In his third race, the Salisbury Stakes, he finished second.

Pound Foolish

Lord Astor's brown colt by Blandford out of Pennycomequick, Pound Foolish, who is trained by Lawson at Manton, has raced three times this year, finishing sixth in both the Several Stakes at Newmarket and in the Two Thousand Guineas and on May 20 winning the Great Northern Stakes at York, Pound Foolish would most probably appear to much greater advantage on softer ground. He did not race last year.

The Aga Khan's Two

Tahir and Mirza II. Of these, Mirza II is favourite, fourth in the betting at 15-1.

Both Mirza II and Tahir were outstanding last year as two-year-olds. Mirza II ran in seven races, winning the first five and finishing second in the other two. He won three times at Newmarket, in the Bedford T. Y. O. Stakes, the July Stakes and the Chesterfield Stakes; he won the Coventry Stakes at Ascot; and the Lavant Stakes at Goodwood. He was second in the Doncaster Champagne Stakes and the Middle Park Stakes at Newmarket.

Tahir ran six times last year, winning three times, finishing second twice and unplaced once. He won the Warwickshire Breeders' Foal Plate at Birmingham, the Chesham Stakes at Ascot and the Ham (Produce) Stakes at Goodwood.

This year Mirza II won the Greenham Plate at Newbury and finished third in the Two Thousand Guineas. Tahir was third in the Coventry Stakes at Kempton and nowhere in the Guineas.

Mirza II was sired by Blenheim, and Tahir was sired by Tetratema. This consideration, along with the very fact that the Aga Khan owns the horses and Frank Butters trains them, should make both of them potential winners or, at least, candidates for the subordinate places. It would cause much surprise, however, if any were paced in the Derby.

His Majesty's Horse

The King has one horse entered for the Derby this year, Licence, trained by W. Jarvis. It is not expected to have any success.

Licence, a chestnut colt by Foxlaw out of Wireless, raced once last year, coming nowhere in he Foxhall Stake at Newmarket, he finished a not very convincing second to Flyon, who is also engaged in the Derby.

French Challengers

Bois Roussel, who was recently sold by M. Leon Velterra to a patron of Fred Darling's stable, understood to be the Hon. P. R. L. Beatty, is the most promising of the French challengers.

By the famous French sire, Vatout, out of Plucky Liege, Bois Roussel won the important Prix de Juigne at Longchamps over a mile and three furlongs, a strong recommendation for the Derby.

Malabar is ninth in the betting for the Derby. He did not run last year. This year, he has had three races, finishing second to Chatsworth in the Blue Riband Trial Stakes at Epsom, third in the Newmarket Stakes and unplaced in the Spring Maiden Plate at Newbury.

Cave Man, Lord Astor's brown colt, trained by Lawson at Menton, ran very well for six furlongs in the Guineas but, after that, fell away to finish nowhere.

In the Chester Vase, however, over a distance that is a good test for the Derby, he took the lead about four furlongs out and ran on well to win. Both Hyperion and Windsor Lad went from victory in the Chester Vase to win at Epsom. Cave Man ran twice last year but was not placed.

Flyon, Sir Larrence Philipps' horse, which did not win last year, has shown promise this year.

Flyon started poorly this year by finishing fifth in the Spring Stakes at Sendown Park and the Payne Stakes at Newmarket, he has won easily.

Mr. J. A. Dewar's Troon, half-brother to Cameronian, sired by Fairway, finished third in his only race last year, at Salisbury, and this year nowhere in the Derby Trial Sweepstake at Lingfield finished.

Lady James Douglas, owning Gainsborough (1918), and Mrs. G. B. Miller, owning Mad-day Sun (1937), only women to win the Derby.

Little Wonder (1840), 14 hands 3½ ins. height, smallest horse to win the race.

The late Duke of Westminster won Derby four times, 1880, 1882, 1886 and 1899; King Edward VII, the late Lord Rosebery and H. H. Aga Khan three times each.

Steve Donoghue rode six Derby winners.

Biggest Derby field—30 in 1914 and 1922; smallest 1894 and 1903 with 7 starters.

Galtee Moore (1897) shortest price 1 to 4.

Two disqualifications: in 1884, a horse described as Running Rein, a three-year-old, was latter proved to be Macoabeus a four-year-old, and was disqualified: in 1913, Craganour was disqualified for bumping and boring.

Winning fillies: Eleanor (1801), Blink Bonny (1857), Shotover (1882), Signorinetta (1908), Tagalie (1912) and Fifinella (1916).

Totalisator On Epsom Downs

Epsom, for the first time, is to have Tote wagering outside the rings and enclosures.

Under the powers conferred on the Conservators of the Epsom and Walton Downs Regulating Act (1936), permission has been granted to the Racecourse Betting Control Board to use a Totalisator on the Downs, to which the public will have free access.

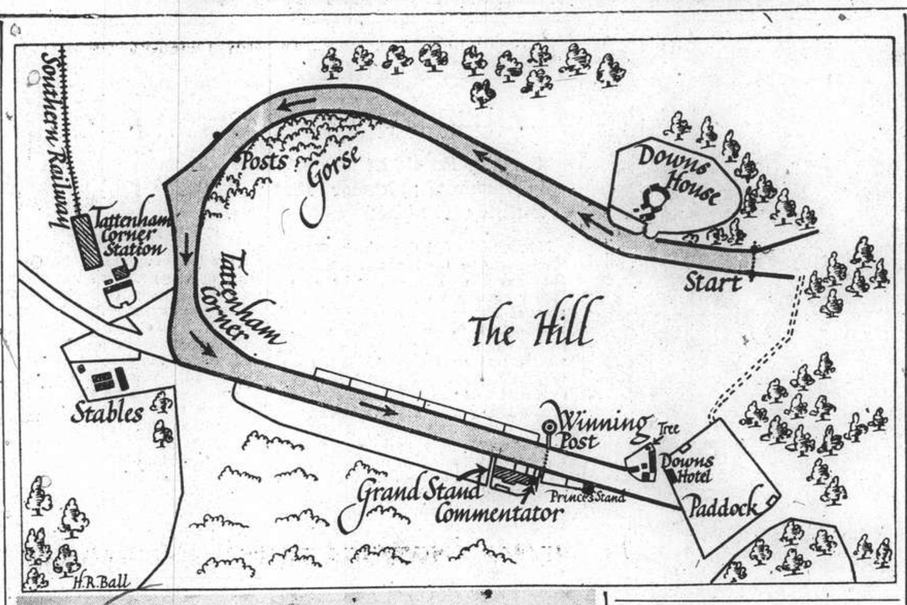
It will be in use during Derby week. The structure must be a temporary one and is to be moved at the close of each meeting.

From the original total of 294 entries for the Derby, 115 were withdrawn at the first stage of a £5 forfeit. At the second acceptance stage of £25 forfeit, 110 were withdraw, leaving 69 in the race.

On May 26, however, there were only 24 final acceptors. Those remaining in the race are:

(Run Epsom, Wednesday, June 1; 1½ m. 5 yds.)

Licence (His Majesty) .....W. Jarvis
Pound Foolish (Lord Astor) ....Lawson
Cave Man (Lord Astor) .....Lawson
Golden Sovereign (Sir Abe Bailey) .....Cottrill
Caerloptic (Sir Abe Bailey) ..Cottrill
Faroe (Lord Derby) .....C. Leader
Troon (Mr. J. A. Dewar) ....F. Darling
Malabar (Col. H. S. Follett) R. Dawson
Chatsworth (Mr. P. Haldin) .....T. E. Leader
Manorits (Mr. D. S. Kennedy) P. Thrale
Tahir (H. H. Aga Khan) ..Fk Butters
Mirza II (H. H. Aga Khan)..Fk Butters
Halcyon Gift (Mrs. G. A. Monkhouse) .....R. Matcalfe
Slip on (Capt. Lional Montagu) ..Earl
Pasch (Mr. H. E. Morriss) ..F. Darling
Flyon (Sir Laurance Philipps) .....J. Jarvis
Blandstar (H. H. Maharajah of Rajpipla) .....Duller
What A Lad (H. H. Maharaja of Rajpipla) .....Duller
Scottish Union (Mr. James V. Rank) .....N. Cannon
Seventh Wonder (Mr. J. Shand) .....G. Armstrong
Portmarnock (Sir Humphrey de Trafford) .....B-Rochfort
Bois Roussal (M. Leon Volterra) France
Unbreakable (Mr. J. E. Widener) .....B-Rochfort
Valarian III (Mr. William Woodward) .....B.-Rochfort



Epsom Downs and the Favourite

The famous Epsom course with its treacherous Tattenham Corner over which today's Derby will be run is shown by the above diagram which should be a convenience to those who follow the progress of the classic by radio. Daventry's commentary on the race is to begin at 9.50 p.m. Above is Mr. H. E. Morriss' Pasch, strong favourite to win. He is seen winning the Coventry Stakes with Gordon Richards in the saddle.

France Beat Italy In Davis Cup

Belgium Eliminate India; Yugoslavia Now Ahead of Sweden

Paris, May 30.

France emerged victorious over Italy by four matches to one in their Davis Cup tennis contest concluded here today. The Italian tennis team could win only one of the four singles matches played, and France took the doubles also.

Today, the two final crossover singles were contested. Taroni played a brilliant game to defeat Destremeau of France by 8-6, 5-7, 6-4, 6-2. The Italian's stamina and perseverance earned him a worthy victory over his young opponent. In the other match, Pellizza beat Bossi by 4-6, 6-4, 5-7, 6-3 7-5 in a thrilling ding-dong struggle—Havas.

Belgium Defeat India

Brussels, May 30.

Belgium progressed today into the semi-finals of the Davis Cup European Zone tournament as her tennis team defeated British India's by three matches to one, with India defaulting another. This was the last contest, in which Shancy could not play because he was injured.

In the crossover singles, Lacroix beat Ghans Mohamed by 7-5, 0-6, 2-6, 7-5, 6-3. The Belgian champion started off well enough but lost his form to lose drastically in the second and third sets. However, towards the end he recovered and finished strongly.—Haves.

Yugoslavia Leads Sweden

Belgrade, May 30.

Yugoslavia is leading Sweden by two games to one in their Davis Cup match being played off here. Sweden had won the first singles, but the home team gained victory today in both the second singles and the doubles.

Puncec, Yugoslavia, defeated Rohlsson by 6-2, 6-2, 6-2, without any difficulty at all. The same player partnered by Kukulevich then went on to win the doubles from Schroeder and Rohlsson by 6-3, 9-7, 6-3. Only in the second set were the eventual victors pushed.—Havas.

Orange Tennis Tourney

Mountain Station, N.J., May 30.

Elwood Cooke of Portland, Ore, sixth seeded entrant, won the Orange Lawn Tennis Club's invitation tournament today with a 6-4, 6-2 6-2 victory over Art Hendrix of Lakeland, Fla., the second seeded player. —United Press.

Press Club Derby Luncheon

Hopes, Fears of Trainers Owners, Jockeys; Note Sent by Mr. Morriss

London, May 30.

At the Press Club Derby luncheon today a telegram from Mr. H. E. Morriss, owner of Pasch, was read:

"So sorry to be absent. I gave some good advice in 1925 with regard to gathering the gift of Manna, a tip which the Aga Khan sportingly explained later that he scrupulously followed. It seems almost outrageous to harbour hopes for a second Derby victory in thirteen years. This home town of ours (Shanghai) seems thoroughly to have made up its mind on the matter and our world famous bar will see it have one good one if Pasch wins and several if he does not. Greetings and good wishes."

Owners, trainers and jockeys told of their hopes and fears.

Mr. James Rank expressed the hope that his entry, Scottish Union, would at least confirm in the Derby the form he had shown in the Guineas.

Sir Humphrey de Trafford, owner of Portmarnock, said:

"Some writers suggest that Portmarnock is a non-stayer. That is not the opinion of my jockey (Pat Beasley)."

Mr. J. A. Dewar, owner of Troon, said: "I think Troon will give a good run for his money."

"Steve" May Ride

Steve Donoghue and Freddie Fox revealed that they had been approached to come out of retirement and ride on Wednesday, which, they said, was 'just possible."

"What beats Pasch wins," said Steve Donoghue. "Troon is an excellent outside chance."

Feddie Fox remarked humorously; "I'd like to ride Pasch."

Beary, who is riding Troon, chimed in:

"What beat Pasch sins."

Mr. Tom Walls, owner of Markab, expressed the opinion that "if Pasch is beaten, it will be by Portmarnock." —Reuter.

Ipswich Town Admitted To Football League

Elected to South Section Of Third Division

London, May 31.

Ipswich Town have won their fight for a place in the English football League.

At the annual meeting of the Football League yesterday, Ipswich were elected to the Southern Section of the Third Division, displacing Gillingham.

Ipswich thus become members of the League for the first time since the foundation of the club 40 years ago. They were amateurs until 1936.

Walsall, who occupied one of the last two places with Gillingham, were re-elected.

In the Northern Section, Barrow and Accrington were re-elected.

Changes in the Third Division were the transfer of Port Vale to the southern Section, and the entrance into the Northern Section of Barnsley and Stockport, who were relegated from the Second Division.—Reuter.

1,223 Golfers to Vie

New York, May 30.

The field for the 42nd United States Open Golf Tournament will be decided Tuesday when 1,194 hopefuls will vie for 141 available places. Twenty-nine others, exempt from qualifying rounds, bring to 1,223 the number of golfers seeking Ralph Guldhal's championship crown at Denver on June 9, 10 and 11.—United Press.

Test Matches To Be Broadcast

Cricket enthusiasts will be pleased to learn that Daventry is making special arrangements to broadcast running commentaries of this year's Test matches. While the programmes of Transmission 3 will continue to be broadcast on GSP, 1531 mc/s, 19.60 metres, commentaries of the Test matches will be broadcast from 22.10-23.00 (Shanghai time) on GSP, 13.31 mc/s, 19.60 metres, and from 23.15-01.00 on GSD, 11.75 mc/s 25.53 metres. A trial broadcast will be made on these frequencies on Friday.

Nomads Meet Durhams On Saturday

Cricket Club XI Against Police on Sunday

On Saturday, the Nomads will meet the Durham Light Infantry in a cricket match on the S.C.C. Ground beginning at 1.30 p.m. The Nomads will be represented by D. W. Leach (capt.), E. H. Anstice, H. J. M. Cook, G. S. Dunkley, H. F. B. Gardener, A. Graham, F. Marshall, H. H. Morris, H. E. Orr, J. W. Pote-Hunt, and C. E. M. Thomson, with T. H. Wood and F. R. L. Carey as reserves .A. J. Daniels will act as umpire and J. D. E. Shotter as scorer.

On Sunday on the S.C.C. Ground, beginning at 1.30 p.m., the S. M. Police will meet A Club XI which will be represented by A. C. Sinclair (capt.), D. Allen, A. V. T. Deane, W. G. Graham, J. C. Jenkins, R. Laird, A. Lingard, A. S. Read, P. W. Williams, and T. H. Wood with J. H. Johns and W. C. K. Chadwick as reserves. C. Victor Syms will act as umpire and C. H. Theobald as scorer.

Germany to Enter Osaka 'Anti-Commintern' Meet

Berlin, May 31.

Germany announced today that she would join with Italy and Japan in an athletic meet at Tokyo and Osaka next November. Germany will send a 45 man team.—United Press.

Police Cricket Tomorrow

The Police will engage in a friendly cricket match tomorrow on the Police Ground, beginning at 2 p.m. The two teams, one captained by the vice captain and one by the secretary will be selected from the following players: Capt. Smyth, J. E. Fairbairn, H. A. Sevenoaks, B. B. Boddy, A. C. Barton, J. R. Dudley, A. Abott, P. J. Edmunds, S. V. Gash, F. Forster, G. Snuggs, T. E. Darvill, J. H. Sadler, J. Dickson, H. Eardley, F. A. Pitts, G. F. C. McLorn, J. Watson, J. Peasgood, F. Bader, F. T. M. McKeown, F. Woodley, J. Watson, J. Peasgood, F. Bader, F. T. M. McKeown, F. Woodley, J. Fallace, A. D. White, E. M. E. Stirling, J. Crawford, C. Weed and B. Warman. Other members of the club desirous of playing will be assured of a game.

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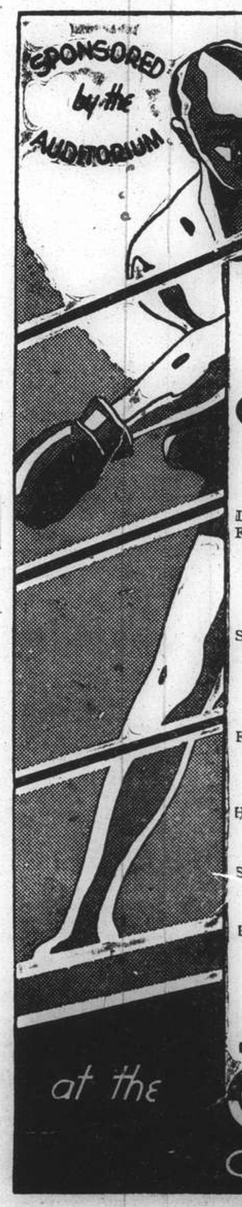
15	BOIS ROUSSEL	M. L. Volterra	Elliott
80	CARELOPTIC	Sir Abe Bailey	Lane
25	CAVE MAN	Lord Astor	Brennan
50	CHATSWORTH	Mr. P. Haldin	Lowrey
40	FAROE	Lord Derby	Perryman
22	FLYON	Lord Pender	E. Smith
9	GOLDEN SOVEREIGN	Sir Abe Bailey	Weston
66	HALCYON GIFT	Mrs. G. A. Monkhouse	Cliff Richards
80	LICENCE	His Majesty	Crouch
28	MALABAR	Col. H. S. Follett	Bertlam
28	MANORITE	Mr. D. S. Kennedy	Sam Wragg
100/6	MIRZA II	H. H. Aga Khan	Harry Wragg
5/2	PASCH	Mr. H. E. Morriss	Gordon Richards
100/7	PORTMARNOCK	Sir H. de Trofford	Pat Beasley
8	POUND FOOLISH	Lord Astor	Jones
17/2	SCOTTISH UNION	J. V. Rank	Carslake
100	SEVENTH WONDER	J. Shand	Carr
80	SLIP ON	Capt. L. Montagu	D. Smith
28	TAHIR	H. H. Aga Khan	Smirke
40	TROON	Mr. J. A. Dewar	Beary
40	UNBREAKABLE	J. E. Wedner	Sirrett
40	VALERIAN III	Mr. W. Woodward	Stephenson
100	WHAT A LAD	H. H. Maharaja of Rajpipla	Butchers

Starting Price Only One-fourth the odds a place



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American Speedway Classic

Floyd Roberts Wins in Record Time, Averaging 117.2 Miles an Hour; Spectator Killed

Indianapolis, May 30.

FLOYD Roberts of Vannuys, Calif., drove his roaring red and black Burd Special to victory in the 26th annual Memorial Day Indianapolis Speedway 50-Mile classic today in the record time of 4 hours 15 minutes 58.4 seconds, an average of 117.200 miles an hour.

Welbur Shaw, last year's winner and only local boy to win the gruelling race, defeated Chet Miller for second place after Miller was forced to make a stop at a pit for repairs late in the event.

Roberts, a favourite, drove one of the most brilliant races on record. He was up against a great field and the race proved one of the best in years.

The Californian only made one halt and even then he created a record, for he took only 30 seconds.

Tragedy, a constant attendent at the 2½-mile brick oval, was grimly present today and one spectator, Mr. Everett Spence, was killed.

Spectator Killed

Mr. Spence was killed when he was struck by Emil Andres who lost control of his car early in the race. Andres spun in his sleek racing automobile and a tire fell off causing him to crash. Andres was injured slightly.

Roberts practically ran away with the classic automobile race of the United States, winning U.S.$20,000, the major prize, and U.S.$29,000 in lap prizes.

Huge Prize Total

Shaw took U.S.$10,000 as his share of the prize money and Miller U.S. $5,000 for third place.

Despite threatening weather an estimated crowd of 175,000 flocked here to witness the race.

The weather was bleak previous to the race, but it cleared and during the race there was no hint of showers. But three minutes after the event rain came down and caused a mad rush for the gates.

Shaw, the first Indianapolis driver to win the classic, averaged 113.58 miles an hour in 1937.

A record sum of cash prizes was paid out today, making a grand total of U.S.$1,438,300 in capital and consolation prizes alone for races to date.

One of the reasons that today's race was the fastest in history was new international racing rules laid down.

Besides racing fuel, drivers were permitted to have smaller motors, lighter cars, super-chargers and were not required to carry a mechanic as before.—United Press.

Giants Drop Twin Bill to Bees

Cleveland Indians Gain Double Victory to Stay On Baseball's Top

New York, May 30.

While the New York Giants, National League leaders, were blanked by the Boston Bees in both ends of a twin bill, the Cleveland Indians, pace setters in the American loop, hung up a double victory against the Chicago White Sox.

Forging into the lead in the fourth session when they cut loose with a heavy batting barrage, the Boston Bees hung four markers and went on to win by 6 to 0 in the opener against the Giants.

Closer play marked the second encounter but a wild toss by Mel Ott in the seventh resulted in the Beantowners scoring the only tally of the tussle and attaining victory, 1-0.

National League

OPENERS

	R.	H.	E.
New York	0	9	1
Boston	6	11	0

Batteries: Castleman, Lohrman and Mancuso; Turner and Mueller.

Philadelphia	9	15	1
Brooklyn	5	11	2

Batteries: Passeau and Atweed; Tamulis Posedel, Marrow, Frankhouse and Phelps.

Cincinnati	7	13	1
Chicago	3	8	0

Batteries: Derringer and Lombardi; Carleton and Hartnett.

St. Louis	4	16	3
Pittsburgh	5	17	4

Batteries: Shoun, Henshaw, Lanier, McGee and Owen; Tobin, Clinger and Todd, Berres.

NIGHT CAPS

New York	0	3	1
Boston	1	4	0

Batteries: Schumacher and Danning; MacFayden and Riddle.

Cincinnati	0	6	3
Chicago	3	4	0

Batteries: Weaver, Schott and V. Davis; Lee and O'Dea.

Philadelphia	7	8	1
Brooklyn	4	7	2

Batteries: Lamaster, Johnson, Sivess, Clark and Atwood; Mungo Frankhouse, Butcher and Phelps.

St. Louis	9	12	2
Fittsburgh	6	16	1

Batteries: Warneke and Own, Swift and Berres, Todd.

American League

OPENERS

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	9	16	0
Detroit	10	14	2

Batteries: H. Mills, Bonetti, Linke and Heath, Sullivan; Gill, Wade, Coffman and Tebbetts.

Boston	0	3	1
New York	10	16	0

Batteries: Grove, McKain, Wagner and Debautels, Peacock; Ruffing and Dickey.

Washington	9	11	1
Philadelphia	4	9	2

Batteries: Weaver, Appleton and R. Ferrell; Williams, Thomas, Smith and Dickey.

Washington	9	11	1
Philadelphia	4	9	2

Batteries: Weaver, Appleton and R. Ferrell; Williams, Thomas, Smith and Hayes.

Chicago	2	5	0
Cleveland	5	12	0

Batteries: Lyons and Sewell, Rensa Feller and Pytlak.

Boston	4	9	2
New York	5	8	1

Batteries: Grove and Desautels; Gomez and Dickey.

NIGHT CAPS

St. Louis	3	9	0
Detroit	6	6	1

Batteries: Tietje and Sullivan; Lawson and York.

Washinton	1	8	0
Philadelphia	9	8	0

Batteries: Chase, Kelley and Giuliani; Caster and Brucker.

Chicago	1	4	1
Cleveland	8	14	0

Batteries: Lee, Rigney and Rensa; Allen and Pytlak.

Australia All Out For Only 132

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, May 31.

A tricky wicket and splendid bowling by Sims and Nevell combined yesterday to dismiss the Australians for the lowest total since the commencement of their tour.

With sun and rain alternating, the Australians, beginning their match against Middlesex at Lords, were all out for only 132, of which Bradman contributed only 5, McCabe 9, Badcock 10 and Fingleton 2.

Sims took four wickets for 25, and Nevell three for 38.

Middlesex also met with disaster when they went in, and the first three wickets fell at 16, including that of Edrich, who made nine, failing to reach 1,000 runs before the end of May by 10 runs.

At the close Middlesex were 49 for four.

Practically all other matches were seriously interfered with by rain.—Reuter.

Lord Burghley's Views On Physical Fitness

Opposition Says Quarters, Food More Important

London, May 1.

The opinion of such a fine athlete as Lord Burghley on the thorny subject of how best to keep fit can only demand keen interest and attention.

He was recently interviewed by another great athlete, H. M. Abrahams, and the interview is reported in the columns of the "Sunday Times."

Lord Burghley has found himself obliged to retire from the political field owing to the burden of his other responsibilities. He is President of the Amateur Athletic Association, Chairman of the British Olympic Association, a member of the International Olympic Committee and Chairman of the Publicity Committee of the Nations Fitness Council.

Why be Fit?

Abrahams: "Why should people want to be fit? There is a feeling among many of the public that the Government's fitness campaign is not a wholly disinterested matter, and that military efficiency is behind it all."

Burghley: "That is quite a mistaken idea. I think people should seek to be fit first of all for the real pleasure to be obtained from physical fitness. Physical well-being is one of the main factors in happiness, and a happy individual is far more valuable to himself and to the community as a whole than a discontented one. I think all of us owe a duty to the country in which we live, to give of our best to that country."

A general criticism of Lord Burghley's view, which coincides with that of the rest of the Fitness Campaign officialdom, is that it is fantastic and hypocritical to declare that the British masses should spring out of bed in the morning and make a dive for their Indian clubs or start skipping about in one or another form of sport when, time and again, official investigators have proclaimed that Britain is a C3 nation.

Other Necessities First

No one denies that exercises and games are beneficial when intelligently practised and that they are necessary to offset the monotony and fixity of most wage-earners' working days; but strong feeling exists that the remedy for physical sluggishness is to provide the British people with a sufficiently healthy environment and enough of the necessities for a contented and well-fed existence to make them *want* to take exercise.

A healthy person feels the need for exertion and will not deny his need satisfaction, it is claimed. An undernourished person or one living in poverty and overcrowded surroundings, is incapable of benefiting from the expenditure of any of his meagre supply of energy.

Champions Should Arise

Lord Burghley cannot see this.

"Do you think," he was asked, "that one result of the Fitness Campaign, if it proves successful, will be that Great Britain will do better in international sport?"

Not doubting that it would 'prove successful,' Lord Burghley replied: "Yes; but we are not out to create champions. I myself don't believe in making champions. I think they ought to arise. Undoubtedly one of the results of a successful campaign, of persuading many more people to indulge in the delights of exercise, will be that more potential champions will get the opportunity of displaying their prowess.

"What we want is that thousands more men and women of all sizes and ages should discover the joy of recreation in the proper sense of the word."

And the opposition shouts its agreement—with the aim, but not with the method.—Reuter.

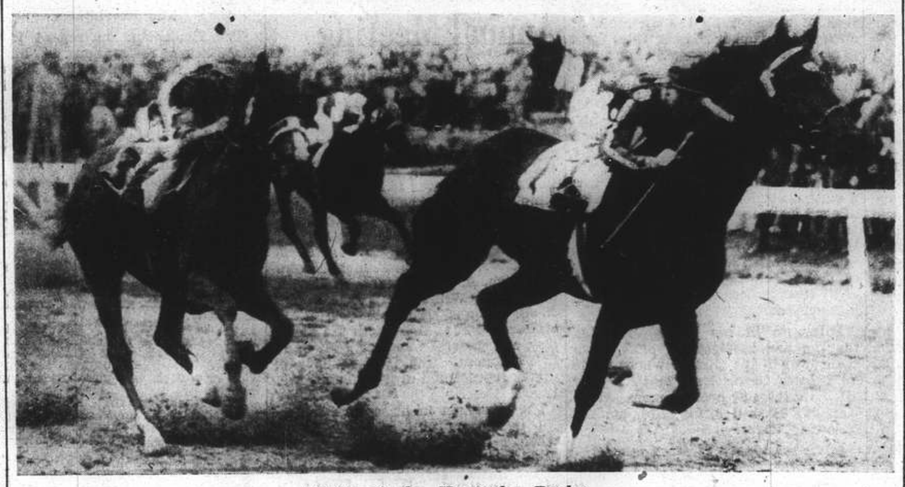
More Olympic Entries Wanted by Japan

Ping-pong Body Requests Inclusion in Games

Tokyo, May 31.

The Olympic Organizing Committee, it is understood, has applied to the International Committee for permission to invite five countries from the Far East, namely Manchoukuo, Siam, French Indo-China, the Straits Settlements, and the Dutch East Indies, to the 1940 Olympics at Tokyo.

The International Ping-pong Federation has approached the Olympic Organizing Commiitee through the Japan Ping-pong Association with the request to include ping-pong tournaments in the programme for the 1940 Olympics.—Reuter.



Finish of the Kentucky Derby

Thundering down to the finish line, Lawrin, three-year-old owned by Herbert M. Woolf, is shown winning the 1938 Kentucky Derby in front of a capacity crowd on May 7. In second place came Dauber and then Can't Wait. Favoured, Fighting Fox finished a dismal sixth. Eddie Arcaro rode the long-shot winner.

Importance of "Balanced Seat" In Polo Emphasized

Famous Player Criticizes Present "Stance" in Galloping Game in Great Britain

BY J. A. HAYES

WHEN so experienced a horseman as the Marquess of Cholmondeley—known in his polo-playing days, before he succeeded to the title, as the Earl of Rocksavage—sees fit to unburden his mind on the "balanced" seat in the correspondence columns of "Country Life", one feels that at last one's propoundings on this particular theory, ever since the Anglo-American international of 1924, are justified.

In that year the writer, when visiting America to witness the international, was asked by a friend, the editor of a London magazine devoted to the game, to write a forecast before and some comments after the matches. The forecast was, unfortunately, far too easy; in fact, the outcome seemed to be so foregone that Viscount Wimborne, who backed the team, left for England the day before the first match. However, it was a great show at Meadowbrook, as an authentic account published at the time stated:

There was no other international sporting event, with the possible exception of the races in which Epinard, the great French racehorse, competed, which drew such a throng of spectators as gathered for the international polo matches between Great Britain and the United States at Meadowbrook. The Prince of Wales and the largest throng that ever witnessed a polo match looked on. More than 35,000 saw the first match and approximately the same number of spectators witnessed the second contest.

The results were 16-5 and 14-5 in favour of the United States.

Finding that the games and their results were being covered adequately by highly competent reporters, who were thoroughly conversant with local players, conditions and so forth, the scope of the comments on the matches outside these essential details was naturally somewhat restricted. What, however, was particularly noticeable was the great difference in technique and form in hitting between the American and British players, with the possible exception of that of Louis Lacey, the Anglo-Argentine player who was Back for Great Britain, and who made some magnificent individual runs through his opponents which resulted in a goal on more than one occasion.

Unpopular Analysis

An attempt to analyse and account for this difference accordingly formed the gist of the article which duly appeared in England. Needless to say it was received with about as much fervour as was the one-time underrated Tod Sloan seat on its introduction from across the Atlantic. However, as every English player who has had the advantage of a season's play in first-class polo in America comes back so vastly improved nowadays, that is since the abolition of the off-side rule and the height limit for ponies, its worth and correctness have slowly but surely impressed themselves on careful students of form, until today when we find this noble sportsman and former high-ranking player writing as follows with regard to the "balanced" seat for hunting, steeplechasing and polo.

Referring in the first portion of his letter to a controversy about the seat to be adopted in order to secure the best results in the Aintree Grand National, he writes:

Sitting back puts all the weight on recovery on landing to get back to the "flat race" position must lose valuable time..... The chief object of the forward seat is to get across country—i.e. solid jumps—in the quickest and easiest manner. At present we have adopted the Italian method with marked success for show jumping, and I feel the advantage would be the same in hunting, steeplechasing and polo. Having some experience of the latter game, I am convinced it is not cash or superior ponies which enable the Americans to win the Cup time after time. It is the slumping back on the cantle of the saddle. With my own eyes I saw two goals lost in this manner in the last international match. The American on a stop and turn for the ball, with his more compact seat, was off and away while the Englishman unconsciously stopped his pony by letting all his weight fall on the weakest part of the pony, thereby losing two or three valuable lengths.

Conserving Pony's Energy

Surely this admits that conserving the energy of the horse is of the greatest importance and that the proof of the pudding is in the eating. It further is a complete vindication of the contention, set forth in my article "The Polo Stance" appearing in the September issue of the London "Polo Monthly," to quote:

The position of the man, if his mount is withdrawn from beneath him, should remain an attitude resembling an alert stance.....which is so indispensable to overcome the unbalancing effects of ever-changing momentum.

These words appear to provide the solution and account for the "compact seat" referred to, for buttocks bumping on the cantle mean undesirable weight on the loins and sometimes a quite unnecessary jab in the mouth too.

As these result in loss of time, distance and energy, no matter what branch of equestrian competition is being engaged in, is not a scientific method, by the athletic adoption of which all these shortcomings could be corrected and eliminated, worth consideration rather than contemptuous disregard?

League Tennis Will Begin Here Today

The 1938 tennis season will be ushered in today with the commencement of the Shanghai Lawn Tennis League Second Division. A total of twelve teams have been admitted into the competition which make exactly six matches in each round on Wednesday of every week.

Of the six matches today, the meeting of the Association Sportive Francaise and the Shanghai Recreation Club, last year's leading teams, should evoke the greatest interest. Three other matches will take place at the Race Course courts. The Shanghai Cricket Club will entertain the Bramtoco Tennis Club, the Police will play host to the German Garden Club and Clube Lusitano will receive the Swiss Club. At the Cercle Sportif Francais the Royal Army Service Corps will open their campaign while at the Sokol Tennis Club the Waterworks will make their initial appearance.

Why "Dizzy" Dean Was Sold

Happier Now; Should Do Well with Chicago Cubs; Clubhouse Fracas

New York, May 19.

On August 26 of last year, in the city of Philadelphia, Dizzy Dean made two startling pitches with a baseball that definitely ended his chances of remaining as a member of the St. Louis Cardinals.

The fatal pitches were the first two thrown by Dean in the first inning of a game with the Phillies. The first pitch hit the top of the screen back of home plate and the second barely missed the press box.

If you will turn back to the papers of the morning following that day you will read that Dean pitched to only one batter in that game, and that night was shipped off to St. Louis on the grounds that his arm had gone bad again.

Not on Speaking Terms

But his arm wasn't quite that bad. Four days before he had pitched well to defeat the Pirates 9 to 7. Dizzy didn't want to pitch against the Phillies that day. As he wasn't speaking to Manager Frankie Frisch—hadn't been speaking to him in weeks, in fact—his wishes were conveyed to the manager through Coach Mike Gonzales. But Frisch was adamant. So Dizzy, with a final "well, he wants me to pitch anyway, eh!" walked out on the hill and let fly.

This rather bitter little scene in the city of brotherly love was mild in comparison, however, to the storm that broke out in the St. Louis clubhouse a week or so later when the Cardinals came in off the road.

A man who was there has described the meeting of the gas house gang to me, and it must have been a sweetheart. With the team assembled, including Dean, Frisch strode in and said:

Trouble in Clubhouse

"No matter what you might have heard to the contrary, I will be the manager of this team in 1938. Furthermore, I have heard reports that some of you players think I am jealous of you—envious of the money you make. That's a lie. I want all of you to make all the money you can."

At this point Dizzy cut in.

"You must be talking about me, Frank."

"I'm not saying who I'm talking about," Frisch bellowed, "but if the shoe fits you, wear it."

According to my informant, and you can go to sleep on his testimony, Dean then rose up and launched one of the finest, all-round, free-style, no-words-barred oral attacks any manager ever listened to. For a good five minutes he raked Frisch over the coals, using all the standard forms of address for such an occasion and a great many home-grown phrases.

Told to go Home

"Never mind that," Frisch barked, "I'll be running it in 1938."

"And doing a blankey-blank job, too," Dean roared back.

That same day Dean was paid off for the remainder of the season and told to go home.

Knowing all of this, and a lot more that lack of space prevents me telling, it came as no great shock to learn that Dean had been sold.

In closing, here's one prediction that I think will stand up:

Dean, no matter what shape his arm is in, will win between 17 and 20 games for the Cubs. And if his arm is right, he will have his biggest and best year in baseball.

Because he is happy now!—United Press.

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Cash Sweep tickets for above on sale at Messrs. Turner, Sturrock & Brown (9 Avenue Edward VII), Union Mobiliere (1 Rue Montauban) and at the CANIDROME.

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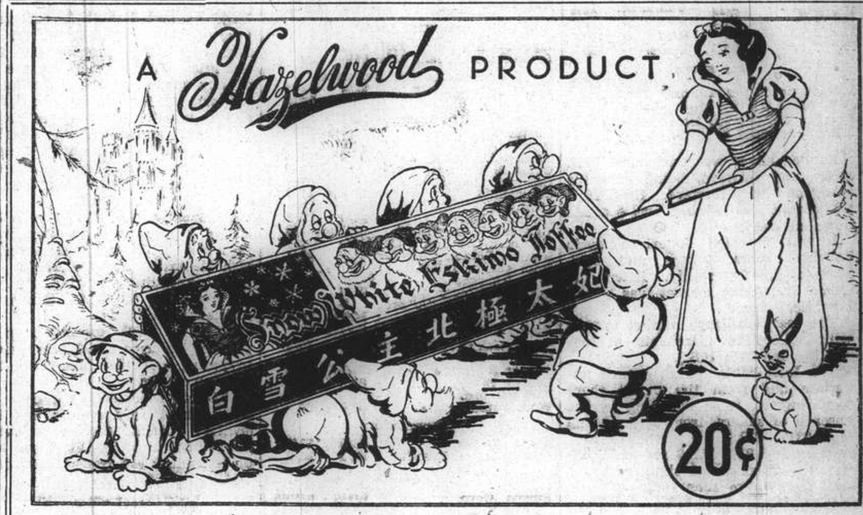

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Please Note: Children Under 14 Must be Accompanied by Adults

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

TUESDAY, MAY 31, 1938

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 10½ ..... $ 22.86
U.S. $100 @ 21⅛ $462.43

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 10¾ $22.325
U.S. $100 @ 21⅛ $459.70
London—demand 10⅞
4 months' sight credits 10⅞
4 months' sight docts 10⅞
6 months' sight credits 10⅞
6 months' sight docts 10⅞
New York—demand ..... U.S. $22⅛
4 months' sight credits 22⅛
4 monhts' sight docts 22⅛
Paris—4 months' sight docts Fcs. nom.

CLOSING RATES

Sterling ..... 10⅜ U.S. $21 1/16

Chartered Bank

Canadian $100 @ 21 1/16 = $463.77

Netherlands Trading Society

Java Guildens $100 ..... Buying 40¼
Netherlands Guilders $100 .. „ 40¼
Java Guilders $100 ..... Selling 39
Netherlands Guilders $100 .. „ 39

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100 = $448.18 £1 = $22.19
Selling U.S.$100 = $462.43 £1 = $22.86

Italian Bank For China

It. Lire 3.90 = $1 Swiss Frs. 0.95 = $1
Tourist Lire 4.32 ..... = $1

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Belgas 1.28 = $1 Belgas 29.20 = £1

Other Quotations

Berlin-Hamburg T.T. $100 = Rm. 53¼
$100 = Reg. Mk. 105.00

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

	Highest	Lowest
¼ U.S. $	22 1/16	21⅜
Yen	—	—

MERCHANTS CLOSING RATES

Cash	SELLING	BUYING May/June
£ T.T.	10 5/16	4 m/s. l.c. 10½
G.$ T.T.	21 7/16	4 m/s. l.c. 21⅜
Fcs. T.T.	765	4 m/s. 790
Rs. T.T.	57½	7 d/s. 59

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	18⅜	18 7/16
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	—	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	49.07	—
Bombay offtake 40 bars.		

London silver was unchanged both ready and forward, being 18⅜ for ready and 18 7/16 forward. New York was closed and Bombay was 4 annas down at 49.07.

It was reported American trade bought. India bought and sold. Market quietly steady. After the official fixing the market was steady but idle.

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 10⅝ sterling and 21⅞ U.S.$.

The Inter-bank market opened uncertain" and from the outset there were buyers, rates declining in the absence of sellers, from 10 3/32 sterling and 22⅛ U.S.$ for cash, to 10 1/16 sterling and 21⅜ U.S.$ for cash. At the close there was a slight recovery and there were sellers at:—

10⅜ sterling	21 7/16 U.S.$	Cash
10½ sterling	21.→ U.S.$	June

Foreign Exchanges

Bombay Rupee T. T. on: May 30.

Japan	78⅝	London	1/5 3/4
New York	272½	2 months	
Shanghai	62½	„ (sellers)	1/5 3/32
Hongkong	84⅞	„ (buyers)	1/5 3/32

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	495.31	Shanghai	11¾d. N
Paris	178.15	Bombay	1/5⅞
Berlin	12.33¾	Hongkong	1/3
Amsterdam	8.96½	Singapore	2/3⅛
Brussels	29.30	Yokohama	1/2
Madrid	82.00 N	„ (buying)	1/13½
Milan	84.12	C'Slovakia	142.62
Berne	21.72½		

New York Closed.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London: May 30.

Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	0⅝%
Bank Bills,	6 months	0⅝%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2¼%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	2¾%
Call Money		0½%

New York: Closed.—Reuter.

London Exchanges Calmer

London, May 30.

A further lessening of the European political tension was reflected in this morning's foreign exchange market, where much calmer conditions were in evidence. While the turnover was not large, the majority of European currencies had a more settled undertone, and the chief feature in the market was the tendency to unload dollars, which were so much in demand during the recent tense situation.

In addition to the improved European political outlook, the Belga benefitted from the reduction of the National Bank rate from 4 per cent. to 3 per cent. Well informed quarters are of the opinion that the lower bank rate, in conjunction with the overwhelming vote of the Chamber in favour of the bill instituting a National Crisis Tax, will cement a revival of confidence in Belgian finances.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Closing Bids in Pesos)

	May 28	May 31
Antamok	.44	.43
Atok	.25	.25
Benguet Consolidated	9.20	9.10
Consolidated Mines	.003	.025
Demonstration	.25	.26
Mine Operations	.10	.10
San Mauricio	.43	.44
United Paracale	.29	.29

Turnover: 70,000 Pesos.
Shares Index: (closing prices) 71.71.
—Reuter.

Japanese Govt. Bonds

Osaka, May 31.

Kogo 5% Y103.27
—Reuter

Silver Quotations

London, May 31.

Spot silver advanced slightly today, the quotations being:—

	May 30	May 31
London spot	18⅞d.	18 3/16d.
„ forward	18 5/16d.	18 7/16d.
London/New York:		
One pound	U.S.$4.95 1/16	$4.95⅛
One U.S. dollar	48.454d.	48.473d.
Gold	140/5½d.	140/5½d.

—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

Morning Session

OFFICIAL

	CASH
50 S'hai Power (Pref)	$109.00
500 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 13.00
2,000 Samagaga	$ 0.60
1,000 Kota	$ 2.20
1,000 Senawang	$ 0.05
27 S'hai Power (Pref)	$109.00
5 Union Insurance	Hk.$520.00

UNOFFICIAL

105 S'hai Power (Pref)	$109.00
2,600 Cheng	$ 0.42

Afternoon Session

OFFICIAL

50 S'hai Power (Pref)	$108.75
500 Ewo Mills (Ord)	$ 13.00
5 S'hai Power (Pref)	$103.00

UNOFFICIAL

1,000 Cheng	$ 0.41

	Shares
Morning Session	6,387
Afternoon Session	1,555
Total	7,942

Official Indexes

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

	May 27	30	31	Change
S'hai Ru. S.		193.87	193.26	Off 0.61
S'hai Gen. S.		41.81	41.81	Unch.
Chi. Ex. B.	42.30	41.95		Off 0.25
Chi. Do. B.	101.61*	Closed	Closed	

*August 13, 1937.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, May 30.

Interest on the Stock Exchange today was again centred on gold mining issues, owing to a local and Continental desire to secure gold equity, in view of the prevailing economic trend. Hence, other sections received scant support, but British gilt-edged securities closed firm.—Reuter.

	May 27	30
War Loan 3½%	101⅜	101½

JAPANESE BONDS

Japan 5% Stg. Loan, 1907	45½	44½
Japan 6% Stg. Loan, 1924	54½	54

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Allied Ironfounders	23/3	23/3
Armstrong, Stevens	7/3	7/3
Assoc. & Elec. Indus.	35/4½	35/9
Austin Motors, ord.	23/1½	23/1½
Bristol Aeroplane, ord.	53/1½	52/6
British-American Tob.	103/1½	101/3
Cable & W., new form.	51¾	51¾
Cammell Laird, ord.	7/-	7/-
Courtaulds	34/7½	34/6
Distillers	95/-	95/6
Dunlop Rubber	26/9	26/9
General Elec. (Eng.)	69/7½	69/6
Guinness (A) Son & Co.	114/-	114/-
Hawker Siddeley Aircraft	27/6	27/-
Imp. Chem. Indus.	29/7½	29/7½
Imp. Tobacco	132/6	132/6
Leyland Motors	77/6	76/3
Marks & Spencer "A" ord.	55/-	55/-
Pressed Steel, com.	14/1½	14/1½
Rolls-Royce	85/7½	90/-
Smethwick Drop Forgings	17/3	16/9
Tate & Lyle	77/-	76/6
Turner & Newall	76/10½	76/6
United Steel	21/3	20/10½
Vickers, ord.	21/-	20/6
Woolworths	62/4½	62/-

MISCELLANEOUS

Anglo Dutch	23/9	23/9
Rubber Pltn. Invest.	23/9	23/6

MINES

Burma Corp.	9/1½	8/10½
Commonwealth Min.	2/6	2/1½
Western Holdings	—	16/6
Marsman Invest.	11/-	11/-
Randfontein Ests.	32/9	32/6
Sub-Nigel	212/6	213/9
Tanami Gold Min.	6d.	6d.

OILS

Anglo Iranian	80/7½	81/10½
Burmah	111/10½	111/10½
Mexican Eagle	4/7½	4/7½
Shell Trans. & Trad.	81/10½	82/6

CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.

4½% Gold Loan, 1898	£81	81
5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	73½	73½
4½% Anglo-French Loan	92	92
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	52	51
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	65	64½
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	17½	17½
5% Honan Rly., 1905	38	38
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	31	31
5% „ „ (Ger. Is.)	29	29
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	19	19
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	31	30
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	28	27
5% „ „ G.	28	27
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) B.	28	27
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) G.	28	27
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	25	25
S'hai Elec. Construction	36/- N	36/- N
S'hai Waterworks "A"	24½ N	24½ N
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	31½ N	31½ N
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	12¼	12½
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	89	88½
„ „ (Col. Reg.)	92	91
Chinese Eng. & Min.	14/6	14/6
Chosen Corp.	7/6	8/-
Pekin Syndicate	2/6 N	2/6 N
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	18/9	18/9

N—Nominal.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, May 30.

In the commodity section, wheat, after ruling steady on a reported Italian inquiry, eased on profit-taking and in sympathy with the weakness of Winnipeg cables. Cotton in the Liverpool market was weak on general liquidation which found a poor offtake.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 5 5/8 +1/8; sellers 5 11/16 +1/16; June del. buyers 5 5/8 +1/8; sellers 5 11/16 +1/16.
London Sugar (Buyers) May 4/11 +1¼; Aug. 5/- +¾; Dec. 5/- +¾.
Liverpool Wheat: May 5/9½ —¾; July 5/6¾ —2⅞; Oct. 5/4 —2¾.
Liverpool Cotton: Amer. Futures: May 4.14 —17; July 4.15 —19; Oct. 4.26 —19; Jan. 4.32 —20; Egyptian Futures (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7) May 6.06 —21; July 6.11 —21; Sept. 6.13 —21; Oct. 6.14 —21.
London Metals: Copper, Stan. Cash sellers £33¾ +1⅛; 3 mths sellers £34 +1⅛; Electrolytic buyers £37¾ +¾; sellers £38¾ +1¼; Tin, Stan. Cash sellers £161½ +3¾; 3 mths sellers £162¼ +3⅝; Lead, Foreign, official price sellers £13 1/8 +⅜; 3 mths del. sellers £13⅞ +⅛; Spelter, Ordinary, official price sellers £12½ +⅞; 3 mths del. sellers £12½ +⅞.—Reuter.

Berlin Bourse

Berlin, May 30.

The share market opened in a very friendly mood today because of the expected increase of Dye Trust dividend. Bank customers placed few buying orders but operators were very active. On the other hand, selling by emigrant circles was smaller than last week so that the results of the operators' transactions could take full effect.

Reports from the iron and steel industry were very favourable. Dye Trusts were firm, mineral oils improved, minings were buoyant but electrics weaker.

In fixed interest securities, prices tended a shade weaker. Reichs Old Liquidation Loan not being quoted. Agricultural mortgage bonds were offered plentifully so that prices dropped.

In industrial bonds, Dye Trusts rose ¼ to 130¼ but AEG, dropped ⅜ to 102⅛.

Callmoney stood at 2⅞ to 3½ per cent.—Trans-Ocean.

Annual Meeting of Tehong Rubber

Final Dividend of Four Cents A Share; Profit Of $267,871.55

"Financially, the company is in a sound position and on January 31, 1939, the liquid assets exceeded the cash liabilities by $253,474.48," said Mr. A. J. Welch, chairman, at the annual general meeting of Tebong Rubber Estate, held at 11.45 yesterday in the offices of J. A. Wattie & Co., Ltd., secretaries and general managers.

Mr. Wattie was supported by Messrs. H. Kadoorie and R. N. Swann, directors, and Mr. C. F. Shackleton, representing Wattie & Co., while shares present and represented totalled 2,162,909 shares.

The chairman said:—

The working for the year under review has resulted in a profit of $397,846.29 as compared with a profit last year of $267,871.55. This profit is equivalent to St. $53.63 per acre so, whilst the profit earned represents a considerable percentage of the issued capital, the profit per acre is only moderate.

This satisfactory result was attributable to the facts that the output was some 326,000 lb. greater and the average price realized for our product was .17 of a penny per pound higher. The expenditure on revenue account was, however, one fifth of a penny greater, mainly due to the increase in the rate of wages.

Possible Appeal

The standard production for 1938 allotted to the estate is 1,375,900 lb. being a decrease of 263,407 lb. over that for 1937. The Straits agents are now occupied in investigating whether an appeal against this assessment is likely to be successful or not.

There is an item on the liability side of the balance sheet that perhaps I should enlarge upon and that is sundry creditors, $78,190.17. This appears at first glance to be a very large amount but it is capable of very simple explanation. Of this sum $46,465.70 represents the usual liabilities on the estate at the end of any given month, including the proportion of the quit rent for the eleven months February to December 1938 amounting to $15,414.77. The only other large item included under this heading is the bonus to the estate manager and the staff amounting to $28,379.47.

Financially, the company is in a strong position and on January 31, 1938 the liquid assets exceeded the cash liabilities by $253,474.48. Capital expenditure during the year amounted to $29,672.04 which was utilized as follows:—

$23,913.88 were expended on replanting on area of 28 acres and on preparing a further area of 81 acres for replanting.

$3,841.42 represents the cost of 3 Latex tanks, refrigerators and inset lavatory besins for the various bungalows, and $934.21 were spent on extending the transmission of the water supply.

"General Charges"

A shareholder has written in asking for particulars of the items that comprise general charges and in reply I may inform him and you that general charges covers 17 subheadings. The net increase in expenditure this year under the heading of gneral charges as compared with last year is Straits $5,164.90 which is mainly due to increases under the following sub-headings: — Contingencies, St. $309.09, which was almost entirely attributable to the Coronation celebrations which had to cater for a labour force of 610 souls and their dependents.

'Recruiting and assessment cost an extra St. $2,062.52 owing to the employment of a larger number of coolies in order to cope with the increase output. The expenditure on the up-keep of buildings was greater by St. $2,187.84 owing to the reroofing of some of the coolie lines and the reconditioning of two of the bungalows.

Wells and water supply cost an extra St.$662.55 owing to the extension of the water service to the two bungalows that were reconditioned. The increases or decreases under other headings were negligible

Panting Matters

As regards planting matters the only change in the planted area during the year was that 28 acres that were cut out last financial year were replanted with specially selected seedlings, which are reported to be making very satisfactory progress. A further area of 81 acres was cut out and prepared for replanting when the proper season to do so arrived.

An average area of 2,626 acres was tapped daily throughout the year from which a yield of 510 lb. per acre per annum was obtained. The tapping system in vogue continues on a rotational basis whereby two-thirds of the area is always in tapping whilst the other one-third is resting. This system has resulted in a steadily increasing yield per acre and a great strengthening of the bark renewal and reserves not to mantion economy in the cost of tapping.

Beyond the usual amount of root disease amongst the old rubber, neither pests nor diseases gave any special trouble during the year and any sporadic cases that occurred were promptly given the necessary treatment. The supply of labour was ample for all requirements during the year but the average daily rate of pay was 47.31 cents as against 39.16 cents the previous year.

The expenditure under the heading "Hospital and Medical" was greater by St.$2,139.60 which was entirely due to the fact that there were outbreaks of measles, mumps and influanza during the year There were 15 deaths and 23 births during the year in addition to which 314 patients were given hospital treatment and there were 1,374 out-patients.

Weeding cost 23 cents per acre per month as compared with 19 cents last year. The increase was entirely due to the higher rate of wages ruling.

The factory and plant functioned satisfactorily during the year and no complaints were received from buyers regarding the quality of our product. All buildings were given the necessary upkeep and are reported to be in a reasonably satisfactory condition. Speaking generally, the estate is in good condition and free from lallang and other harmful growths.

Letter from Mr. Soyka

There is one other matter to which I will allude before I sit down as the subject will probably be referred to later on at this meeting.

Rather less than three weeks ago Mr. H. Kadoorie received a letter from Mr. L. Soyka in which the latter complained, inter alia, of the lack of attempts by the directors of shanghai rubber companies in general to affect amalgamations and to the alleged exhorbitant fees that the directors of certain companies in particular, permit Messrs. Kennedy, Burkill & Co., Ltd. to charge. Mr. Soyka has also in the past complained about the amounts paid for directors and secretarial fees by these companies. Attached to this letter was a statement showing what the writer alleged were the fees at present being paid by eight of the companies under the management of J.A. Wattie & Co., Ltd., and cited what, in his estimation, the fees ought to be if all these eight companies were amalgamated into one unit.

Later on in his letter he stated that he had received an offer, from some firm in the Straits, whose name he refuses to disclose, to take over all the estates at present managed by Kennedy Burkill & Co., Ltd., on the following terms:—

(a) A specific fee for each estate.
(b) A commission of ¾ per cent on the sales of rubber. (N.B. The almost universal Commission now paid on ordinary Sales is only ½ per cent.).
(c) A handling fee of 22½ cents per 100 lb.
(d) Insurance at 2½ cents per cent.

Special Meetings

This letter was handed to Messrs. J. A. Wattie & Co., Ltd., by Mr. Kadoorie, who, as soon as they had prepared the necessary figures to enable the members of the various boards to make a proper comparison between the amounts at present paid to the Straits Agents and those quoted by Mr. Soyka, convened a joint meeting of the boards of all the straits companies under their management under the chairmanship of Mr. M. Speelman at which the whole matter was thoroughly discussed.

The directors, after very careful examination of the pertinent figures, were unanimously of the opinion that the present charges made by Kennedy Burkill & Co., Ltd., represented a fair and reasonable remuneration for the services rendered by them and that those quoted by Mr. Soyka, instead of effecting economies, would prove to be considerably more expensive to the companies in question, and furthermore it was unanimously decided that even if a saving could have been shown, which is not the case, the advantage that would result from retaining the services of Messrs. Kennedy, Burkill & Co., Ltd., with their long experience of the problems affecting each property, would outweigh any slight monetary advantage that might accrue from a change of agents.

As regards the secretarial and directors' fees, the meeting was unanimously of the opinion that they were reasonable and compared favourably with those paid to others in the same line of business. I may say, for the benefit of Mr. Soyka, that I, as an interested party, did not vote at this meeting.

You, of course, are only concerned in hearing how Mr. Soyka's proposals would affect this company, and I may tell you that, on the basis of the accounts now before you, had Kennedy, Burkill & Co., Ltd., been working on the basis of the terms propounded by him they would have received at least Straits $3,000 more than they actually did.

After some discussion, the following resolutions were passed:—

That the directors' report and statement of accounts for the year ended January 31, 1938, as presented, be adopted and passed. Proposed by Mr. A. J. Welch and seconded by Mr. R. N. Swann.

That a final dividend of four Chinese dollar cents per share be paid, making a total of eight cents per share for the year. Proposed by Mr. A. J. Welch and seconded by Mr. R. N. Swann.

That Mr. Fu Siao En be re-elected a director of the company. Proposed by Mr. Wu Chi Ming and seconded by Mr. Yang Chia Shang.

That the appointment of Mr. A. J. Welch as a director of the company be confirmed. Proposed by Mr. Sze Hou Sung and seconded by Mr. Quincey Wu.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews be re-elected auditors of the company. Proposed by Mr. D. E. Levy and seconded by Mr. Wang Sing Fan.

Rubber and Tin Meetings

London, May 30.

Results of this week's meetings of the International Rubber Regulation and the International Tin Restriction Committees were the subject of animated discussion today. The International Rubber Regulation Committee tomorrow will face the difficult task of deciding the level of the quota, equitable to all sections of the industry.

While the latest estimates of world consumption suggest that the quota for the whole year must not exceed 55 per cent. if the present excessive stocks be reduced, the Committee has to bear in mind that any drastic reduction of the quota will aggravate the already disturbing labour positions in producing areas. To achieve a 55 per cent. level for the whole year, the Committee must fix a quota of 50 per cent. for the second half of the year. Whether this level will be sufficiently low to keep the supply and demand reasonably co-ordinated, depends almost entirely on the future trend of American industrial activity the present outlook of which is none too bright.

The International Tin Restriction Committee, which will be meeting in Paris on Thursday, has already given an indication of its probable action if the "Buffer Pool" proposals are to be adopted. The present quota of 55 per cent. will be divided into 40 per cent. for market requirements and the remaining 15 per cent. for creation of a "Buffer Pool" stock.

In the event of the "Buffer Pool" scheme being abandoned, the statistical position of the metal suggests that a drastic cut in the quota has still to be made, but the consequent beneficial effect of the price level is likely to be temporarily offset by liquidation of substantial supplies held in anticipation of the formation of a "Buffer Pool."—Reuter.

Paris Bourse

Paris, May 30.

A distinctly better tone prevailed on the Paris Bourse during today's session owing to the complete lack of incidents in yesterday's elections in Czechoslovakia. The upward trend died down shortly after the opening owing to lack of trading.

Prices closed near the day's highs, with some issues gaining appreciably.—Havas.

U.S. Commodities

Winnipeg Wheat

May 112⅛ B +4¾.—Reuter.

Hall and Holtz Ltd. Annual Meeting

Effect of Hostilities Upon Past Year's Trade; Better Prospects Ahead

The 46th annual general meeting of the shareholders of Messrs. Hall and Holtz, Limited, was held at 190, Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai, on yesterday. Mr. Eric Moller (Chairman of the Board of Directors) presided and there were also present Mr. W. Mellor (Director), Captain J. T. Inch, Messrs. H. Veitch, A. C. Remedios, W. Brown, E. Noakes, G. H. Purcell, E. Kermode, N. B. Doodha, E. B. Moller, R. B. Moller and F. C. Ashe with the secretary and general manager (Mr. J. H. R. Faulkner). The total number of shares represented at the meeting was 15,100.

The chairman in his speech said:—

I think you will agree with me when I say that the past year has been possibly one of the most ardous in the history of your company, anyway definitely within the memory of any of the present shareholders. I do not propose to take up your time by reviewing at length the difficult times we have passed through since last August, as I am sure they are all too fresh in your memory.

The first half of the last financial year, in fact right up to the beginning of August 1937, business showed an appreciable and steady improvement. All departments were enjoying a steady and substantial increase of turnover, and overheads were not increasing and your directors were justified in anticipating being in a position to declare a dividend even if a small one, at the end of the financial year. Had business continued as satisfactorily for the second half of the year, it would have been possible to present you with a much more favourable balance sheet than the one now before you.

Immediate steps were taken to reduce overhead expenses to a minimum, and wherever possible economies were at once effected, and I am pleased to be able to inform you that very substantial savings were effected each month, and it is on account of these savings that the trading loss for the year has been kept down to the figures as shown on the balance sheet. The furniture section of our business which is carried on from premises situated at 927, Baikal Road, was of course immediately and completely cut off directly hostilities commenced, and it was not until January 23, that it was found possible to locate some of our workmen, secure passes and make arrangements to re-commence work on orders in hand, and try to secure new business, the latter being difficult owing to the fact that possible buyers do not as yet favour a trip to that area, but we are hoping that conditions in Wayside and Yangtszepoo areas will shortly improve, permitting of something like normal business conditions.

Year's Loss

If you will kindly turn to the balance sheet you will notice that the year's working shows a loss of $18,127.28 after providing for depreciation of furniture, fixtures, fittings and plant, amortization of buildings and land in Shanghai and Tientsin. This amount has been deducted from the $37,504.32 brought forward from last year, leaving a credit balance of $19,377.04, which has been carried forward to next year. Much as your directors naturally regret having to report a loss on the year's working, they feel that under the abnormal circumstances prevailing during the latter half of the Company's financial year, that you will consider the result of the year's working as satisfactory.

You will notice that the company's overdraft stands at $384,108.62 as against $403,047.17 at February 28, 1937, notwithstanding the extra capital needed and invested for the development of the new Furniture Section, and I would mention that special efforts are being made to further reduce the amount of the Company's overdraft, and that these efforts are meeting with success. Stock in hand and in transit stands at $913,231.98 as against $927,042.77 at February 28, 1937, which demonstrates that care is being taken in the purchase of new goods to ensure always having a full and complete stock of new merchandise in all departments, without allowing the accumulation of old stocks on the shelves.

I am pleased to be able to assure you that the value of your stock-in-hand and in transit standing at $913,231.98 is an absolutely fair and equitable valuation of the stock. All stock having been taken at landed cost price, fashion goods and shop-soiled goods, etc., being depreciated in value before being taken into stock. Today of course the value of the stock-in-hand has very considerably appreciated and is worth from 10 to 15 per cent. more than it actually stands at on our books on account of the higher cost of landing goods owing to the fluctuation of exchange on quality imported merchandise, which is in all cases bought from the actual manufacturers, thereby eliminating all jobbers and middlemen's profits.

This comparatively new furniture section of our business was doing a quite satisfactory turnover until hostilities commenced, in fact at the end of July, furniture to the value of $66,550.00 had been sold, but as I stated before, this section of our business was completely isolated from the time hostilities broke out until January 23, which of course made this new section of our business show a loss on the year's working.

Tientsin Branch

Tientsin, as we all know, has also passed through a difficult time, but trading conditions did not prove as difficult as in Shanghai, and the Tientsin Branch actually made a small net profit. Mr. Fergan the manager of the Tientsin Branch, paid a short visit to Shanghai a few weeks ago and reported that conditions were fairly normal in that city as far as our business was concerned, the turnover keeping practically normal which I think must be considered as satisfactory.

The company's flats, situated above the main store have all been occupied continuously throughout the year, in fact at the present moment we have a waiting list of very desirable tenants if any of the flats should become vacant. During the past year all the flats were re-painted and are now in a first-class condition.

At a board meeting held on May 18, it was unanimously agreed by your directors to assist in reducing general expenses, that the directors' fees should be reduced from $4,500 yearly to $3,000 yearly, and a resolution asking our approval to this step will be placed before you.

The Resolutions

The Chairman: In regard to Mr. McMeekin's resignation on his retirement from China the Directors are making arrangements to invite a suitable representative to join the board and this will develop after the coming month of June. Under all the circumstances, we did not wish to put upon the company the full weight of the directors' fees so we have curtailed them and I can assure you that it is a pleasure to your directors to afford this little financial assistance to the company.

The Chairman proposed that the accounts as presented be adopted. The resolution was seconded by Mr. W. Mellor. The resolution was carried unanimously.

It was proposed by Mr. W. Mellor and seconded by the chairman that the directors' fees for the ensuing year be reduced from $4,500 to $3,000 per annum. This resolution was also carried unanimously.

The resolution that Mr. Mellor be re-elected a director of the company was proposed by Capt. J. T. Inch and seconded by Mr. W. J. Brown and carried unanimously.

The last resolution, that Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews be re-elected auditors of the Company, was proposed by Mr. E. Noakes and seconded by Mr. A. C. Remedios was carried unanimously.

The Chairman said I must just offer my hearty thanks and congratulations to Mr. Faulkner and the staff for the work so well done by them and the careful cutting down of overhead expenses so that our losses were largely curtailed.

Mr. Faulkner said that the overhead expenses were reduced from August 13 until the end of March by $22,000 without any loss of efficiency in the business.

BANKS

THE P. & O. BANKING CORPORATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)
with which is affiliated
THE ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £3,000,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 2,594,160
PAID-UP CAPITAL 2,594,160
RESERVE 180,000
Shanghai Branch — 28 The Bund

Head Office:
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West End Branch—London
16 Cockspur Street, S. W. I.

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BRITISH INDIA:—Bombay and Calcutta.

CHINA:—Shanghai, Hongkong and Amoy

THE PHILIPPINES:—Manila

STRAITS SETTLEMENT:—Singapore

JAPAN:—Kobe and Tokyo

C. STIGTER, *Manager*
SHANGHAI

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(Incorporated in England by Royal Charter, 1853)

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RESERVE £3,000,000

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Head Office: 38 Bishopsgate London
Manchester Office: 71 Mosley Stree.

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Amritsar	Ipoh	Seremban
Batavia	Klang	Shanghai
Bombay	Karachi	Singapore
Bangkok	Kobe	Sitiawan
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur (Malay States)	(Malay States)
Canton	Kuching (Sarawak)	Sourabaya
Cawnpore	Madras	Taipin
Cebu	Manila	Tientsin
Colombo	Medar	Tongkah (Bhuket)
Delhi	New York	Tsingtao
Haiphong	Peiping	Yokohama
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Harbin	Rangoon	
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Authorised $50,000,000
Issued and fully-paid up $20,000,000
Hongkong Currency
Reserve Fund $10,000,000
Sterling Reserve Fund £6,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS $20,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

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J. K. Bousfield, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell
Hon. Mr. M. T. Johnson
J. R. Masson, Esq.
G. Miskin, Esq.
K. S. Morrison, Esq.
Hon. Mr. A. L. Shields

Acting Chief Manager
D. C. EDMONDSTON

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Canton (Hongkong)		Shanghai
Chefoo	Kuala-Lumpur	Singapore
Colombo	London	Sourabaya
Dairen

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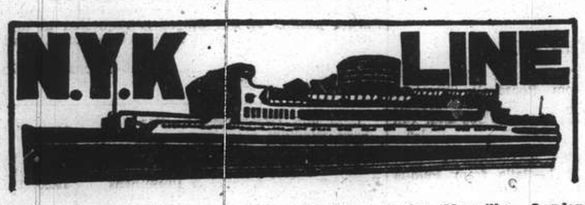
N.Y.K LINE



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	From Kobe
TAIYO MARU	June 13
TATSUTA MARU	June 21
CHICHIBU MARU	July 13

To Vancouver and Seattle

	From Kobe
HIYE MARU	June 7

To Australian Ports via Manila

	From Hongkong
ATSUTA MARU	June 25

To Aden, Naples, Marseilles, London, Antwerp and Rotterdam via Straits and Colombo (*Calls at Hamburg)

	From Shanghai
HAKONE MARU	June 14
FUSHIMI MARU	June 28
HAKOZAKI MARU	July 12
SUWA MARU	July 26

To Kobe, Yokohama

HAKOZAKI MARU	June 7
SUWA MARU	June 22

To Nagasaki (Rapid Express Service)

SHANGHAI MARU	June 2
*NAGASAKI MARU	June 4
SHANGHAI MARU	June 7
SHANGHAI MARU	June 11

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4 June—"AGAPENOR" from Shanghai		18 July—"ANTILOCHUS" from Shanghai		20 Aug.—TITAN from Shanghai	
Havre Bromborough Liverpool	via Japan	Havre Liverpool Bromborough	via Saigon	Havre Liverpool Bromborough	via Saigon

*Cargo steamer with limited Passenger Accommodation.
†"A" Class Passenger vessel
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	"ACHILLES"	,, Liverpool	,,	June 17
	"MYRMIDON"	,, New York	,,	June 17
	"TALTHYBIUS"	,, Vancouver	,,	June 29

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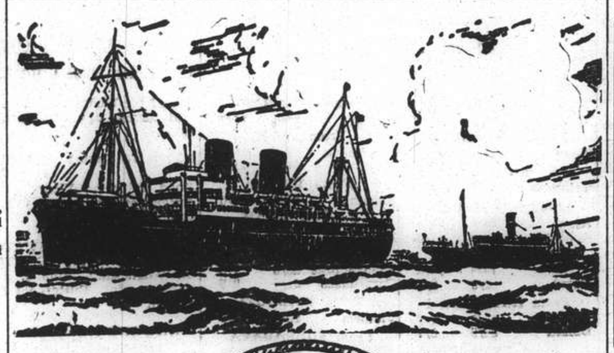

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	14	*BURDWAN	6,100
	21	RAJPUTANA	17,000
July	5	RANCHI	17,000
	12	*SOMALI	7,000
	19	RANPURA	17,000

	From Shanghai		Tonnage
Aug.	2	RAWALPINDI	17,000
	9	*BANGALORE	6,100
	16	NALDERA	16,000
	30	CORFU	15,000

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May 27	May 29	May 31	ARAMIS	June 4	June 6	June 7
June 10	June 13	June 15	Mar'al Joffre	June 18	June 20	June 21
June 24	June 27	June 29	Athos II	July 2	July 4	July 5
July 8	July 11	July 13	Jean Laborde	July 16	July 18	July 19
July 22	July 25	July 27	Felix Roussel	July 30	Aug. 1	Aug. 2

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YALOU ..... due at Shanghai about June. 2
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mv. KULMERLAND July 3 Genoa, A'werp, R'dam, Hamburg.

OUTWARD VESSELS LATEST MOVEMENTS:

			Due S'hai
mv. ASSUAN	In Hongkong	May 28	June 6
mv. KULMERLAND	Left Singapore	May 28	June 9
ss. NORDMARK	Passed Suez	May 19	June 22
mv. DUISBURG	Left Rotterdam	May 20	July 7

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ms. "Tai Yang" left Hamburg May 4, due Shanghai June 12
ms. "Taronga" leaves Hamburg May 30, due Shanghai July 8
ms. "Talabot" leaves Hamburg June 30, due Shanghai Aug. 8
ms. "Talleyrand" leaves Hamburg July 30, due Shanghai Sept. 11

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On Tuesday, June 7, 1938

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Heavy Baggage will be received into Lighter at the Customs Jetty between 2 and 3 p.m. Monday, June 6.
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SS. DAIREN MARU	June 1	June 3 at 11 a.m.
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	June 4	June 5 at 11 a.m.
SS. HOTEN MARU	June 7	June 8 at 11 a.m.
SS. DAIREN MARU	June 9	June 10 at 11 a.m.
SS. TSINGTAO MARU	June 11	June 13 at 11 a.m.

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SS. HAKKA MARU	June 16
SS. KOGA MARU	June 21
SS. HAKKA MARU	July 1

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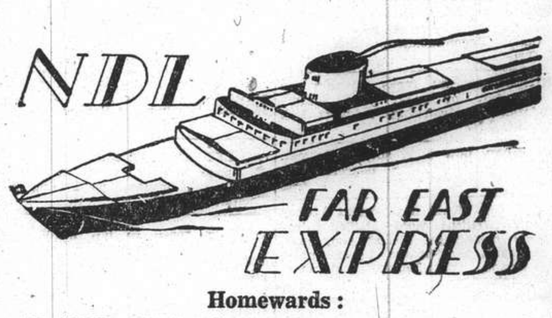

Homewards:

SS. "SCHARNHORST" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. June 24
MS. "COBURG" for Port Sudan, Marseilles, Casablanca, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen July 8
SS. "POTSDAM" for Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen, Hamburg .. .. .. July 22
SS. "DONAU" for Marseilles, Oran, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen .. .. July 26

Outwards:

			Due Shanghai
ss. ALSTER	Left Singapore	May 30	June 7
ss. SCHARNHORST	Left Colombo	May 30	June 12
ss. DONAU	Left Rotterdam	May 27	July 8
ss. POTSDAM	Leaves Hamburg	June 4	July 9

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Empress of Canada	June 26	—	June 29	July 1	July 8	July 13
Empress of Russia	July 10	July 12	July 14	July 16	—	July 25
Empress of Japan	July 24	—	July 27	July 29	Aug. 4	Aug. 9
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		1938	1938	
ss. Johan de Witt	10,400	June 15	June 17	July 7
ss. J. P. Coen	11,140	June 22	June 24	July 16
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	June 29	July 1	July 20
ss. Slamat	11,600	July 6	July 8	July 27
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	July 13	July 15	Aug. 3
ms. Baloeran	17,000	July 20	July 22	Aug. 10
ms. Christiaan Huygens	15,700	Aug. 3	Aug. 5	Aug. 24
ms. Sibajak	12,000	Aug. 10	Aug. 12	Aug. 31
ms. Johan v. Oldenbarnevelt	19,000	Aug. 24	Aug. 26	Sept. 14
ms. Dempo	17,000	Aug. 31	Sept. 2	Sept. 20
ss. Johan de Witt	10,400	Sept. 14	Sept. 16	Oct. 5
ms. Indrapoera	10,800	Sept. 21	Sept. 23	Oct. 11
ms. Marnix v. St. Aldegonde	19,100	Oct. 5	Oct. 7	Oct. 25
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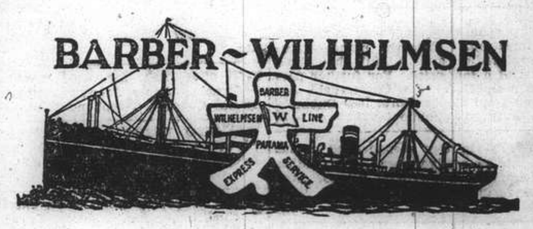

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Positions Vacant

WANTED salesmen, preferably with previous experience, for office and electrical equipment. Good remuneration. Please call on Gallop & Co., 320 Szechuen Road, between 4 and 5 p.m. on June 3. 15029

SEMI-foreign/Chinese firm has vacancy for compradore/partner with $10,000 to $25,000 for handling import business, on salary, commission and interest. Can control everything. Excellent oppdrtunity for right and honest person. Only serious applications will be considered. Address Box 3242, N.C.D.N. -7052

BRITISH firm requires lady secretary/stenographer. Applicants must be of pure British birth and nationality, be of prepossessing appearance, have tact and initiative, and have held similar position. Good salary paid. Replies, which should give full particulars, to Box 3241, N.C.D.N. 15085

WANTED experienced and well-connected Chinese market shroff for wholesale and retail foreign wine and spirit firm of long and well-known establishment. Address Box 3222, N.C.D.N. 15022

LEARN to write correct English. Special course for beginners. Text book free. British School of Accountancy, 410 Szechuen Road. Telephone 14967. -5397

REQUIRED. Competent male stenographer/secretary, British origin. Address Box 3219, N.C.D.N. 14991

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of three dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.50.

WANTED position as service manager, shop foreman by American factory-trained, all-round automobile mechanic who can produce results. Address Box 3089, N.C.D.N. -7023

ENERGETIC Chinese youth, college graduate B. Sc., 12 years experience in waterworks. Special knowledge in pipe laying. Good references. Address Flat 2, 147 Route Paul Henry. -7059

YOUNG British girl, experienced in general office routine, seeks position as secretary-stenographer. Address Box 3234, N.C.D.N. -7055

ACCOUNTANT/secretary, English, 27 years of age, at present with old-established British firm where progress is slow, requires position with prospects of more rapid advancement. Well-educated; efficient. Address Box 3229, N.C.D.N. -7043

HARDWORKING lady-stenographer, badly in need of work, willing to secure position, part/full time basis. Please reply Box 3233, N.C.D.N. -7051

ACCOUNTANT-manager, Chinese, La-salle University graduate, seventeen years executive and managerial experience. Outport no objection. Excellent references. Box 3239, N.C.D.N. -7066

APPOINTMENT: Those seeking appointments, possessing necessary qualifications and highest references, may register at Clarkes Inquiry & Protection Agency, 88 Nanking Road. 15010

INTELLIGENT ladies stenographers-beginners, foreign or Chinese, with knowledge of coding and filing, ready for position. Willing to start with small salary but with a view to steady increase. Address Box 3068, N.C.D.N. 14872

BRITISH bachelor, 27, offers his services in any supervising or inspecting capacity, day or night duty. Speaks good Chinese and has knowledge of clerical routine, etc. Persevering and reliable man, teetotaler, willing to accept $85 as commencing salary. Kindly address Box 3214, N.C.D.N. -7001

MALE typist, Chinese seeks position, knowledge office work, filing. Excellent references. Salary $50. Box 3215, N.C.D.N. -7003

SECRETARY-stenographer, wide experience, knowledge filing coding, general office work, bookkeeping. Excellent testimonials. Outports no objection. Address Box 3212 N.C.D.N. -6999

GOOD experience in tea export, Chinese youth seeks position. Ability of general office work, outport no objection. Address Box 3201, N.C.D.N. -6971

ACCOUNTANT/manager desires position immediately. Capable of taking charge any department. Accounts, sundries, metals, piecegoods, laces, embroideries, silk underwear. Previously bonded. A1 references. Address Box 3177, N.C.D.N. -6961

Business Opportunities

INTERESTED to acquire a business or to invest $10,000-$20,000. Strictly confidential. Only real opportunity considered. Box 3224, N.C.D.N. -7026

Agencies

HEPBURN and Ross, Scotch Whisky Distillers, Glasgow, proprietors of Red Hackle Scotch Whisky, which was awarded first prize in the last Whisky Competition held in London against all comers are prepared to grant exclusive selling rights to first-class firm with suitable sales organization. State all particulars, ground covered. Hepburn and Ross, Kelvin House, Kelvinbridge, Glasgow, Scotland.

Wanted to Purchase

WE purchase all kinds of high-class furniture. Carpets, piano, typewriter, radio and useful household effects at a fair price. For further particulars apply to the Chesterfield Art Second-hand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 36334. -6935

WANTED to buy second-hand things such as refrigerators, safes, radios, electric-fans, typewriters, pianos, rugs, house furniture, etc. Telephone 96967. -5684

WANTED to buy a used Leica camera. State specification and lowest price. Address Box 3209, N.C.D.N. -6991

SECOND-hand refrigerator in good condition. State full particulars to Box 3205, N.C.D.N. -6981

Radios

FOR skilled workmanship call 32392 American Radio Repair, 1549 Bubbling Well Road. 15037

FOR radio repair call International Radio Service, 9 Cardinal Mercier, Telephone 75897. -6979

Boats

STEAM launch. Length 56 ft. 5 in. Breadth 10 ft. 2 in. Depth 6 ft. 0 in. 60 h.p. Address Box 3237, N.C.D.N. -7064

Educational

WANTED, qualified British tutor for Latin, Mathematics, English grammar (matriculation). Reply stating qualifications and minimum monthly fee. Address Box 3226, N.C.D.N. -7032

CHINESE lessons, Mandarin, Shanghai and other dialects by experienced teacher who has given lessons at S.M.C. Efficient method, $2 per week. Room 406 Y.W.C.A. Building, Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Telephone 12169. -7057

A JAPANESE lady, Miss Teruko Kadonashi, is renewing Japanese lessons. Also interpretation, translation. Registered at the Japanese Consulate-General. Address 627 Avenue Foch. Apartment 4. Telephone 72219. -7019

OPPORTUNITY. Start now with new Gregg Class. Gregg students awarded six out of seven London Chamber of Commerce shorthand certificates. Gregg School of Business. Shanghai's Premier Academy. 55 Yuen-Ming-Yuen Road. 14871

B. M. YU, of Shanghai University Music Department, gives Piano Lessons with instructions in Harmony, Theory and Music Appreciation. Telephone 72235. -6637

ITALIAN lessons required by a lady. Lady teacher preferred. Replies to Box 3157, N.C.D.N. -6880

SHORTHAND (Gregg or Pitman), Typewriting and other Commercial subjects. Individual tuition. Rules patiently, carefully, and clearly explained. Day and evening classes. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney, 173, Seymour Road, Apartment 301. 14869

FRENCH by qualified gentleman teacher, special method for beginners. Conversation, writing within short period. Box 3189 N.C.D.N. -6946

Personal

WOULD an attractive tall serious gentleman of good social standing be willing to act as social escort to an attractive, independent, blond lady of 29? Box 3225, N.C.D.N. -7031

CHINESE lady wishes to meet a gentleman pianist (British or American) for friendship. Serious reply only. Address Box 3223, N.C.D.N. -7037

TO the girl who sat across gangway with girl-friend, Nanking Cinema, Friday, May 27, 9 o'clock, $1 seat. Never saw you before, am looking forward to meeting you. Please be at Jessfield Park near pond, between 2-3, Sunday, June 5. -6937

WANTED regular service of pedicure. Address Box 3217, N.C.D.N. -7005

For Sale—Miscellaneous

PROVISION Sale. Carnation milk, $4.30; sardines, 90 cents four; jam 36 cents; Bakerite biscuits $1 three pounds. Many others. Zimmerman, 215 Szechuen Road. -7077

MAGAZINES, books just arrived from America. Sold from 10 cents. 200 titles. French magazines reduced. Popular Bookstore, 215 Szechuen Road. -7077

FOR SALE, double-door Kelvinator. For particulars telephone 11934 during office hours. -7060

SHIRTS, made to measure, cellular, $4.50; best quality poplin, $7.50; striped silk, $8. Razon's, Central Road. -7078

BOOKS on China, Japan, Central Asia, Tibet, old etchings, rare books. The Book Mart, 286 Yu Yuen Road. -7056

IMPORTED steel swing couch, complete. One imported steel roll-top desk with chair. Telephone 21681, 12.30 to 2.30 p.m. -7054

WALNUT stained hardwood bedroom suite, 7 pieces, $75. Consol model gramophone, $25. Two portable gramophones at $16 each. Telephone 20397. -7035

X-STITCH crash linen towel 35 cents, 36-inch tea set $2.10, 54-in tea set $5.50, 72-inch by 90-inch dinner set $17.50. Many others of lates laces and embroidered linens sold at wholesale price. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road, (1st Floor). 14972

FURNITURE, Bedroom, living-room, dining room, for sale. Owner leaving, 419 Embankment Building, Telephone 40701. -6730

TOWELS. Ship and Machine brands. Face towels, bath towels, bath sheets, bath mats and towelling etc. First-grade quality at moderate prices. Manufactured by The Tuck Chong Weaving Factory, Office 10 Wongkashaw Gardens (Avenue Road Carter Road east), Telephone 37024. -5635

FOR SALE. Beauty parlour equipment, four hair-dryers, three Feon hand-dryers. For further particulars apply Property Department. E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd. Sassoon House. 15018

FOR SALE, second-hand school furniture. Apply House 14 Rue Chapsal, Passage 280. -6806

NICK'S second-hand furniture store. Buying and selling new and second-hand furniture, household effects etc. 146A Route des Sœurs, Telephone 73937. -4289

Motor Cars and Cycles

FOR SALE 1931 Chevrolet 4-door sedan, mechanically A1 condition, new duco. Price $760. Apply 232 Hardoon Road, Telephone 31936. -7061

$700. Morris Minor, good condition and appearance, economical gasoline. Please address Box 3230, N.C.D.N. -7044

BUICK sedan, seven-seater, excellent throughout. For quick sale $1,100. No brokers. Telephone 70604 after 1 p.m. -7039

WE offer cash for used cars and trucks. Apply Jenny's Motors, 177 Amiral Courbet, Telephone 73165. -7011

WANTED 1932/36 small Austin, Fiat or Balilla. Price within $1,000. Telephone 22168 between 1-2, 6-8 p.m. -6975

FORD coupe, 1931, model A, excellent condition, for sale. Telephone 80348. -7000

FOR SALE, Fiat 514, four-door sedan, from original owner, foreigner, self-driven, thoroughly overhauled, excellent condition, $900. Reply Box 3207, N.C.D.N. -6984

WHIPPET 1930, coupe, good condition. Quick sale. Telephone 34804, 12.30—1.30 p.m., 6—7 p.m. -7009

Office Cars

LIFT offered mornings Haig/Joffre to Bund and return, in exchange same in afternoons. Telephone 17117. 15043

LIFT wanted, three times daily, between Avenue Foch/Hardoon Road corner to Soochow Road. Address Box 3227, N.C.D.N. 15042

LIFT wanted between Tunsin Road and Szechuen Road twice or three times daily for two persons. Address Box 3238, N.C.D.N. -7065

Furnished Apartments

TO Suitable tenants, $195 monthly for summer months. Lovely modern cool apartment, screened, garden, 5 rooms, 2 bathrooms with showers. French Concession. Telephone 70831. 15043

357 King Albert Apartment, Flat 1. Four rooms with all conveniences. Furniture for sale. -7079

NINE-roomed flat, furniture for sale, $1,100. Mrs. Blumovitch, Lane 37, House 107, Brenan Road. Near Jessfield Park. -7075

TO LET very attractive, fully-furnished three-roomed apartment. Available June 15 for a minimum period of three months. Please telephone 16936 during office hours and 71437 after office hours. 15021

TO LET, three-roomed furnished apartment, summer months, 7th. floor, French Concession, $140 including frigidaire. Telephone 16398 office hours or Box 3223, N.C.D.N. -7025

FOR SALE, furnished two-roomed flat, with kitchen and bathroom. Apply between 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. 947 Avenue Joffre, Apartment C. Telephone 75359. -7045

NICE furnished room to let at reasonable price. Please telephone 33920. 14993

TO LET, furnished or unfurnished flats of four rooms Kinnear Apartments. 195 Kinnear Road, near Jessfield Park, nice roof and ground gardens. All modern conveniences. Moderate rentals. Apply Hsin Heng & Co., Property Department, 160 Avenue Edward VII, Telephone 15660. 15014

FOUR-roomed, steam-heated, modern conveniences, enclosed verandah, French Concession. Rent $135. Furniture to be taken over. For particulars telephone 85264. -7011

Unfurnished Apartments

LIBERTY Apartments, 258 Rue Maresca. Three-roomed apartment with bathroom, pantry and kitchen. Rent $180, including taxes, water, heating, refrigerator and lift service. Garage extra. Apply W. A. White & Co., Ltd., 81 Jinkee Road, Telephone 11549. 15041

AVAILABLE June 10, two-roomed apartment. Steamheating, frigidaire. Bubbling Well. Particulars telephone 31707, 9-2. -7047

TINY Mansions, 749 Yu Yuen Road, Two-roomed flat available. Kitchenette, frigidaire. With/without garage. Apply Telephone 20141. -7036

TO LET. Two-roomed apartment with built-in kitchenette, steam heating, hot water and Frigidaire. Part furniture to be taken over. Please telephone 92513 for appointment. -6968

TO LET, from June 1, six-roomed flat, all modern convenience, 1326 Avenue Joffre, Empire Mansion. Rent $500. Furniture and fittings may be taken over, Lease may be transferred. Lieu Ong Kee Works Department. Telephone 15253. -7008

TO LET. Two-roomed modern flat in the Wayfoong House. Apply Engineers' Office, Room 110, 12 The Bund. 15013

Miscellaneous

FRIGIDAIRE for hire. Available immediately. Six months or longer. Please address Box 3240, N.C.D.N. -7067

ROLLEIFLEX camera 6 x 6. Tessar lens 3.5. Will exchange for Leica camera. Telephone 40891, 6-8 p.m. -7071

MANGO pulp lately imported. Packed in 11-21 and 35 oz. tins. Highly recommended for flavouring ice-creams and dishes. Telephone 10923. 14931

G.E. refrigerators repaired with guarantee, also bought by Russian Electric Co. 334A Avenue du Roi Albert. Telephone 74816. -5700

MESSMATE with quiet habits wanted by Swiss bachelor, western district, inside Settlement. Address Box 3220, N.C.D.N. -7015

ELECTRIC refrigerator service $1 per month covers monthly inspection, cleaning, oiling and minor adjustment for all makes of electric refrigerators. Special quotations to apartment house. The Refrigerator Service Co., 253 Avenue Haig, Telephone 74078. -6898

Chinese Servants

COOK-boy and coolie seeks position, clean, honest, speaking good English, well-recommended. Address Box 3235, N.C.D.N. -7022

CAN highly recommend cook-boy. Address Box 3231, N.C.D.N. -7046

GOOD cook-boy, hardworking and clean. Mrs. Thomas. Telephone 20567. -7042

72782 TELEPHONE, Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, etc. Foreign management. General Employment Agency, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -6779

WANTED cook-boy and wife as washamah. Must be reliable, clean and hardworking. Address Box 3208, N.C.D.N. 14980

GOOD cook-boy, quiet, courteous, good cook, clean and honest servant, seeks position. Recommended. Box 3216, N.C.D.N. -7004

CHINESE servant seeks position as house-boy or cook, good recommendation, hardworking. Address Box 3203, N.C.D.N. -6978

COOK-boy, now free, speaks German and English. Clean, conscientious. Address Box 3170, N.C.D.N. -6909

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency (British). 2,000 satisfied international customers. Picked cook-boys, baby-amahs, cook-amahs, house-amahs, wash-amahs, chauffeurs, watchmen, stenographers. -5946

Dancing

STUDY dancing under well-known artists. Ballroom, ballet, tap, etc. Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -6668

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, pedicure, from 11-8, 304 Kiangse Road, First Floor. -7076

1205 Bubbling Well Road, Apartment 15. Massage. -6708

LADY gives manicure, from 10 a.m. Telephone 32814. -8863

MISS Dardari, just arrived from Australia, chiropractic diploma, qualified reducing body massage. Excellent results. Natural way to health. Treatment 415 Burlington Hotel, Telephone 34200. -6672

Rooms Without Board

ONE/two furnished rooms, $30 and $20 per month. Lane 37, House 107, Brenan Road, near Jessfield Park. -7074

WELL-furnished room for single person to let. All conveniences, gas, telephone. 135/2 Avenue Haig. -7040

WELL-furnished room. Board optional. 1173/1 Bubbling Well Road, Garden Apartment 15. -7059

FURNISHED room in nice apartment available, without board, in private family. Tifeng Road, near Fire Station. Telephone 30903. -7024

IN private family nicely furnished south room, attached bathroom, in modern apartment Seymor Road. Board optional. Please Telephone 38782. -7030

LARGE, south, airy room with all modern conveniences, to let, for single person, in apartment. 27 Route Paul Henry, Apartment 1. -6977

COSY rooms, monthly/weekly basis. Also daily terms for transient guests. $3 per day. Telephone 74982. -6908

IN PRIVATE family, large, nicely furnished room. Avenue Apartments, Nanyang Road. No other boarders. Breakfast optional. Telephone 32050. -6985

Summer Resorts

TSINGTAO. To let for 3-4 months 3 rooms, verandah, kitchen, garden, 5 minutes from beach, including everything for own housekeeping. Apply to Mrs. Eckert, 33 Fushan Road, Tsingtao or Mr. Eckert, 9 Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai. -7021

TSINGTAO, Pension Haupt. Sunny airy rooms in modern, private pension. Ideal location, between beach and town. 12 Hunan Road. 15023

ILTIS Hydro and Hotel, Tsingtao. The nearest Hotel to the Golf Course. New wings added. All rooms have lavatory basins with running hot and cold water. Excellent cuisine. Personally owned and managed by English proprietors. 14424

TSINGTAO, Iltis Huk, former Bel-Air. For rent or sale, modern 13-roomed furnished house, cold/hot running water, with a three-roomed bungalow. Apply Baranovsky, 850 Avenue Joffre. -6843

TSINGTAO, German Beach, Iltis-Huk, Laoshan: We have a number of houses for rent and sale, and we invite those who wish to rent furnished or unfurnished or to sell or to buy, to apply to us. Tsingtao Carpet Factory, A. Boerter. Manager. 33 Kuangsi Road, Post Office Box 211. 14194

TO LET in Villa Peitaiho, Westend, with large garden, one or two furnished rooms with board, all conveniences. Box 2882, N.C.D.N. 14691

TSINGTAO, Iltis-Huk, Bel Air French Pension. For reservation write Mrs. Desroches, Tsingtao or Telephone 72398 during meals. -6689

TSINGTAO. Iltis Huk. Modern Italian Pension with sea view. Large rooms. Garden. Homegrown vegetables. Refrigerator. Excellent cuisine. Villa Lucia, 4 Tse-tschuan Road, Tsingtao. 14575

Unfurnished Houses

47 Columbia Road, 6 rooms, two bathrooms, kitchen, servants quarters, garage and garden, with central heating and modern conveniences. Apply Spence, Robinson & Partners, 27 Peking Road. Telephone 11355. 14928

Furnished Houses

KIAOCHOW Road House, 4½ rooms, to let immediately. Rent $70. Contents to be taken over. Telephone 34760. -7052

56/8 Nanyang Road. Fully-furnished, two-roomed house with bath and kitchen. Small garden. Suits family. Rent $125. -7033

Houses and Land

VACANT LAND. To rent Route Ghisi (French Concession) 6 mow vacant land. Apply to Mr. Clement, Clement's Apartments, 1363 Rue Lafayette. -6998

Offices, Shops, Godowns

OFFICE Space in Telegraph Building. For immediate occupation 750 sq. ft. 6th floor. Apply The Great Northern Telegraph Co., 34 Avenue Edward VII, Engineering Department, Telephone 11117, Extension 92. 15000

FOR RENT, modern, third floor office, down-town. 2,560 square feet. Lease until February 28, 1939 to be taken over. Apply 668 Szechuen Road, Second Floor, from 9—12 and 2—5. -6871

DESIRABLE offices to let, National City Bank Building, Kiukiang Road. Apply Eric Davies, Room 214, 18 The Bund. 15015

309 Honan Road at the junction of the Hankow Road, 3-storied building, formerly occupied by the offices of The Shanghai Fire Brigade, suitable for offices or large store. For further particulars apply to Lester, Johnson & Morriss, 20 Kiukiang Road (2nd floor). 14860

TO LET large and small modern office space in 190 Peking Road. Apply D. E. J. Abraham, 83 Peking Road. Telephone 16722. 15017

OFFICE space to let, ground floor, Arnhold Building, approximately 5,000 square feet. For information please apply to Cathay Land Co., Telephone 11430. 15016

TO LET, large and small modern office space in the Chartered Bank Building. 18 The Bund. Space arranged to suit tenants' requirements. Apply Eric Davies, Room 214, Chartered Bank Building. Telephone 15874. 15012

Wanted to Rent

WANTED two-roomed furnished flat, with kitchen and bathroom. From July. Please address Box 3202, N.C.D.N. -6976

Animals

TRAINING School for Dogs. Dogs taken for board, $15 monthly. 1866 Avenue Haig. -7027

WANTED, toy-terrier or Boston puppies. Telephone 71588. -7070

FOR SALE, Chow pups, just arrived. Shanghai Pet Store, 1553 Bubbling Well Road. -7053

FOR SALE. Large Belgium Squabs (Table Pigeons) for breeding. Apply after 5.30 p.m. 30 Pere Robert. -7020

Vessels Arriving

Due at Future Dates

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From OSLO
Taronga 21/5 8/7

From GDYNIA
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From GLASGOW
Teiresias 14/5 2/7

From LIVERPOOL
Ajax 30/4 13/6
Achilles 7/5 17/6

From HAMBURG
Afrika 13/5 29/6
Potsdam 4/6 9/7

From ROTTERDAM
Duisburg 20/5 7/7
Donau 27/5 8/7

From ANTWERP
Aller 26/4 8/6
Tai Yang 26/4 12/6

From GENOA
Victoria 19/5 12/6

From PORT SAID
Chile 2/5 9/6
Meerkerk 11/5 11/6
Tai Yang 14/5 12/6

From PORT SAID
Hector 26/5 21/6

From SUEZ
Nordmark 19/5 22/6
Helenus 24/5 23/6

From ILOILO
Arabia 24/5 2/6

From BOMBAY
Somali 23/5 12/6

From COLOMBO
Scharnhorst 30/5 7/6
Cortellazzo 21/5 9/6

From DJIBOUTI
Victoria 26/5 12/6

From SOURABAYA
Tjisadane 28/5 13/6
Tjisaroea 28/5 15/6

From SINGAPORE
Agapenor 26/5 4/6
Alster 30/5 7/6
Kulmerland 28/5 9/6
Mar. Joffre 1/6 10/6

From MANILA
Assuan 25/5 6/6

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From NEW YORK
C. Kimberley 16/4 14/6
Foylebank 7/5 27/6
Phemius 24/5 12/7
C. Singapore 17/5 15/7
C. Evansville 17/6 13/8

From SEATTLE
Talthybius 27/5 20/6

From LOS ANGELES
Triton 16/5 11/6
Myrmidon 19/5 17/6

From KOBE
Patroclus 24/5 1/6

AFRICA AND AUSTRALIA

From L. MARQUES
Erica — 29/6

From TAMATAVE
Boissevain 29/5 24/6

From BRISBANE
Nankin 16/5 8/6

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN
Dairen M. 29/5 1/6
Tsingtao M. 31/5 4/6
Hoten M. 4/6 7/6

From TIENTSIN
Kwaisang — 4/6

From CHEFOO
Shengking 30/5 2/6

From TSINGTAO
Memnon 25/5 11/6

From HONGKONG
Sandviken — 2/6
Lossiebank 24/5 3/6
Liangchow 30/5 3/6
Soochow 30/5 3/6
Tsinan 31/5 4/6
Kronviken — 5/6
Shantung 1/6 5/6
Ranchi — 12/6

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

FOOSHING June 2 TSINGTAO, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Thursday, June 2, at 3.30 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 2-6

HUNAN June 2. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN. — From French Bund on Thursday, June 2, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 2-6

JENNY MOLLER June 2. CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the steamer Jenny Moller, Captain R. Cordy on Thursday, June 2, 1938. For freight or passage, apply to the Agent. 30 Foochow Road. Tel. 11070. 2-6

SANDVIKEN June 4. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Saturday, June 4. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 4-6

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Vessels Leaving

SOUTH CHINA COAST

CHAKSANG June 1. HONGKONG and CANTON.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Wednesday, June 1, at 10 a.m. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 1-6

LEESANG June 1. SWATOW, HONGKONG and HAIPHONG.—Sails from Peking Road Jetty on Wednesday, June 1, at 4 p.m. For freight and passage appy Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 1-6

TAIYUAN June 1. SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—From French Bund on Wednesday, June 1, at 1 p.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 1-6

KWAISANG June 5. SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.—Sails from Roosevelt Terminal Wharf on Sunday, June 5. For freight and passage apply Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. Tel. 15290. 5-6

SOOCHOW June 5. SWATOW, HONGKONG, HOIHOW, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG. —From French Bund on Sunday, June 5, at 6 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 4-6

SHANTUNG June 7. SWATOW and HONGKONG.—From French Bund on Tuesday, June 7, at 6 a.m. For freight and passage apply Butterfield & Swire, Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 6-6

STRAITS AND EUROPE

CONTE ROSSO June 1. BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, MASSOWA and PORT SAID. —Tender will leave the Customs Jetty on June 1, at 2 p.m. sharp Heavy baggage to be sent to Marden & Co., 125 Hankow Road by 5 p.m. on May 31, the latest. For freight and passage apply to Lloyd Triestino, 26, The Bund. Tel. 16885. 1-6

PATROCLUS June 2. MARSEILLES, LONDON, ROTTERDAM and GLASGOW.—For freight and passage apply to Agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 2-6

ARAMIS June 7. MARSEILLES via HONGKONG SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI, SUEZ and PORT SAID.—Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII. Tel. 82034. 7-6

CARTHAGE June 7. MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, GIBRALTAR and LONDON via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, PORT SAID and MALTA.—Last tender will leave the Customs Jetty at 10.30 a.m. on Tuesday, June 7. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, P. & O. S. N. Co., No. 27 The Bund. Tel. No. 11428. 7-6

CITY OF LYONS June 8. HAVRE, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG ann GLASGOW.—The Ellerman Line steamer City of Lyons sails on June 8, 1938. Lacey & Cannan, Ltd. Tel. 12854 (3 lines). 8-6

MEMNON June 12. MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA, LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG and GLASGOW.—For freight & passage apply to Agents, Butterfield & Swire, 21 French Bund. Tel. 82020. 12-6

YALOU June 14. ORAN, CASABLANCA, HAVRE, ANTWERP, DUNKIRK via ADEN and PORT SAID.—For particulars apply to Messageries Maritimes, 9 Avenue Edward VII . Tel. 82034. 14-6

AMERICA

MARCHEN MAERSK June 2. LOS ANGELES and via PANAMA to NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, SAVANNAH and NORFOLK.—For Freight and Passage apply to Melchers & Co., Agents, Maersk Line, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 2-6

(Continued in next column)

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Carmen Moller	—	Moller
Santuao	—	—
Santa Lucia	—	L Y S S
Fengyang M.	—	N K K
Alexandra	—	L Y S S
Don Jose	Wenchow	C F S S
Marie Moller	Tungchow	Moller
Tonjer	Chinwangtao	K M A
Tseangtah	Tungchow	M T S S

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Emp. of Asia	Br.	Can. Pacific
Yasukuni M.	Jap.	N Y K
Victoria	Ger.	L Y S S
Minnie Moller	Br.	Moller
St. Aubin	Br.	Hoi Fong
Romolo	Ital.	C F S S
Hsin Kiangnan	Ger.	Chan Fong
Heini	Ger.	G F E
Chialing M.	Jap.	N K K
C'stine Moller	Br.	Moller
Don Joao	Port.	C F S S
Hansi	Ger.	F E S S
Kingyuan	Br.	B & S
Liwo	Br.	Jardine
M'garet Moller	Br.	Moller
Suiwo	Br.	Jardine
Asiatica	Br.	A P C
Haikwang	Br.	A P C
Hsinyang M.	Jap.	N K K
Falmouth Gbt	Br.	—
Alexandra	Ger.	L Y S S
F. Consolini	Ital.	C I N C
Carmen Moller	Br.	Moller
Hanwo	Br.	Jardine
Shuntien	Br.	B & S

Vessels in Harbour

Name	Flag	Berthed
Fuhwo	Br.	YD
Wantung	Br.	FBW
Chekiang	Br.	FBW
Shinai	Br.	—
Kaiping	Br.	—
Marion Moller	Br.	—
Chaksang	Br.	RTW
Hunan	Br.	FBW
Marchen Maersk	Dan.	PW
Taiyuan	Br.	FBW
Prominent	Dan.	RTW
Hoten M.	Jap.	DKKW
Hsin Peking	Br.	FBW
Leesang	Br.	RTW
Fooshing	Br.	RTW
Tungwo	Br.	GJ

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Bee	Br.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Lowestoft	Br.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Scarab	Br.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Oahu	Am.	Gbt.	—
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
L. Picquet	Fr.	Cr.	F.N.B.
Sav. de Brazza	Fr.	Slp.	F.N.B.
Lepanto	Ital.	Gbt.	O.F.B.
Montecuco	Ital.	Cr.	O.F.B.
Aso M.	Jap.	Hosp.	D.K.K.W.W.
Asahi	Jap.	Gbt.	7/8 B.
Idzumo	Jap.	Cr.	N.Y.K.M.W.
Hatsukari	Jap.	Dest.	1/2 B.
Mansan M.	Jap.	Tr.	C.M.C.W.
Mikage M.	Jap.	Tr.	N.Y.K.M.W.
Shinyui M.	Jap.	Tr.	O.S.K.Y.W.
Taito M.	Jap.	Tr.	N.Y.K.P.W.
Tomito M.	Jap.	Tr.	O.S.K.Y.W.
Destroyer 21	Jap.	Dest.	1/2 B.

"Deficiency of information in Japanese English-language newspapers is completed very successfully by an English newspaper in Kobe **The Japan Chronicle . .** on its pages can often be found criticisms of the political and economic actions of the Japanese Government and various other information which gives the opportunity to observe and to analyse the Japanese economic situation. In addition to the usual material obtainable from all the Japanese English-language newspapers. **The Japan Chronicle** gives a very detailed and comprehensive review of the foreign trade of Japan. It regularly prints statistics pertaining to Japanese exports and the state of the home market."—*Extracts from U.S.S.R. Chamber of Commerce Journal.*

"The Japan Chronicle"
DAILY AND WEEKLY
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Post Office Notices

Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is requested in order to make connection with the below-mentioned closing times.
(Last connecting time from Sub-Offices to Head Office is 19.05 daily).

Date and Destination	*Per*	*Reg.*	*Ord.*
WEDNESDAY, June 1.			
Hongkong and Canton ..	Chaksang	*19.00	7.30
Tsingtao and Dairen	Hoten Maru	8.00	8.30
Foochow	Prominent	10.00	10.30
Swatow Hongkong Canton	Taiyuan	10.00	10.30
Aust. N.Z. and Indo-China	Bremerhaven	11.00	12.00
Hongkong and Canton ..	Bremerhaven	11.30	12.00
Swatow and Hongkong ..	Leesang	13.00	13.30
Japan via Kobe	M. Maersk Y	12.30	13.00
THURSDAY, June 2.			
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	Shanghai M.	*19.00	7.15
Tsingtao Wei. C'foo T'sin	Hunan	*19.00	7.30
Haimen Che.	Santarem	10.30	11.00
Wenchow	H. Peking x	11.00	11.30
Nanking (Z)	Yuenkiang M. AX	—	—
Tsingtao Chefoo and T'tsin	Fooshing	12.30	13.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	Jenny Moller	13.30	15.00
Chinwangtao	Jenny Moller	14.30	15.00